COMPLIANCE AUDIT

The Aston Township Volunteer Fireman's Relief Association

Delaware County, Pennsylvania For the Period January 1, 2019, to December 31, 2021

August 2023



Commonwealth of Pennsylvania Department of the Auditor General

Timothy L. DeFoor • Auditor General



Commonwealth of Pennsylvania
Department of the Auditor General
Harrisburg, PA 17120-0018
Facebook: Pennsylvania Auditor General
Twitter: @PAAuditorGen
www.PaAuditor.gov

TIMOTHY L. DEFOOR AUDITOR GENERAL

Mr. Michael Lucy, Sr., President The Aston Township Volunteer Fireman's Relief Association Delaware County

We have conducted a compliance audit of The Aston Township Volunteer Fireman's Relief Association (relief association) for the period January 1, 2019, to December 31, 2021. The audit was conducted pursuant to authority derived from Article VIII, Section 10 of the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania; Section 403 of The Fiscal Code, 72 P.S. § 403; and the Volunteer Firefighters' Relief Association Act ("VFRA Act"), see 35 Pa.C.S. § 7418.

The objectives of the audit were:

- 1. To determine if the relief association took appropriate corrective action to address the findings contained in our prior audit report.
- 2. To determine if the relief association complied with applicable state laws, contracts, bylaws, and administrative procedures as they relate to the receipt of state aid and the expenditure of relief association funds.

Our audit was limited to the areas related to the objectives identified above and was not, nor was it required to be, conducted in accordance with Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Relief association officers are responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal controls to provide reasonable assurance that the relief association's administration of state aid and accumulated relief funds complies with applicable state laws, contracts, bylaws, and administrative procedures, including the safeguarding of assets. Relief association officers are responsible for complying with applicable state laws, contracts, bylaws, and administrative procedures. It is our responsibility to perform procedures to obtain sufficient, appropriate evidence to the extent necessary to satisfy the audit objectives. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our conclusions.

Based on our audit procedures, we conclude that, for the period January 1, 2019, to December 31, 2021:

- The relief association took appropriate corrective action to address two of the three findings
 contained in our prior audit report. However, the relief association failed to take
 appropriate corrective action to address the one remaining finding contained in our prior
 audit report, as listed below, and discussed in the Status of Prior Findings section of this
 report.
- Because of the significance of the matters described in Finding Nos. 2 and 3 below and discussed later in this report, the relief association did not, in all significant respects, comply with applicable state laws, contracts, bylaws, and administrative procedures as they relate to the receipt of state aid and the expenditure of relief association funds, collectively as a whole. Therefore, the relief association may be subject to the potential withholding of its upcoming state aid distribution, as discussed in the Potential Withhold of State Aid section of this report.

Finding No. 1 — Noncompliance With Prior Audit Recommendation — Undocumented Expenditures

Finding No. 2 – Unauthorized Expenditure

Finding No. 3 – Improper Reimbursement Of Cell Phone Expenses Not Authorized By The VFRA Act

Finding No. 4 – Failure To Maintain A Complete And Accurate Equipment Roster

Finding No. 5 – Inadequate Minutes Of Meetings

Timothy L. Detool

The five findings contained in this report cite conditions that existed in the operation of the relief association during the current audit period. We are concerned by the number of findings noted and strongly encourage timely implementation of the recommendations noted in this audit report.

The contents of this report were discussed with the management of the relief association and, where appropriate, their responses have been included in the report. We would like to thank the relief association officials for the cooperation extended to us during the conduct of the audit.

Timothy L. DeFoor Auditor General

July 25, 2023

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BACKGROUND

Pursuant to Article VIII, Section 10 of the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, Section 403 of The Fiscal Code¹, and the Volunteer Firefighters' Relief Association Act² ("VFRA Act"), the Department of the Auditor General's duty is to audit the accounts and records of every volunteer firefighters' relief association to determine that funds received under the Foreign Fire Insurance Tax Distribution Law³ (commonly referred to as Act 205) are properly expended.

The relief association is a charitable organization that was formed primarily to afford financial protection to volunteer firefighters and to encourage individuals to participate in volunteer fire service.

The VFRA Act governs the overall operation of volunteer firefighters' relief associations. Relief association bylaws define the specific operational procedures by which relief associations conduct business. To fulfill its primary purpose, the VFRA Act authorizes specific types of expenditures and prescribes appropriate volunteer firefighters' relief association investment options. Within the parameters established by the VFRA Act, it is the responsibility of relief associations to choose investments in a proper and prudent manner.

Volunteer firefighters' relief associations receive public tax monies, and the association officers therefore have a responsibility to the public to conduct the association's financial affairs in a businesslike manner and to maintain sufficient financial records to support the propriety of all association transactions. Volunteer firefighters' relief association officers are also responsible for ensuring that the association operates in accordance with applicable state laws, contracts, bylaws, and administrative procedures.

Act 205 sets forth the computation of the Foreign Fire Insurance Tax Distribution paid to each applicable municipality throughout the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania. The amount of the distribution is based upon the population of each municipality and the market value of real estate within the municipality. Upon receipt of this distribution, the municipality must allocate the funds to the volunteer firefighters' relief association of the fire service organization or fire service organizations that is or are recognized as providing the service to the municipality.

³ 53 P.S. § 895.701 et seq. (Act 205 of 1984, as amended by Act 119 of 1990).

¹ 72 P.S. § 403 (as last amended by Act 44 of 2017).

² 35 Pa.C.S. § 7411 et seq. See specifically, 35 Pa.C.S. § 7418 (amended by Act 91 of 2020).

BACKGROUND – (Continued)

The relief association was allocated state aid from the following municipality:

Municipality	County	2019	2020	2021
Aston Township	Delaware	\$101,214	\$101,519	\$90,040

Based on the relief association's records, its total cash and investments as of December 31, 2021, were \$321,959, as illustrated below:

Cash	\$ 143,348
Fair Value of Investments	 178,611
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 321,959

BACKGROUND – (Continued)

Based on the relief association's records, its total expenditures for the period January 1, 2019, to December 31, 2021, were \$266,251, as noted below. The accuracy of these expenditures was evaluated as part of the Department's audit to conclude on the relief association's compliance with applicable state laws, contracts, bylaws, and administrative procedures as they relate to the receipt of state aid and the expenditure of relief association funds. The scope of the Department's audit does not include the issuance of an opinion on the accuracy of these amounts.

Expenditures:

Benefit Services:		
Insurance premiums	\$	53,924
Death benefits		1,500
Relief benefits		410
Tokens of sympathy and goodwill		1,908
Total Benefit Services	\$	57,742
Fire Services:		
Equipment purchased	\$	77,275
Equipment maintenance		41,578
Training expenses		27,373
Total Fire Services	\$	146,226
Administrative Services:		
Bond premiums	\$	1,793
Other administrative expenses *		16,941
Total Administrative Services	\$	18,734
Other Expenditures:		
Improper reimbursements (See Finding No. 3)	\$	27,295
Unauthorized expenditure (See Finding No. 2)	,	16,254
Total Other Expenditures	\$	43,549
1		
Total Expenditures	\$	266,251

^{*} A majority of the other administrative expenses represent Data Plans in the amount of \$9,624 and an emergency reporting program in the amount of \$4,325.

⁴ Accuracy was evaluated for a selection of transactions based on dollar amount, category, and/or random selection.

BACKGROUND – (Continued)

The volunteer firefighters' relief association and the affiliated fire service organization are separate, legal entities. The relief association is affiliated with the following fire service organization:

Aston Township Fire Department

THE ASTON TOWNSHIP VOLUNTEER FIREMAN'S RELIEF ASSOCIATION STATUS OF PRIOR FINDINGS

COMPLIANCE WITH PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

The relief association has complied with two of the three prior audit findings and recommendations, as follows:

• Inappropriate Ownership Of Vehicles

By ensuring the titles of vehicles were transferred to the relief association.

• Failure To Secure Ownership In Jointly Purchased Vehicle

By executing a written formal agreement with the affiliated fire company that adequately secures its proportional ownership interest in the jointly purchased vehicle.

NONCOMPLIANCE WITH PRIOR AUDIT FINDING AND RECOMMENDATION

The relief association has not complied with one of the three prior audit findings. This finding is noted below and discussed in detail in the Findings and Recommendations section of this report:

• <u>Undocumented Expenditures</u>

<u>Finding No. 1 – Noncompliance With Prior Audit Recommendation – Undocumented Expenditures</u>

<u>Condition</u>: During the prior audit period, the relief association was unable to provide adequate supporting documentation or receive reimbursement for \$2,142 of undocumented expenditures, and the relief association officials did not take corrective action to address the undocumented expenditures prior to the current audit period ending December 31, 2021.

Criteria: Section 7418(a) of the VFRA Act states:

The Office of Auditor General shall have the power and its duty shall be to audit the accounts and records of every volunteer firefighters' relief association receiving money under Chapter 7 of the Act of December 18, 1984 (P.L. 1005, No. 205), known as the Municipal Pension Plan Funding Standard and Recovery Act, as far as may be necessary to satisfy the Auditor General that the money received was or is being expended for no purpose other than that authorized by this subchapter. Copies of all audits shall be furnished to the Governor.

Prudent business practice dictates that supporting documentation be maintained to evidence the propriety of all financial transactions.

Cause: The relief association officials did not provide a reason why this occurred.

<u>Effect</u>: Lack of supporting documentation, such as invoices, itemized receipts, and detailed minutes of meetings, made it impossible to determine if the expenditures were made in accordance with Section 7416(f) of the VFRA Act. In addition, the failure to maintain adequate supporting documentation for relief association expenditures can lead to an increased risk of errors occurring and funds being misappropriated.

Recommendation: We again recommend that the relief association officials provide this department with adequate supporting documentation, such as invoices and/or itemized receipts, to ensure the propriety of the expenditures or that the relief association be reimbursed \$2,142 for the undocumented expenditures. We also recommend that the relief association officials maintain supporting documentation for all future expenditures. For further guidance, please refer to the Auditor General's publication, MANAGEMENT GUIDELINES FOR VOLUNTEER FIREFIGHTERS' RELIEF ASSOCIATIONS.

Finding No. 1 – (Continued)

Management's Response: Relief association management agreed with the finding as presented at the audit exit conference and, as a result of our audit, the affiliated fire company reimbursed the relief association \$2,142 for the undocumented expenditures on May 8, 2022.

<u>Auditor's Conclusion</u>: We reviewed documentation verifying that the reimbursement of \$2,142 was received. Compliance for maintaining appropriate documentation for expenditures made during the next audit period will be subject to verification through our next audit.

Finding No. 2 – Unauthorized Expenditure

<u>Condition</u>: In December 2020, the relief association expended \$18,254 for exercise and fitness equipment, which is \$16,254 more than the authorized limit of \$2,000 permitted to be spent by the relief association per the VFRA Act at the time the expenditure was made.

<u>Criteria</u>: Section 7416(f) of the VFRA Act states:

The funds of any volunteer firefighters' relief association may be spent:

*(14) To purchase exercise and fitness equipment for use by volunteer firefighters, except that for expenditures for exercise and fitness equipment shall not exceed \$2,000 in any two-year period.

*As of May 2021, Section 7416 (f) of the VFRA Act stipulates that relief associations may use funds to purchase exercise and fitness equipment for use by volunteer firefighters. The Act was modified to remove the language that specified expenditures for exercise and fitness equipment shall not exceed \$2,000 in any two-year period.

Therefore, expenditures in excess of \$2,000 in any two-year period for exercise and fitness equipment made prior to May 2021, do not qualify as an authorized volunteer firefighters' relief association expenditure; consequently, \$16,254 is not authorized under the VFRA Act.

<u>Cause</u>: The relief association officials indicated that they were unaware of the funding limit for exercise and fitness equipment.

Finding No. 2 – (Continued)

<u>Effect</u>: As a result of this improper expenditure, relief association funds were not available for investment purposes or to pay for expenditures authorized by the VFRA Act. In addition, because of stipulations within the VFRA Act, failure to obtain reimbursement of the improperly expended funds will result in a withholding of future state aid fund disbursements until the improperly expended fire relief association monies identified in the finding have been reimbursed to the relief association.

<u>Recommendation</u>: We recommend that the relief association be reimbursed \$16,254 for the unauthorized expenditure and that relief association officials become familiar with Section 7416(f) of the VFRA Act to aid them in determining the propriety of future expenditures. All supporting documentation verifying the receipt of reimbursement for the unauthorized expenditure should be submitted by the relief association to: Department of the Auditor General, Bureau of Fire Relief Audits, Room 316-E Finance Building, Harrisburg, PA 17120. For further guidance, please refer to the Auditor General's publication, MANAGEMENT GUIDELINES FOR VOLUNTEER FIREFIGHTERS' RELIEF ASSOCIATIONS.

<u>Management's Response</u>: Relief association management did not agree with the finding as presented at the audit exit conference; however, as of the time of the release of the audit report, relief officials had not provided a specific reason for their disagreement.

<u>Auditor's Conclusion</u>: Due to the potential withhold of state aid, the relief association's compliance with the finding recommendation will be monitored subsequent to the release of the audit report and through our next audit of the relief association.

Finding No. 3 – Improper Reimbursement Of Cell Phone Expenses Not Authorized By The VFRA Act

<u>Condition</u>: The relief association improperly expended \$27,295 for cell phone reimbursements to various relief association members during the current audit period who did not qualify for such expense reimbursement under the VFRA Act. Specifically, while these payments were made to fire service members who may have performed various general fire service duties, per documentation reviewed during our audit, the cell phone reimbursement payments were not associated with cell phones assigned to relief association owned vehicles and did not qualify for reimbursement payments under the VFRA Act.

Finding No. 3 – (Continued)

Criteria: Section 7416(f) of the VFRA Act states:

The funds of any volunteer firefighters' relief association may be spent:

- (1) To pay for such normal and reasonable running expenses as may be appropriate to the businesslike conduct of the affairs of the association, including legal fees, rental or purchase of offices, payment of reasonable compensation of employees and purchase of office equipment and supplies.
- (23) To purchase equipment used for emergency response.

In addition, Section 7418(b) of the VFRA Act states:

(b) Findings -- If the Auditor General finds that money received by a volunteer firefighters' relief association has been expended for a purpose other than one authorized by this subchapter, the commissioner, upon receiving notice of the finding from the auditor general, shall decline to approve payment to the volunteer firefighters' relief association until the improperly expended amount has been reimbursed to the relief association fund.

The Office of the State Fire Commissioner's online VFRA Database allows for cellular phones used in emergency vehicles with restricted use to a basic package and 1 per vehicle.

<u>Cause</u>: The relief association officials indicated that they were unaware that cell phone expenditures could not be reimbursed to the individual members who received reimbursements.

<u>Effect</u>: As a result of the improperly issued reimbursed expenditures, relief association funds were not available for investment purposes or to pay for expenses authorized by the VFRA Act. In addition, because of stipulations within the VFRA Act, failure to obtain reimbursement of the improperly expended funds will result in a withholding of future state aid fund disbursements until the improperly expended monies identified in the finding have been reimbursed to the relief association.

Finding No. 3 – (Continued)

Recommendation: We recommend that the relief association be reimbursed \$27,295 for the improper reimbursements and that relief association officials become familiar with Section 7416(f) of the VFRA Act and the Office of the State Fire Commissioner's VFRA Database to aid them in determining the propriety of future expenditures. All supporting documentation verifying the receipt of reimbursement for the improperly expended funds should be submitted by the relief association to: Department of the Auditor General, Bureau of Fire Relief Audits, Room 316-E Finance Building, Harrisburg, PA 17120. For further guidance, please refer to the Auditor General's publication, MANAGEMENT GUIDELINES FOR VOLUNTEER FIREFIGHTERS' RELIEF ASSOCIATIONS.

<u>Management's Response</u>: Relief association management did not agree with the finding as presented at the audit exit conference; however, as of the time of the release of our audit report, the relief association had not provided a specific reason for their disagreement.

<u>Auditor's Conclusion</u>: The relief association did not comply with Section 7416 of the VFRA Act. For that reason, the finding remains as written. Due to the potential withhold of state aid, the relief association's compliance with the finding recommendation will be monitored subsequent to the release of the audit report and through our next audit of the relief association.

Finding No. 4 – Failure To Maintain A Complete And Accurate Equipment Roster

Condition: The relief association failed to maintain a complete and accurate roster of equipment owned by the relief association. Although a listing of relief association owned equipment was provided during the current audit period, it was incomplete because it did not contain the names of suppliers (vendors), dates of purchase, cost of equipment, and serial numbers to accurately identify equipment owned by the relief association. In addition, the roster provided was a listing by vehicle and did not include equipment that was housed at the Fire Company, such as self-contained breathing apparatus racks and a wall mounted dryer. Furthermore, although relief association officials indicated that a physical inventory of equipment was conducted on an annual basis, there was insufficient evidence to demonstrate the extent of the annual physical inventories.

Finding No. 4 – (Continued)

<u>Criteria</u>: Prudent business practice dictates that the relief association should establish adequate internal control procedures to ensure the maintenance of a cumulative equipment roster of all items purchased by the relief association in order to provide an effective accounting control over the relief association's equipment. A cumulative equipment roster of all relief association equipment should include the following:

- Types of equipment purchased
- Dates of purchase
- Unit costs
- Names of suppliers
- Serial numbers, if applicable
- Current locations of items
- Final dispositions of sold or damaged equipment
- Evidence of the performance and results of an annual physical inventory

<u>Cause</u>: The relief association officials indicated they did not realize that the information was missing from the roster.

<u>Effect</u>: The failure to properly record equipment purchases in a detailed equipment roster prevents officials from effectively monitoring the relief association's equipment purchases. In addition, the failure to maintain a detailed equipment roster and to sufficiently document the performance an annual physical inventory of equipment prevents adequate accountability for, and safeguarding of, relief association equipment.

<u>Recommendation</u>: We recommend that the relief association officials maintain a cumulative equipment roster of all equipment owned by the relief association. Furthermore, the relief association should ensure it performs an annual physical inventory of all operable equipment and that the completion of the inventory be sufficiently documented. For further guidance, please refer to the Auditor General's publication, MANAGEMENT GUIDELINES FOR VOLUNTEER FIREFIGHTERS' RELIEF ASSOCIATIONS.

<u>Management's Response</u>: Relief association management agreed with the finding as presented at the audit exit conference and indicated they will take action to comply with the recommendation.

Auditor's Conclusion: Compliance will be subject to verification through our next audit.

Finding No. 5 – Inadequate Minutes Of Meetings

<u>Condition</u>: The relief association did not maintain minutes of meetings as required by the VFRA Act and the relief association's bylaws. Specifically, the relief association's minutes did not address all financial-related transactions that occurred during the audit period. In addition, meetings were only held two months during calendar year 2019, and one-month during calendar year 2021.

Criteria: Section 7415(a) of the VFRA Act states, in part, that the relief association:

... must provide for taking and preserving minutes of all meetings and maintenance of such books of account as may be necessary and appropriate to afford a permanent record of its fiscal affairs.

The relief association's bylaws at Article VII, Section 1 states, in part:

The regular meetings of the association shall be held either preceding or following the General Membership Meetings of the Aston Township Fire Department. Meetings will be held during the months of January, March, May, July, September, November and December. Meetings may also be held in other months if deemed necessary by the Officers of the Association.

<u>Cause</u>: Relief association officials indicated that the Secretary was unavailable for meetings due to work commitments.

<u>Effect</u>: Without holding regular meetings and maintaining detailed minutes of meetings, evidence does not exist that relief association business was presented before the membership for approval.

<u>Recommendation</u>: We recommend that the relief association officials hold all required meetings and maintain a permanent record of all relief association meetings as required by the VFRA Act and the relief association's bylaws. The minutes should include an adequate record of all financial-related business conducted by the relief association. For further guidance, please refer to the Auditor General's publication, MANAGEMENT GUIDELINES FOR VOLUNTEER FIREFIGHTERS' RELIEF ASSOCIATIONS.

<u>Management's Response</u>: Relief association management agreed with the finding as presented at the audit exit conference and indicated they will take action to comply with the recommendation.

Auditor's Conclusion: Compliance will be subject to verification through our next audit.

THE ASTON TOWNSHIP VOLUNTEER FIREMAN'S RELIEF ASSOCIATION POTENTIAL WITHHOLD OF STATE AID

Conditions such as those reported by Finding Nos. 2 and 3 contained in this audit report may lead to a total withholding of state aid in the future unless that finding is corrected. However, such action may not be considered if sufficient documentation is provided within 60 days to verify compliance with this department's recommendations. Such documentation should be submitted by the relief association to: Department of the Auditor General, Bureau of Fire Relief Audits, Room 316E Finance Building, Harrisburg, PA 17120.

THE ASTON TOWNSHIP VOLUNTEER FIREMAN'S RELIEF ASSOCIATION REPORT DISTRIBUTION LIST

This report was initially distributed to the following:

The Honorable Joshua D. Shapiro

Governor Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

The Aston Township Volunteer Fireman's Relief Association Governing Body:

Mr. Michael Lucy, Sr.
President

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Mr. Sean Joyce Vice President

Mr. Frank Pizzi Secretary

Mr. John MoletteriTreasurer

A report was also distributed to the following municipality, which allocated foreign fire insurance tax monies to this relief association:

Ms. Kelly A. Pippin Secretary Aston Township

This report is a matter of public record and is available online at www.PaAuditor.gov. Media questions about the report can be directed to the Pennsylvania Department of the Auditor General, Office of Communications, 229 Finance Building, Harrisburg, PA 17120; via email to: news@PaAuditor.gov.