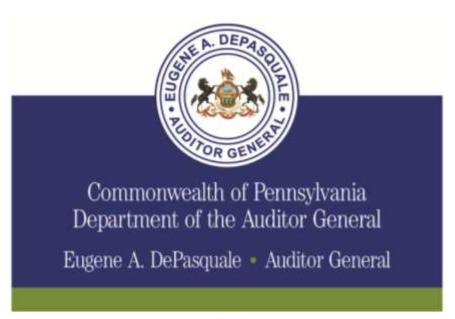
COMPLIANCE AUDIT

Washington Township Volunteer Firemen's Relief Association

Franklin County, Pennsylvania For the Period January 1, 2010 to December 31, 2013

September 2014







Commonwealth of Pennsylvania Department of the Auditor General Harrisburg, PA 17120-0018 Facebook: Pennsylvania Auditor General Twitter: @PAAuditorGen

EUGENE A. DEPASQUALE AUDITOR GENERAL

Mr. James E. Meek, Jr., President WASHINGTON TOWNSHIP VOLUNTEER FIREFIGHTERS' RELIEF ASSOCIATION Franklin County

We have conducted a compliance audit of the Washington Township Volunteer Firefighters' Relief Association pursuant to authority derived from Article VIII, Section 10 of the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, Section 403 of The Fiscal Code, Act of April 9, 1929, (P.L. 343, No. 176), and mandated by the Volunteer Firefighters' Relief Association Act, as consolidated by the Act of November 23, 2010 (P.L. 1181, No. 118), at 35 Pa.C.S. § 7411 *et seq.*, for the period January 1, 2010 to December 31, 2013.

We conducted this compliance audit in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* applicable to performance audits, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain sufficient, appropriate evidence to provide a reasonable basis for our audit results and conclusions based on our audit objectives. We believe that the evidence obtained provides a reasonable basis for our audit results and conclusions based on our audit results and conclusions based on our audit objectives.

The objectives of the audit were:

- 1. To determine if the volunteer firefighters' relief association took appropriate corrective action to address the findings contained in our prior audit report; and
- 2. To determine if the volunteer firefighters' relief association received state aid and expended state aid and accumulated relief funds in compliance with applicable state laws, contracts, bylaws and administrative procedures.

Our audit was limited to the areas related to the objectives identified above.

Volunteer firefighters' relief association officers are responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal controls to provide reasonable assurance that the Washington Township Volunteer Firefighters' Relief Association's administration of state aid and accumulated relief funds complies with applicable state laws, contracts, bylaws and administrative procedures including the safeguarding of assets. In conducting our audit, we obtained an understanding of the volunteer firefighters' relief association's internal controls as they relate to the association's compliance with those requirements and that we considered to be significant within the context of the audit objectives, and assessed whether those significant controls were properly designed and implemented. Our audit procedures also included tests of documentary evidence supporting the Washington Township Volunteer Firefighters' Relief Association's recorded financial transactions, tests of the physical existence of inventories, interviews of selected officials and direct confirmation of the Washington Township Volunteer Firefighters' Relief Association's cash, investments, and certain other assets and liabilities as of December 31, 2013, with the custodians of the funds, debtors, creditors, and financial institutions to the extent necessary to satisfy the audit objectives. Additionally, we performed procedures to provide a reasonable assurance of detecting instances of violations of legal and regulatory requirements or violations of provisions of contracts that are significant within the context of the audit objectives.

The results of our audit, for the period January 1, 2010 to December 31, 2013, found the Washington Township Volunteer Firefighters' Relief Association took appropriate corrective action to address one of the five findings contained in our prior audit report. However, the Washington Township Volunteer Firefighters' Relief Association failed to take appropriate corrective action to address the four remaining findings contained in our prior audit report, as listed below and discussed in the Status of Prior Audit Findings section of this report. In addition, the results of our audit found the Washington Township Volunteer Firefighters' Relief Association, in all significant respects, received state aid and expended state aid and accumulated relief funds in compliance with applicable state laws, contracts, bylaws and administrative procedures, except as noted in the findings listed below and discussed later in this report.

Finding No. 1	 Noncompliance With Prior Audit Recommendation – Unauthorized Expenditures
Finding No. 2	 Noncompliance With Prior Audit Recommendation – Undocumented Expenditures
Finding No. 3	 Noncompliance With Prior Audit Recommendation – Failure To Maintain A Complete And Accurate Equipment Roster
Finding No. 4	 Noncompliance With Prior Audit Recommendation – Inadequate Financial Record-Keeping System
Finding No. 5	 Inappropriate Ownership Of Rescue Vehicle

The results of our tests also indicated the Washington Township Volunteer Firefighters' Relief Association expended funds as presented in the Accompanying Expenditure Information and, as of December 31, 2013, had a cash balance of \$195,106 and no investments.

The contents of this report were discussed with the management of the Washington Township Volunteer Firefighters' Relief Association and, where appropriate, their responses have been included in the report. We would like to thank the relief association officials for the cooperation extended to us during the conduct of the audit.

Eugent: O-Purger

September 8, 2014

EUGENE A. DEPASQUALE Auditor General

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BACKGROUND

Pursuant to Article VIII, Section 10 of the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, Section 403 of The Fiscal Code, Act of April 9, 1929, (P.L. 343, No. 176), and the Volunteer Firefighters' Relief Association Act, as consolidated by the Act of November 23, 2010, (P.L. 1181, No. 118), at 35 Pa.C.S. § 7411 *et seq.*, the Department of the Auditor General's duty is to audit the accounts and records of every volunteer firefighters' relief association to determine that funds received under the Foreign Fire Insurance Tax Distribution Law, Act of December 18, 1984, (P.L. 1005, No. 205), as amended, 53 P.S. § 895.701 *et seq.* (commonly referred to as Act 205), are properly expended.

The Washington Township Volunteer Firemen's Relief Association, herein referred to as the Washington Township Volunteer Firefighters' Relief Association, is a charitable organization that was formed primarily to afford financial protection to volunteer firefighters and to encourage individuals to participate in volunteer fire service.

Act 118 governs the overall operation of the volunteer firefighters' relief association. The relief association's bylaws define the specific operational procedures by which the volunteer firefighters' relief association conducts business. To fulfill its primary purpose, Act 118 authorizes specific types of expenditures and prescribes appropriate volunteer firefighters' relief association investment options. Within the parameters established by Act 118, it is the responsibility of the volunteer firefighters' relief association to choose investments in a proper and prudent manner.

Volunteer firefighters' relief associations receive public tax monies, and the association officers therefore have a responsibility to the public to conduct the association's financial affairs in a businesslike manner and to maintain sufficient financial records to support the propriety of all association transactions. Volunteer firefighters' relief association officers are also responsible for ensuring that the association operates in accordance with applicable state laws, contracts, bylaws and administrative procedures.

Act 205 sets forth the computation of the Foreign Fire Insurance Tax Distribution paid to each applicable municipality throughout the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania. The amount of the distribution is based upon the population of each municipality and the market value of real estate within the municipality. Upon receipt of this distribution, the municipality must allocate the funds to the volunteer firefighters' relief association of the fire service organization or fire service organizations, which is or are recognized as providing the service to the municipality.

BACKGROUND – (Continued)

The Washington Township Volunteer Firefighters' Relief Association was allocated state aid from the following municipality:

Municipality	County	2010	2011	2012	2013
Washington Township	Franklin	\$84,234	\$142,574	\$81,344	\$90,464

The volunteer firefighters' relief association and the affiliated fire service organization are separate, legal entities. The Washington Township Volunteer Firefighters' Relief Association is affiliated with the following fire service organization:

Blue Ridge Mountain Volunteer Fire and Rescue Squad, Inc.

WASHINGTON TOWNSHIP VOLUNTEER FIREFIGHTERS' RELIEF ASSOCIATION STATUS OF PRIOR FINDINGS

COMPLIANCE WITH PRIOR AUDIT FINDING AND RECOMMENDATION

The Washington Township Volunteer Firefighters' Relief Association has complied with one of the five prior audit findings and recommendations, as follows:

• Failure To Maintain A Complete And Accurate Membership Roster

By maintaining a comprehensive listing of the relief association's membership.

NONCOMPLIANCE WITH PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

The Washington Township Volunteer Firefighters' Relief Association has not complied with four of the five prior audit findings. These findings are noted below and discussed in detail in the Findings and Recommendations section of this report:

• Unauthorized Expenditures

Although the relief association received reimbursement amounting to \$5,687 from the affiliated fire company on April 14, 2011 for the unauthorized expenditures identified in the prior audit report, a similar condition occurred during the current audit period as disclosed in Finding No. 1 contained in this report.

• Undocumented Expenditures

Although the relief association received reimbursement amounting to \$7,500 from the affiliated fire company on April 14, 2011 for the undocumented expenditures identified in the prior audit report, a similar condition occurred during the current audit period as disclosed in Finding No. 2 contained in this report.

- Failure To Maintain A Complete And Accurate Equipment Roster; and
- Inadequate Financial Record-Keeping System

We are concerned by the relief association's failure to correct those previously reported audit findings. The association management should strive to implement the recommendations and corrective actions noted in this audit report.

<u>Finding No. 1 – Noncompliance With Prior Audit Recommendation – Unauthorized</u> <u>Expenditures</u>

<u>Condition</u>: As disclosed in the Status of Prior Findings section of this report, although the relief association received reimbursement amounting to \$5,687 from the affiliated fire company on April 14, 2011 for the unauthorized expenditures identified in the prior audit report, a similar condition occurred during the current audit period. The relief association again, expended funds for the following items during the current audit period that are not authorized by Act 118:

Date	Check No.	Description		mount
04/25/13	1526	Affiliated fire company insurance premiums	\$	697
11/17/13	1590	Affiliated fire company insurance premiums		3,358
		Total	\$	4,055

Criteria: Act 118 at 35 Pa.C.S. § 7416(f)(2 and 12) states:

The funds of any volunteer firefighters' relief association may be spent:

- (2) To purchase contracts of insurance which, at a minimum, shall afford financial assistance to active members of the fire service represented by the association against losses due to injury suffered in the fire service and may also provide, in the order named: (i) for payments to the surviving spouse or other dependents of a member in the event of member's death; (ii) for protection of active firefighters against disease; (iii) for replacement or purchase of prosthetic devices such as visual aids, hearing aids, dentures, braces, crutches and the like, where those devices have been lost or damaged while the owner was engaged in the fire service or where the need for those devices arose because of functional impairment attributable to participation in the fire service; (iv) for repair or replacement, if necessary, of articles of clothing or pocket pagers damaged or lost in the course of participation in the fire service; and (v) for disability incurred after service for a minimum of 20 years as a volunteer firefighter.
- (12) To secure insurance against the legal liability of volunteer firefighters for loss and expense from claims arising out of performance of official and authorized duties while going to, returning from or attending fires or performing their duties as special fire police.

Finding No. 1 – (Continued)

Costs associated with fire company insurance premiums, not for the benefit of the relief association members, do not qualify as authorized volunteer firefighters' relief association expenditures; consequently, these disbursements are not authorized under Act 118.

<u>Cause</u>: Relief association officials were unaware that the aforementioned expenditures were not authorized by Act 118.

<u>Effect</u>: As a result of these improper expenditures, relief association funds were not available for investment purposes, or to pay for expenditures authorized by Act 118.

<u>Recommendation</u>: We recommend the relief association be reimbursed \$4,055 for the unauthorized expenditures and that relief association officials again, become familiar with Act 118 at 35 Pa.C.S. § 7416(f) to aid them in determining the propriety of future expenditures. For further guidance, please refer to the Auditor General's publication, MANAGEMENT GUIDELINES FOR VOLUNTEER FIREFIGHTERS' RELIEF ASSOCIATIONS.

<u>Management's Response</u>: Relief association management agreed with the finding as presented at the audit exit conference and subsequent to the audit period, on June 17, 2014, received reimbursement from the affiliated fire company in the amount of \$4,055.

Auditor's Conclusion: Compliance will be subject to verification through our next audit.

<u>Finding No. 2 – Noncompliance With Prior Audit Recommendation – Undocumented</u> <u>Expenditures</u>

<u>Condition</u>: As disclosed in the Status of Prior Findings section of this report, although the relief association received reimbursement amounting to \$7,500 from the affiliated fire company on April 14, 2011 for the undocumented expenditures identified in the prior audit report, a similar condition occurred during the current audit period. The relief association again, was unable to provide adequate supporting documentation for the following expenditures made during the current audit period:

Date	Check No.	Payee Description		mount
01/27/10	1255	Insurance agent	\$	689
02/08/11	1331	Insurance agent		165
09/01/11	1366	Insurance agent		688
		Total	\$	1,542

Criteria: Act 118 at 35 Pa.C.S. § 7418(a) states:

The Office of Auditor General shall have the power and its duty shall be to audit the accounts and records of every volunteer firefighters' relief association receiving money under Chapter 7 of the Act of December 18, 1984 (P.L. 1005, No. 205), [FN1] known as the Municipal Pension Plan Funding Standard and Recovery Act, as far as may be necessary to satisfy the Auditor General that the money received was or is being expended for no purpose other than that authorized by this subchapter. Copies of all audits shall be furnished to the Governor.

Without adequate supporting documentation, such as an invoice, this department is unable to determine whether relief association funds were expended for purposes authorized by Act 118. Furthermore, prudent business practice dictates that supporting documentation be maintained to evidence the propriety of all financial transactions.

<u>Cause</u>: Relief association officials failed to establish adequate internal control procedures to ensure supporting documentation is maintained for all expenditures.

Finding No. 2 – (Continued)

<u>Effect</u>: Lack of supporting documentation, such as invoices and approval documented in the meeting minutes, made it impossible to determine if the expenditures were made in accordance with Act 118 at 35 Pa.C.S. § 7416(f). In addition, the failure to maintain adequate supporting documentation for relief association expenditures can lead to an increased risk of errors occurring and funds being misappropriated.

<u>Recommendation</u>: We recommend the relief association provide this department with adequate supporting documentation, such as invoices, to ensure the propriety of the expenditures or that the relief association be reimbursed \$1,542 for the undocumented expenditures. We also again, recommend that the relief association officials maintain supporting documentation for all future expenditures. For further guidance, please refer to the Auditor General's publication, MANAGEMENT GUIDELINES FOR VOLUNTEER FIREFIGHTERS' RELIEF ASSOCIATIONS.

<u>Management's Response</u>: Relief association management agreed with the finding as presented at the audit exit conference and subsequent to the audit period, on June 17, 2014, received reimbursement from the affiliated fire company in the amount of \$1,542.

Auditor's Conclusion: Compliance will be subject to verification through our next audit.

<u>Finding No. 3 – Noncompliance With Prior Audit Recommendation – Failure To Maintain</u> <u>A Complete And Accurate Equipment Roster</u>

<u>Condition</u>: As cited in our prior audit report, the relief association again failed to maintain a complete and accurate roster of equipment owned by the relief association. Although a listing of relief association owned equipment was provided during the current audit period, the roster was incomplete since it did not contain the names of suppliers (vendors), dates of purchase and the cost of equipment to accurately identify equipment owned by the relief association. As such, we were unable to determine if all equipment purchased during the audit period in the amount of \$892,081 was recorded. In addition, there was no indication that a physical inventory of equipment was conducted on an annual basis, to account for the relief association's owned equipment.

Finding No. 3 – (Continued)

<u>Criteria</u>: Prudent business practice dictates that the relief association should establish adequate internal control procedures to ensure the maintenance of a cumulative equipment roster of all items purchased by the relief association in order to provide an effective accounting control over the relief association's equipment. A cumulative equipment roster of all relief association equipment should include the following:

- Types of equipment purchased;
- Dates of purchase;
- Unit costs;
- Names of suppliers;
- Serial numbers, if applicable;
- Current locations of items;
- Final dispositions of sold or damaged equipment; and
- Evidence of the performance and results of an annual physical inventory.

<u>Cause</u>: Even though notified of this condition during our prior audit, relief association officials again, failed to establish adequate internal control procedures over equipment requiring the maintenance of a cumulative equipment roster and the performance of an annual physical inventory of equipment.

<u>Effect</u>: The continued failure to properly record equipment purchases in a detailed equipment roster prevents officials from effectively monitoring the relief association's equipment purchases. In addition, the failure to maintain a detailed equipment roster and perform an annual physical inventory of equipment prevents adequate accountability for, and safeguarding of, relief association equipment.

<u>Recommendation</u>: We again recommend the relief association officials maintain a cumulative equipment roster of all relief association owned equipment. Furthermore, the relief association should ensure it performs an annual physical inventory of all operable equipment and that the completion of the inventory be sufficiently documented. For further guidance, please refer to the Auditor General's publication, MANAGEMENT GUIDELINES FOR VOLUNTEER FIREFIGHTERS' RELIEF ASSOCIATIONS.

<u>Management's Response</u>: Relief association management agreed with the finding as presented at the audit exit conference and indicated they will take action to comply with the recommendation.

<u>Auditor's Conclusion</u>: We are concerned by the relief association's failure to correct this previously reported audit finding and strongly encourage timely implementation of the recommendation noted in this audit report.

<u>Finding No. 4 – Noncompliance With Prior Audit Recommendation – Inadequate Financial</u> <u>Record-Keeping System</u>

<u>Condition</u>: As cited in our prior audit report, the relief association's financial record-keeping system did not provide effective control over cash receipts, disbursements, and monetary assets, and does not meet the minimum requirements of maintaining financial records established by this department. The following are the noted deficiencies:

- Journals were not reconciled to the bank statements;
- Checks were written out of sequence;
- Voided checks were not recorded as void on the journal;
- Ledgers were not utilized to record the transactions of the relief association accounts;
- Documentation to support loans was not available at the time of the audit;
- Bank statements were not available at the time of the audit, and
- Documentation to support various expenditures was not available for examination at the time of the audit.

Criteria: Act 118 at 35 Pa.C.S. § 7415(a) states:

A volunteer firefighters' relief association may be a body corporate, governed by a charter and bylaws or an unincorporated association of individuals governed by bylaws and a constitution. In either case, it must provide for taking and preserving minutes of all meetings and maintenance of such books of account as may be necessary and appropriate to afford a permanent record of its fiscal affairs.

In addition, an adequate system of accounting and record-keeping is a prerequisite for sound administration of relief association assets.

<u>Cause</u>: Even though notified of this condition during our prior audit, relief association officials again, neglected their various record-keeping responsibilities.

<u>Effect</u>: The continued failure of relief association officials to maintain adequate records prohibits the membership from effectively monitoring the relief association's financial operations.

<u>Recommendation</u>: We again recommend the relief association establish and maintain a financial record-keeping system that meets the minimum record-keeping requirements of this department. For further guidance, please refer to the Auditor General's publication, MANAGEMENT GUIDELINES FOR VOLUNTEER FIREFIGHTERS' RELIEF ASSOCIATIONS.

Finding No. 4 – (Continued)

<u>Management's Response</u>: Relief association management agreed with the finding as presented at the audit exit conference and indicated they will take action to comply with the recommendation.

<u>Auditor's Conclusion</u>: We are concerned by the relief association's failure to correct this previously reported audit finding and strongly encourage timely implementation of the recommendation noted in this audit report.

Finding No. 5 – Inappropriate Ownership Of Rescue Vehicle

<u>Condition</u>: On January 11, 2012, the relief association entered into a loan agreement with their financial institution for a rescue vehicle, in the amount of \$365,000, to carry personnel and safeguard equipment; however, the vehicle registration was inappropriately issued in the name of the fire company.

<u>Criteria</u>: Prudent business practice dictates that the relief association should maintain sole ownership of all equipment purchased by the relief association. As such, rescue vehicles purchased by the relief association are to be registered in the name of the relief association.

<u>Cause</u>: The relief association failed to establish adequate internal control procedures to ensure that the rescue vehicle purchased was registered in the name of the relief association.

<u>Effect</u>: As a result of the rescue vehicle being inappropriately registered in the name of the fire company, this relief association asset was not properly safeguarded.

<u>Recommendation</u>: We recommend the rescue vehicle be registered in the name of the relief association. For further guidance, please refer to the Auditor General's publication, MANAGEMENT GUIDELINES FOR VOLUNTEER FIREFIGHTERS' RELIEF ASSOCIATIONS.

<u>Management's Response</u>: Relief association management agreed with the finding as presented at the audit exit conference and subsequent to the audit period, on June 12, 2014, a relief official applied for an MV-1L to change the registration into the name of the relief association.

Auditor's Conclusion: Compliance will be subject to verification through our next audit.

WASHINGTON TOWNSHIP VOLUNTEER FIREFIGHTERS' RELIEF ASSOCIATION ACCOMPANYING EXPENDITURE INFORMATION FOR THE PERIOD JANUARY 1, 2010 TO DECEMBER 31, 2013

Act 118 at 35 Pa.C.S. § 7412 states: a volunteer firefighters' relief association is an organization formed primarily for the purpose of affording financial protection to volunteer firefighters against the consequences of misfortune suffered as a result of their participation in the fire service. The organization may contain within its membership the members of one or more fire companies and may serve secondary purposes, as set forth in this subchapter, but only if adequate provisions have been first made to serve the primary purpose.

Act 118 at 35 Pa.C.S. § 7416 authorizes the investment of relief association funds and outlines the types of benefits and services that can be provided with volunteer firefighters' relief association funds.

Furthermore, all expenditures must be properly authorized as prescribed in the volunteer firefighters' relief association bylaws and approved at an association meeting.

USES OF FUNDS:

Benefit Services:		
Insurance premiums		16,133
Death benefits		2,000
Relief benefits		9,675
Total Benefit Services	\$	27,808
Fire Services:		
Equipment purchased	\$	892,081
Equipment maintenance		27,689
Training expenses		10,711
Fire prevention materials		1,957
Total Fire Services	\$	932,438
Administrative Services:		
Other administrative expenses	\$	11,093
Other Expenditures:		
Principal payments on loan	\$	34,222
Interest payments on loan		44,916
Undocumented expenditures		1,542
Total Other Expenditures		80,680

WASHINGTON TOWNSHIP VOLUNTEER FIREFIGHTERS' RELIEF ASSOCIATION REPORT DISTRIBUTION LIST

This report was initially distributed to the following:

The Honorable Tom Corbett Governor Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

Washington Township Volunteer Firefighters' Relief Association Governing Body:

Mr. James E. Meek, Jr.	President
Mr. Robert Biesecker	Vice President
Mr. Jim McClure	Secretary
Ms. Amy Meek	Treasurer

A report was also distributed to the following municipality, which allocated foreign fire insurance tax monies to this relief association:

Ms. Karen S. Hargrove	Secretary
Washington Township	

This report is a matter of public record and is available online at <u>www.auditorgen.state.pa.us.</u> Media questions about the report can be directed to the Pennsylvania Department of the Auditor General, Office of Communications, 231 Finance Building, Harrisburg, PA 17120; via email to: <u>news@auditorgen.state.pa.us</u>.