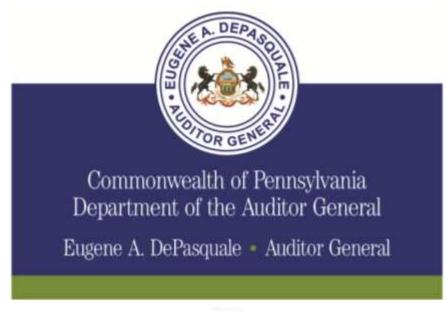
COMPLIANCE AUDIT

Feasterville Fire Company Firemen's Relief Association

Bucks County, Pennsylvania For the Period January 1, 2011 to December 31, 2013

January 2015







Commonwealth of Pennsylvania Department of the Auditor General Harrisburg, PA 17120-0018 Facebook: Pennsylvania Auditor General Twitter: @PAAuditorGen

EUGENE A. DEPASQUALE AUDITOR GENERAL

Mr. David Walter, President FEASTERVILLE VOLUNTEER FIREFIGHTERS' RELIEF ASSOCIATION Bucks County

We have conducted a compliance audit of the Feasterville Volunteer Firefighters' Relief Association pursuant to authority derived from Article VIII, Section 10 of the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, Section 403 of The Fiscal Code, Act of April 9, 1929, (P.L. 343, No. 176), and mandated by the Volunteer Firefighters' Relief Association Act, as consolidated by the Act of November 23, 2010 (P.L. 1181, No. 118), at 35 Pa.C.S. § 7411 *et seq.*, for the period January 1, 2011 to December 31, 2013.

We conducted this compliance audit in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* applicable to performance audits, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain sufficient, appropriate evidence to provide a reasonable basis for our audit results and conclusions based on our audit objectives. We believe that the evidence obtained provides a reasonable basis for our audit results and conclusions based on our audit objectives.

The objectives of the audit were:

- 1. To determine if the volunteer firefighters' relief association took appropriate corrective action to address the findings contained in our prior audit report; and
- 2. To determine if the volunteer firefighters' relief association received state aid and expended state aid and accumulated relief funds in compliance with applicable state laws, contracts, bylaws and administrative procedures.

Our audit was limited to the areas related to the objectives identified above.

Volunteer firefighters' relief association officers are responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal controls to provide reasonable assurance that the Feasterville Volunteer Firefighters' Relief Association's administration of state aid and accumulated relief funds complies with applicable state laws, contracts, bylaws and administrative procedures including the safeguarding of assets. In conducting our audit, we obtained an understanding of the volunteer firefighters' relief association's internal controls as they relate to the association's compliance with those requirements and that we considered to be significant within the context of the audit objectives, and assessed whether those significant controls were properly designed and implemented. Our audit procedures also included tests of documentary evidence supporting the Feasterville Volunteer Firefighters' Relief Association's recorded financial transactions, tests of the physical existence of inventories, interviews of selected officials and direct confirmation of the Feasterville Volunteer Firefighters' Relief Association's cash, investments, and certain other assets and liabilities as of December 31, 2013, with the custodians of the funds, debtors, creditors, and financial institutions to the extent necessary to satisfy the audit objectives. Additionally, we performed procedures to provide a reasonable assurance of detecting instances of violations of legal and regulatory requirements or violations of provisions of contracts that are significant within the context of the audit objectives.

The results of our audit, for the period January 1, 2011 to December 31, 2013, found the Feasterville Volunteer Firefighters' Relief Association took appropriate corrective action to address four of the eight findings contained in our prior audit report. However, the Feasterville Volunteer Firefighters' Relief Association failed to take appropriate corrective action to address the four remaining findings contained in our prior audit report, as listed below and discussed in the Status of Prior Audit Findings section of this report. In addition, the results of our audit found the Feasterville Volunteer Firefighters' Relief Association did not in all significant respects, receive state aid and expend state aid and accumulated relief funds in compliance with applicable state laws, contracts, bylaws and administrative procedures, as noted in the findings listed below and discussed later in this report. Therefore, the Feasterville Volunteer Firefighters' Relief Association may be subject to the potential withholding of its upcoming state aid distribution, as discussed in the Potential Withhold of State Aid section of this report.

- Finding No. 1 Noncompliance With Prior Audit Recommendation Undocumented Expenditures
- Finding No. 2 Noncompliance With Prior Audit Recommendation Failure
 To Maintain A Complete And Accurate Equipment Roster
- Finding No. 3 Noncompliance With Prior Audit Recommendation Inadequate Minutes Of Meetings
- Finding No. 4 Noncompliance With Prior Audit Recommendation Inadequate Internal Controls

Finding No. 5 - Unauthorized Expenditures

Finding No. 6 - Failure To Segregate Relief Association Officers' Duties

The results of our tests also indicated the Feasterville Volunteer Firefighters' Relief Association expended funds as presented in the Accompanying Expenditure Information and, as of December 31, 2013, had a cash balance of \$18,081 and an investment balance with a fair value of \$432,514.

Furthermore, scope limitations on our audit exist, as detailed in the Observations section of this report.

The contents of this report were discussed with the management of the Feasterville Volunteer Firefighters' Relief Association and, where appropriate, their responses have been included in the report. We would like to thank the relief association officials for the cooperation extended to us during the conduct of the audit.

December 18, 2014

EUGENE A. DEPASQUALE

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Auditor General

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BACKGROUND

Pursuant to Article VIII, Section 10 of the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, Section 403 of The Fiscal Code, Act of April 9, 1929, (P.L. 343, No. 176), and the Volunteer Firefighters' Relief Association Act, as consolidated by the Act of November 23, 2010, (P.L. 1181, No. 118), at 35 Pa.C.S. § 7411 *et seq.*, the Department of the Auditor General's duty is to audit the accounts and records of every volunteer firefighters' relief association to determine that funds received under the Foreign Fire Insurance Tax Distribution Law, Act of December 18, 1984, (P.L. 1005, No. 205), as amended, 53 P.S. § 895.701 *et seq.* (commonly referred to as Act 205), are properly expended.

The Feasterville Fire Company Firemen's Relief Association, herein referred to as the Feasterville Volunteer Firefighters' Relief Association, is a charitable organization that was formed primarily to afford financial protection to volunteer firefighters and to encourage individuals to participate in volunteer fire service.

Act 118 governs the overall operation of the volunteer firefighters' relief association. The relief association's bylaws define the specific operational procedures by which the volunteer firefighters' relief association conducts business. To fulfill its primary purpose, Act 118 authorizes specific types of expenditures and prescribes appropriate volunteer firefighters' relief association investment options. Within the parameters established by Act 118, it is the responsibility of the volunteer firefighters' relief association to choose investments in a proper and prudent manner.

Volunteer firefighters' relief associations receive public tax monies, and the association officers therefore have a responsibility to the public to conduct the association's financial affairs in a businesslike manner and to maintain sufficient financial records to support the propriety of all association transactions. Volunteer firefighters' relief association officers are also responsible for ensuring that the association operates in accordance with applicable state laws, contracts, bylaws and administrative procedures.

Act 205 sets forth the computation of the Foreign Fire Insurance Tax Distribution paid to each applicable municipality throughout the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania. The amount of the distribution is based upon the population of each municipality and the market value of real estate within the municipality. Upon receipt of this distribution, the municipality must allocate the funds to the volunteer firefighters' relief association of the fire service organization or fire service organizations, which is or are recognized as providing the service to the municipality.

BACKGROUND – (Continued)

The Feasterville Volunteer Firefighters' Relief Association was allocated state aid from the following municipality:

Municipality	County	2011	2012	2013
Lower Southampton Township	Bucks	\$ 130,202	\$ 73,976	\$ 84,158

The volunteer firefighters' relief association and the affiliated fire service organization are separate, legal entities. The Feasterville Volunteer Firefighters' Relief Association is affiliated with the following fire service organization:

Feasterville Fire Company

FEASTERVILLE VOLUNTEER FIREFIGHTERS' RELIEF ASSOCIATION STATUS OF PRIOR FINDINGS

COMPLIANCE WITH PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

The Feasterville Volunteer Firefighters' Relief Association has complied with four of the eight prior audit findings and recommendations, as follows:

• Failure To Secure Ownership Interest In Jointly Purchased Vehicle

By executing a formal written agreement with the fire company that adequately secures its proportional ownership interest in the jointly purchased vehicle;

• Failure To Define Discretionary Benefits

By amending the association's bylaws to reflect the amount of death benefits to be paid;

• Inadequate Financial Record-Keeping System

By establishing adequate accounting procedures that meet the minimum financial record-keeping requirements of this department during the audit period; and

• Untimely Payment Of Lease-Financing Payments

By liquidating the lease-financing agreement.

NONCOMPLIANCE WITH PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

The Feasterville Volunteer Firefighters' Relief Association has not complied with four of the eight prior audit findings. These findings are noted below and discussed in detail in the Findings and Recommendations section of this report:

• Undocumented Expenditures

Although the relief association received partial reimbursement from the affiliated fire company in the amount of \$1,470 and provided documentation supporting an additional \$4,794 of the undocumented expenditures disclosed during the prior audit period, the relief association again, was unable to provide adequate supporting documentation for expenditures made during the current audit period as disclosed in Finding No. 1 of this report;

FEASTERVILLE VOLUNTEER FIREFIGHTERS' RELIEF ASSOCIATION STATUS OF PRIOR FINDINGS

NONCOMPLIANCE WITH PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS – (Continued)

- Failure To Maintain A Complete And Accurate Equipment Roster;
- Inadequate Minutes Of Meetings; and
- Inadequate Internal Controls

We are concerned by the relief association's failure to correct those previously reported audit findings. The association management should strive to implement the recommendations and corrective actions noted in this audit report.

<u>Finding No. 1 – Noncompliance With Prior Audit Recommendation - Undocumented Expenditures</u>

<u>Condition</u>: As disclosed in the Status of Prior Findings section of this report, although the relief association received partial reimbursement from the affiliated fire company and provided documentation to support the remaining undocumented expenditures disclosed during the prior audit period, the relief association again, was unable to provide adequate supporting documentation for the following expenditures made during the current audit period:

Date	Check No.	Payee Description		Amount	
10/17/12	1367	Relief benefit		\$	850
11/06/12	1369	Relief benefit			836
01/10/13	1392	Equipment maintenance			44
01/10/13	1393	Relief benefit			200
02/18/13	1395	Relief benefit			10
02/18/13	1396	Relief benefit			140
02/18/13	1397	Equipment purchased			4,400
02/18/13	1400	Equipment purchased			2,356
5/15/13	1412	Individual member			100
			Total	\$	8,936

Criteria: Act 118 at 35 Pa.C.S. § 7418(a) states:

The Office of Auditor General shall have the power and its duty shall be to audit the accounts and records of every volunteer firefighters' relief association receiving money under Chapter 7 of the Act of December 18, 1984 (P.L. 1005, No. 205), known as the Municipal Pension Plan Funding Standard and Recovery Act, as far as may be necessary to satisfy the Auditor General that the money received was or is being expended for no purpose other than that authorized by this subchapter. Copies of all audits shall be furnished to the Governor.

Without adequate supporting documentation, such as invoices, this department is unable to determine whether relief association funds were expended for purposes authorized by Act 118. Furthermore, prudent business practice dictates that supporting documentation be maintained to evidence the propriety of all financial transactions.

Finding No. 1 – (Continued)

<u>Cause</u>: Even though notified of this condition during our prior audit, relief association officials again, neglected to establish adequate internal control procedures to ensure supporting documentation is maintained for all expenditures.

<u>Effect</u>: Lack of supporting documentation, such as invoices, made it impossible to determine if the expenditures were made in accordance with Act 118 at 35 Pa.C.S. § 7416(f). In addition, the failure to maintain adequate supporting documentation for relief association expenditures can lead to an increased risk of errors occurring and funds being misappropriated. Furthermore, the relief association's future state aid allocations may be withheld until the finding recommendation is complied with.

<u>Recommendation</u>: We recommend the relief association provide this department with adequate supporting documentation, such as invoices, to ensure the propriety of the expenditures or that the relief association be reimbursed \$8,936 for the undocumented expenditures. Also, we again, recommend that relief association officials maintain supporting documentation for all future expenditures. For further guidance, please refer to the Auditor General's publication, MANAGEMENT GUIDELINES FOR VOLUNTEER FIREFIGHTERS' RELIEF ASSOCIATIONS.

<u>Management's Response</u>: Relief association management agreed with the finding as presented at the audit exit conference and indicated they will take action to comply with the recommendation.

<u>Auditor's Conclusion</u>: Due to the potential withhold of state aid, the relief association's compliance with the finding recommendation will be monitored subsequent to the release of the audit report and through our next audit of the relief association.

<u>Finding No. 2 – Noncompliance With Prior Audit Recommendation - Failure To Maintain A Complete And Accurate Equipment Roster</u>

<u>Condition</u>: As cited in our prior audit reports, the relief association again, failed to maintain a complete and accurate roster of equipment owned by the relief association. Although a listing of relief association owned equipment was provided during the current audit period, this listing was incomplete and did not accurately identify all of the equipment owned by the relief association. In addition, there was no indication that a physical inventory of equipment was conducted on an annual basis, to account for the relief association's owned equipment.

Finding No. 2 – (Continued)

<u>Criteria</u>: Prudent business practice dictates that the relief association should establish adequate internal control procedures to ensure the maintenance of a cumulative equipment roster of all items purchased by the relief association in order to provide an effective accounting control over the relief association's equipment. A cumulative equipment roster of all relief association equipment should include the following:

- Types of equipment purchased;
- Dates of purchase;
- Unit costs;
- Names of suppliers;
- Serial numbers, if applicable;
- Current locations of items;
- Final dispositions of sold or damaged equipment; and
- Evidence of the performance and results of an annual physical inventory.

<u>Cause</u>: Even though notified of this condition during our four prior audits, relief association officials again, failed to establish adequate internal control procedures over equipment requiring the maintenance of a cumulative equipment roster and the performance of an annual physical inventory of equipment.

<u>Effect</u>: The continued failure to properly record equipment purchases in a detailed equipment roster prevents officials from effectively monitoring the relief association's equipment purchases. In addition, the failure to maintain a detailed equipment roster and perform an annual physical inventory of equipment prevents adequate accountability for, and safeguarding of, relief association equipment.

<u>Recommendation</u>: We again recommend the relief association officials maintain a cumulative equipment roster of all relief association owned equipment. Furthermore, the relief association should ensure it performs an annual physical inventory of all operable equipment and that the completion of the inventory be sufficiently documented. For further guidance, please refer to the Auditor General's publication, MANAGEMENT GUIDELINES FOR VOLUNTEER FIREFIGHTERS' RELIEF ASSOCIATIONS.

<u>Management's Response</u>: Relief association management agreed with the finding as presented at the audit exit conference and indicated they will take action to comply with the recommendation.

<u>Auditor's Conclusion</u>: We are concerned by the relief association's failure to correct this previously reported audit finding and strongly encourage timely implementation of the recommendation noted in this audit report.

<u>Finding No. 3 – Noncompliance With Prior Audit Recommendation - Inadequate Minutes</u> Of Meetings

<u>Condition</u>: As cited in our prior audit reports, the relief association again, failed to maintain detailed minutes of meetings as required by Act 118. Specifically, the relief association's minutes did not address all of the financial-related transactions that occurred during the audit period. In addition, the minutes provided and examined by the auditor for the current audit period under review only documented a maximum of five members in attendance to approve relief association business which does not constitute a quorum according to the relief association's bylaws.

Criteria: Act 118 at 35 Pa.C.S. § 7415(a) states, in part, that the relief association:

. . . must provide for taking and preserving minutes of all meetings and maintenance of such books of account as may be necessary and appropriate to afford a permanent record of its fiscal affairs.

In addition, Article 3 Section 6 of the relief association's bylaws states, in part:

"Eleven members who are entitled to vote shall constitute a quorum."

<u>Cause</u>: Even though notified of this condition during our prior audit, relief association officials again, neglected to maintain detailed minutes of meetings as required by Act 118 and failed to conduct relief association business in accordance with the relief association's bylaws.

<u>Effect</u>: Without detailed minutes of meetings and the required quorum for conducting such relief association business, evidence that relief association business was presented before the membership for proper approval does not exist.

<u>Recommendation</u>: We again recommend the relief association maintain detailed minutes of meetings, evidencing the discussion and approval of all financial-related business conducted by the relief association. For further guidance, please refer to the Auditor General's publication, MANAGEMENT GUIDELINES FOR VOLUNTEER FIREFIGHTERS' RELIEF ASSOCIATIONS. In addition, we recommend that the relief association conduct future meetings in accordance with its bylaws or consider modifying its bylaws to meet the relief association's current practice.

Finding No. 3 – (Continued):

<u>Management's Response</u>: Relief association management agreed with the finding as presented at the audit exit conference and indicated they will take action to comply with the recommendation.

<u>Auditor's Conclusion</u>: We are concerned by the relief association's failure to correct this previously reported audit finding and strongly encourage timely implementation of the recommendation noted in this audit report.

<u>Finding No. 4 – Noncompliance With Prior Audit Recommendation - Inadequate Internal Controls</u>

<u>Condition</u>: As cited in our prior audit report, the relief association again, failed to establish adequate internal controls. The following material internal control weaknesses existed during the audit period:

- Undocumented expenditures (Finding No. 1);
- Incomplete and inaccurate equipment roster (Finding No. 2);
- Inadequate minutes of meetings and meeting quorums (Finding No. 3);
- Inappropriate personal loans to members (Finding No. 5) including a loan to a member that was forgiven in the amount of \$2,000 in lieu of a wedding gift; and
- Inadequate segregation of duties between the duties of treasurer and secretary which were all performed by the relief association's vice president, (Finding No. 6).

<u>Criteria</u>: Act 118 at 35 Pa.C.S. § 7415(a) states, in part, that the relief association:

.... must provide for taking and preserving minutes of all meetings and maintenance of such books of account as may be necessary and appropriate to afford a permanent record of its fiscal affairs.

Finding No. 4 –(Continued)

Furthermore, prudent business practice dictates that:

- Supporting documentation should be maintained for all expenditures;
- Detailed rosters of all relief association owned equipment should be maintained;
- Detailed meeting minutes must be maintained to accurately document relief association business and quorum requirements should be met in accordance with the relief association's bylaws;
- Expenditures including loans, should be made in accordance with Act 118 and collected in accordance with loan agreements; and
- The duties of the secretary and treasurer should be sufficiently segregated.

<u>Cause</u>: Even though notified of this condition during our prior audit, the relief association again, neglected to establish adequate internal controls to ensure the propriety of expenditures and proper documentation of relief association transactions. Current relief association officials were unaware of the relief association's ineffective internal control system.

<u>Effect</u>: The continued failure to establish adequate internal controls prevented the relief association from adequately safeguarding its assets and prevented the verification as to whether relief association business was presented before the membership for discussion and approval. Furthermore, the lack of effective internal controls places the relief association funds at greater risk for misappropriation.

<u>Recommendation</u>: We again recommend the relief association officials adopt internal control procedures which will require the following:

- Documentation of all expenditures;
- Maintenance of a complete and accurate equipment roster;
- Presentation, discussion, and approval of financial activities at relief association meetings and adherence to quorum requirements;
- Expenditures including loans, in accordance with Act 118 and the collection of loan payments in accordance with loan agreements; and
- Adequate segregation of duties between the relief association's secretary and treasurer.

For further guidance, please refer to the Auditor General's publication, MANAGEMENT GUIDELINES FOR VOLUNTEER FIREFIGHTER'S RELIEF ASSOCIATION.

Finding No. 4 –(Continued)

<u>Management's Response</u>: Relief association management agreed with the finding as presented at the audit exit conference and indicated they will take action to comply with the recommendation.

<u>Auditor's Conclusion</u>: We are concerned by the relief association's failure to correct this previously reported audit finding and strongly encourage timely implementation of the recommendation noted in this audit report.

Finding No. 5 – Unauthorized Expenditures

<u>Condition</u>: The relief association expended funds for the following items during the current audit period that are not authorized by Act 118:

Date	Check No.	Description Amoun		Amount	
02/10/12	1305	Personal loan to member		\$	3,986
03/19/12	1322	Personal loan to member			5,000
04/17/12	1329	Personal loan to member			1,000
04/24/12	1330	Personal loan to member			12,000
08/8/12	1079	Personal loan to member			15,000
02/18/13	1081	Personal loan to member			9,000
07/29/13	1087	Personal loan to member			5,500
			*Total	\$	51,486

^{*} During the audit period, the relief association collected payments on these personal loans totaling \$18,670, leaving an outstanding balance of \$32,816 due to the relief association.

Criteria: Act 118 at 35 Pa.C.S. § 7416(f)(6) states:

The funds of any volunteer firefighters' relief association may be spent:

(6) To make cash payments to families in distressed circumstances by reason of age, infirmity or other disability suffered by one of the family members in the course of participation in the fire service as a volunteer firefighter.

Finding No. 5 – (Continued)

Costs associated with granting personal loans to members do not qualify as authorized volunteer firefighters' relief association expenditures; consequently, these disbursements are not authorized under Act 118.

<u>Cause</u>: Relief association officials were unaware that the aforementioned expenditures were not authorized by Act 118.

<u>Effect</u>: As a result of these improper expenditures, relief association funds were not available for investment purposes, or to pay for expenditures authorized by Act 118. Furthermore, the relief association's future state aid allocations may be withheld until the finding recommendation is complied with.

Recommendation: We recommend the relief association be reimbursed \$32,816 for the unauthorized expenditures and that relief association officials become familiar with Act 118 at 35 Pa.C.S. § 7416(f) to aid them in determining the propriety of future expenditures. For further guidance, please refer to the Auditor General's publication, MANAGEMENT GUIDELINES FOR VOLUNTEER FIREFIGHTERS' RELIEF ASSOCIATIONS.

<u>Management's Response</u>: Relief association management agreed with the finding as presented at the audit exit conference and indicated they will take action to comply with the recommendation.

<u>Auditor's Conclusion</u>: Due to the potential withhold of state aid, the relief association's compliance with the finding recommendation will be monitored subsequent to the release of the audit report and through our next audit of the relief association.

Finding No. 6 – Failure To Segregate Relief Association Officers' Duties

<u>Condition</u>: During the current audit, we detected that the same individual holding the positions of both vice president and treasurer also performed the duties of the secretary by keeping the meeting minutes.

<u>Criteria</u>: Prudent business practice dictates that the duties of the secretary and treasurer be sufficiently segregated. An adequate segregation of duties is the primary internal control intended to prevent or decrease the risk of errors or irregularities.

Finding No. 6 – (Continued)

The minimum requirements of the vice president's position, pertaining to a relief association, are to fulfill the duties of the president when he is not able to.

The minimum requirements of the treasurer's position, pertaining to a relief association, are to maintain an account of all funds belonging to the relief association. The treasurer shall maintain a journal and ledger detailing all financial transactions of the relief association along with documentation supporting the receipts and disbursements. The treasurer should co-sign all negotiable instruments along with another relief association officer. Also, financial statements should be prepared at least on an annual basis by the treasurer.

The minimum requirements of the secretary's position, pertaining to a relief association, are to maintain detailed minutes of meetings authorizing the relief association's financial operations. The secretary should review and coordinate the amending of the bylaws governing the relief association so that the bylaws meet the minimum requirements of Act 118.

<u>Cause</u>: Relief association officials were unaware that one person holding the positions of both vice-president and treasurer while also performing the duties of the secretary negates the internal controls associated with the segregation of duties.

<u>Effect</u>: An inadequate segregation of duties could prevent relief association officials and members from effectively monitoring the relief association's financial transactions.

Additionally, it negates the checks and balances necessary to detect and correct financial errors or irregularities in the relief association's accounting system.

Recommendation: We recommend the relief association ensure that there is adequate segregation of duties between the relief association's secretary and treasurer. We also recommend that the relief association review its accounting and internal control procedures to ensure that the duties performed by the secretary and treasurer are sufficiently segregated so that relief association assets are adequately safeguarded. For further guidance, please refer to the Auditor General's publication, MANAGEMENT GUIDELINES FOR VOLUNTEER FIREFIGHTERS' RELIEF ASSOCIATIONS.

<u>Management's Response</u>: Relief association management agreed with the finding as presented at the audit exit conference and indicated they will take action to comply with the recommendation.

Auditor's Conclusion: Compliance will be subject to verification through our next audit.

FEASTERVILLE VOLUNTEER FIREFIGHTERS' RELIEF ASSOCIATION OBSERVATIONS

Observation No. 1 – Scope Limitation

The Feasterville Volunteer Firefighters' Relief Association (VFRA) does not maintain canceled or imaged checks. While the VFRA provided bank statements, the VFRA failed to provide copies of canceled or imaged checks. Without copies of canceled or imaged checks, we could not determine whether two VFRA officers authorized and signed the checks.

Act 118 at 35 Pa.C.S. § 7415(c)(3) requires that the signatures of at least two officers, one of whom shall be the disbursing officer, shall be required to bind the association by formal contract or to issue a negotiable instrument.

Act 118 at 35 Pa.C.S. § 7418(a) provides that the Department of Auditor General shall have the power and its duty shall be to audit the accounts and records of every volunteer firefighters' relief association . . . as far as may be necessary to satisfy the Auditor General that the money received was or is being expended for no purpose other than that authorized by this subchapter. Copies of all audits shall be furnished to the Governor.

Generally Accepted Government Auditing Standards (GAGAS) Section No. 6.56 states, "Auditors must obtain sufficient appropriate evidence to provide a reasonable basis for their findings and conclusions." GAGAS Section No. 6.61(f) states, "Evidence obtained from a knowledgeable, credible, and unbiased third party is generally more reliable than evidence from management of the audited entity or others who have a direct interest in the audited entity."

Our inability to review canceled checks or imaged checks constitutes a scope limitation on our audit.

FEASTERVILLE VOLUNTEER FIREFIGHTERS' RELIEF ASSOCIATION OBSERVATIONS

Observation No. 2 – Scope Limitation

A portion of the Feasterville Volunteer Firefighters' Relief Association's (VFRA) investment balance amounting to \$145,838 of the total reported investment balance of \$432,514, as of December 31, 2013, could not be confirmed. While we received a confirmation of a \$286,676 investment account balance, the remaining balance of \$145,838 was not confirmed by the other financial institution. Although a request for an independent confirmation of this account balance was made to the financial institution from which the VFRA purchased this investment, the financial institution indicated that they could not confirm the balance because our request did not contain the signature of an authorized officer. This was a result of the VFRA's failure to provide their financial institution with their current officers' names. While the VFRA provided a December 31, 2013, financial institution account statement detailing this investment account balance, the financial institution failed to provide an independent confirmation of the account balance.

Act 118 at 35 Pa.C.S. § 7418(a) provides that the Department of Auditor General shall have the power and its duty shall be to audit the accounts and records of every volunteer firefighters' relief association . . . as far as may be necessary to satisfy the Auditor General that the money received was or is being expended for no purpose other than that authorized by this subchapter. Copies of all audits shall be furnished to the Governor.

Generally Accepted Government Auditing Standards (GAGAS) Section No. 6.56 states, "Auditors must obtain sufficient appropriate evidence to provide a reasonable basis for their findings and conclusions." GAGAS Section No. 6.61(f) states, "Evidence obtained from a knowledgeable, credible, and unbiased third party is generally more reliable than evidence from management of the audited entity or others who have a direct interest in the audited entity."

Statement of Auditing Standards (SAS) No. 106 requires auditors to request independent confirmations of investment balances directly from the financial institution from which the VFRA purchased the investment.

Our inability to confirm the VFRA's total investment balance constitutes a scope limitation on our audit, as this scope limitation prevented us from determining the fair value of the VFRA's total reported investment balance of \$432,514, as of December 31, 2013.

FEASTERVILLE VOLUNTEER FIREFIGHTERS' RELIEF ASSOCIATION POTENTIAL WITHHOLD OF STATE AID

A condition of a repeat finding such as that reported by Finding No. 1 in this report may lead to a total withholding of state aid in the future unless that finding is corrected. In addition, a condition such as that reported by Finding No. 5 may also lead to a total withholding of state aid in the future unless that finding is also corrected. However, such action will not be considered if sufficient documentation is provided within 60 days to verify compliance with this department's recommendations. Such documentation should be submitted by the volunteer firefighters' relief association to: Department of the Auditor General, Bureau of Municipal Pension & Liquor Control Audits, Room 316-D Finance Building, Harrisburg, PA 17120.

FEASTERVILLE VOLUNTEER FIREFIGHTERS' RELIEF ASSOCIATION ACCOMPANYING EXPENDITURE INFORMATION FOR THE PERIOD JANUARY 1, 2011 TO DECEMBER 31, 2013

Act 118 at 35 Pa.C.S. § 7412 states: a volunteer firefighters' relief association is an organization formed primarily for the purpose of affording financial protection to volunteer firefighters against the consequences of misfortune suffered as a result of their participation in the fire service. The organization may contain within its membership the members of one or more fire companies and may serve secondary purposes, as set forth in this subchapter, but only if adequate provisions have been first made to serve the primary purpose.

Act 118 at 35 Pa.C.S. § 7416 authorizes the investment of relief association funds and outlines the types of benefits and services that can be provided with volunteer firefighters' relief association funds.

Furthermore, all expenditures must be properly authorized as prescribed in the volunteer firefighters' relief association bylaws and approved at an association meeting.

USES OF FUNDS:

Benefit Services:		
Insurance premiums	\$	41,777
Death benefits		22,500
Relief benefits		580
Total Benefit Services	\$	64,857
Fire Services:		
Equipment purchased	\$	148,106
Equipment maintenance		35,773
Training expenses		3,488
Total Fire Services	\$	187,367
Administrative Services:	ф	c 20.4
Other administrative expenses	\$	6,204
Total Investments Purchased	\$	361,595
Other Expenditures:		
Principal payments on lease-financing	\$	99,974
Interest payments on lease-financing		4,384
Undocumented expenditures		8,936
Personal loans to members		51,486
Total Other Expenditures	\$	164,780

FEASTERVILLE VOLUNTEER FIREFIGHTERS' RELIEF ASSOCIATION REPORT DISTRIBUTION LIST

This report was initially distributed to the following:

The Honorable Tom Corbett Governor Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

Feasterville Volunteer Firefighters' Relief Association Governing Body:

Mr. David Walter President

Mr. Brian Walter Vice President/Treasurer

Mr. David Williams Secretary

Mr. Christopher Cummins Member At Large

A report was also distributed to the following municipality, which allocated foreign fire insurance tax monies to this relief association:

Mr. Edward Shannon Secretary
Lower Southampton Township

This report is a matter of public record and is available online at www.auditorgen.state.pa.us. Media questions about the report can be directed to the Pennsylvania Department of the Auditor General, Office of Communications, 231 Finance Building, Harrisburg, PA 17120; via email to: news@auditorgen.state.pa.us.