

CITY OF READING POLICE PENSION PLAN

BERKS COUNTY

COMPLIANCE AUDIT REPORT

FOR THE PERIOD

JANUARY 1, 2007, TO DECEMBER 31, 2008



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ABBREVIATION

PERC - Public Employee Retirement Commission

BACKGROUND

On December 18, 1984, the Pennsylvania Legislature adopted the Municipal Pension Plan Funding Standard and Recovery Act (P.L. 1005, No. 205, as amended, 53 P.S. § 895.101 et seq.). The act established mandatory actuarial reporting and funding requirements and a uniform basis for the distribution of state aid to Pennsylvania's public pension plans. Section 402(j) of Act 205 specifically requires the Auditor General, as deemed necessary, to make an audit of every municipality which receives general municipal pension system State aid and of every municipal pension plan and fund in which general municipal pension system State aid is deposited.

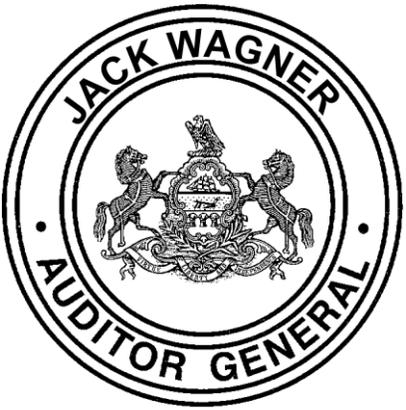
Pension plan aid is provided from a 2 percent foreign casualty insurance premium tax, a portion of the foreign fire insurance tax designated for paid firefighters and any investment income earned on the collection of these taxes. Generally, municipal pension plans established prior to December 18, 1984, are eligible for state aid. For municipal pension plans established after that date, the sponsoring municipality must fund the plan for three plan years before it becomes eligible for state aid. In accordance with Act 205, a municipality's annual state aid allocation cannot exceed its actual pension costs.

In addition to Act 205, the City of Reading Police Pension Plan is also governed by implementing regulations adopted by the Public Employee Retirement Commission published at Title 16, Part IV of the Pennsylvania Code and applicable provisions of various other state statutes including, but not limited to, the following:

Act 147 - Special Ad Hoc Municipal Police and Firefighter Postretirement Adjustment Act, Act of December 14, 1988 (P.L. 1192, No. 147), as amended, 53 P.S. § 896.101 et seq.

Act 317 - The Third Class City Code, Act of June 23, 1931 (P.L. 932, No. 317), as amended, 53 P.S. § 35101 et seq.

The City of Reading Police Pension Plan is a single-employer defined benefit pension plan locally controlled by the provisions of Article No. 183 of the Codified Ordinances of the City of Reading, as amended. The plan is also affected by the provisions of collective bargaining agreements between the city and its police officers.



The Honorable Mayor and City Council
City of Reading
Berks County
Reading, PA 19601

We have conducted a compliance audit of the City of Reading Police Pension Plan for the period January 1, 2007, to December 31, 2008. The audit was conducted pursuant to authority derived from Section 402(j) of Act 205 and in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* applicable to performance audits issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform our audit to obtain sufficient, appropriate evidence to provide a reasonable basis for our findings and conclusions based on our audit objectives. We believe that the evidence obtained provides a reasonable basis for our findings and conclusions based on our audit objectives.

The objectives of the audit were:

1. To determine if municipal officials took appropriate corrective action to address the findings contained in our prior audit report; and
2. To determine if the pension plan was administered in compliance with applicable state laws, regulations, contracts, administrative procedures, and local ordinances and policies.

Our audit was limited to the areas related to the objectives identified above. The City of Reading contracted with an independent certified public accounting firm for annual audits of its basic financial statements which are available at the city's offices. Those financial statements were not audited by us and, accordingly, we express no opinion or other form of assurance on them.

City officials are responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal controls to provide reasonable assurance that the City of Reading Police Pension Plan is administered in compliance with applicable state laws, regulations, contracts, administrative procedures, and local ordinances and policies. In conducting our audit, we obtained an understanding of the city's internal controls as they relate to the city's compliance with those requirements and that we considered to be significant within the context of our audit objectives, and assessed whether those significant controls were properly designed and implemented. Additionally, we tested transactions, assessed official actions, performed analytical procedures and interviewed selected officials to the extent necessary to satisfy the audit objectives.

The results of our tests indicated that, in all significant respects, the City of Reading Police Pension Plan was administered in compliance with applicable state laws, regulations, contracts, administrative procedures, and local ordinances and policies, except as noted in the following findings further discussed later in this report:

- Finding No. 1 – Noncompliance With Prior Audit Recommendation – Failure To Fully Pay The Minimum Municipal Obligation Of The Plan
- Finding No. 2 – Noncompliance With Prior Audit Recommendation – Pension Benefits In Excess Of The Third Class City Code
- Finding No. 3 – Noncompliance With Prior Audit Recommendation – Failure To Properly Determine And Pay The Minimum Municipal Obligation Of The Plan
- Finding No. 4 – Noncompliance With Prior Audit Recommendation – Incorrect Data On Certification Form AG 385 Resulting In An Overpayment Of State Aid
- Finding No. 5 – Noncompliance With Prior Audit Recommendation – Incorrect Data On Certification Form AG 490 Resulting In An Overpayment Of State Aid
- Finding No. 6 – Noncompliance With Prior Audit Recommendation – Pension Benefits Modified Without Complete And Accurate Cost Estimate

The accompanying supplementary information is presented for purposes of additional analysis. We did not audit the information and, accordingly, express no form of assurance on it.

We are extremely concerned about the city's financial condition as noted in the Observation contained in this report, which indicates a continued decline of revenues available to satisfy the long-term liabilities of the city's pension plans. We encourage city officials to make responsible decisions when monitoring the funding of its pension plans to ensure their long-term financial stability.

The contents of this report were discussed with officials of the City of Reading and, where appropriate, their responses have been included in the report.

March 9, 2010

JACK WAGNER
Auditor General

CITY OF READING POLICE PENSION PLAN
STATUS OF PRIOR FINDINGS

Noncompliance With Prior Audit Recommendations

The City of Reading has not complied with the prior audit recommendations concerning the following as further discussed in the Findings and Recommendations section of this report:

- Failure To Fully Pay The Minimum Municipal Obligation Of The Plan
- Pension Benefits In Excess Of The Third Class City Code
- Failure To Properly Determine And Pay The Minimum Municipal Obligation Of The Plan
- Incorrect Data On Certification Form AG 385 Resulting In An Overpayment Of State Aid
- Incorrect Data On Certification Form AG 490 Resulting In An Overpayment Of State Aid
- Pension Benefits Modified Without Complete And Accurate Cost Estimate

CITY OF READING POLICE PENSION PLAN
FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Finding No. 1 – Noncompliance With Prior Audit Recommendation – Failure To Fully Pay The Minimum Municipal Obligation Of The Plan

Condition: As disclosed in the prior audit report, since the city reimbursed the Commonwealth from assets of the police pension plan for overpayments of state aid received in the years 2002, 2003 and 2005, the city now has not fully paid the minimum municipal obligation (MMO) that was due to the police pension plan for the years 2002, 2003 and 2005, as required by Act 205. The city has a total unpaid MMO balance of \$52,600.

Criteria: Section 302(d) of Act 205 states, in part:

The minimum obligation of the municipality shall be payable to the pension plan from the revenue of the municipality.

Cause: City officials failed to establish adequate internal control procedures to ensure compliance with the prior audit recommendation.

Effect: The failure to fully pay the MMO could result in the plan not having adequate resources to meet current and future benefit obligations to its members.

Recommendation: We again recommend that the city pay the outstanding MMO due to the police pension plan for the years 2002, 2003 and 2005, with interest, from the date of the reimbursement to the Commonwealth. A copy of the interest calculation must be maintained by the city for examination during our next audit of the plan.

Management's Response: Municipal officials agreed with the finding without exception.

Auditor's Conclusion: A copy of this audit report will be provided to the Public Employee Retirement Commission for their review.

Finding No. 2 – Noncompliance With Prior Audit Recommendation – Pension Benefits In Excess Of The Third Class City Code

Condition: As disclosed in the prior audit report, the pension plan's governing document, as well as the collective bargaining agreement between the police officers and the city grants benefits not authorized by the Third Class City Code.

CITY OF READING POLICE PENSION PLAN
FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Finding No. 2 – (Continued)

The unauthorized provisions are noted below:

<u>Benefit Provision</u>	<u>Governing Document/ Collective Bargaining Agreement</u>	<u>Third Class City Code</u>
Normal retirement benefits	Effective January 1, 2007, members may retire with 20 years of service (YOS) at a 60% payout, 21 YOS at a 62% payout, 22 YOS at a 64% payout, 23 YOS at a 66% payout, 24 YOS at a 68% payout, and 25 YOS at a 70% payout.	A monthly benefit of up to 50% of the higher of the rate of monthly pay at the date of termination or the highest average annual salary during any 5 years of service.
Members contributions	Effective January 1, 2007, member's contribution rate is 6.5% of base salary, plus \$1/per month.	Member's contribution rate of up to 5% of the officer's compensation, plus service increment contributions.
Additional service credit	Any member who has not retired shall be entitled to have full credit (consistent with the Military Buy Back standard) for each year or fraction thereof, to the completed month, not to exceed 5 years under the conditions that he shall pay the buy back rate based upon his first year of hire and the buyback may be made at any time prior to retirement but current retirement standards shall apply.	Not authorized

Criteria: The pension plan's benefit structure should be in compliance with the provisions of the Third Class City Code.

CITY OF READING POLICE PENSION PLAN
FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Finding No. 2 – (Continued)

Cause: The unauthorized benefits were the subject of collective bargaining between the city and its police officers and, as further discussed in Finding No. 6, approved without the benefit of a complete and accurate estimate of their costs prior to implementation.

Effect: The plan is paying pension benefits to 35 retirees in excess of those authorized by the Third Class City Code. As of December 31, 2009, these retirees are receiving excess monthly benefits of \$37,451, which totaled \$738,280 January 1, 2007, to December 31, 2009. In addition, 57 plan members bought back non-military, civilian service time which is not authorized by the Third Class City Code, resulting in an additional \$570,896 in excess benefits paid to 12 participants through December 31, 2009, which would not have otherwise been paid since these members would not have attained the minimum required 20 years of service necessary for retirement under Third Class Code provisions.

Providing unauthorized pension benefits increases the plan's pension costs and reduces the amount of funds available for investment purposes or for the payment of authorized benefits or administrative expenses. Since the city received state aid based on unit value during the current audit period, it did not receive allocations attributable to the excess pension benefits provided. However, the increased costs to the pension plan as a result of the excess pension benefits could result in the receipt of excess state aid in the future and increase the municipal contributions necessary to fund the plan in accordance with Act 205 funding standards.

Recommendation: We again recommend that the city comply with the Third Class City Code upon the renewal, extension, or renegotiation of the collective bargaining agreement. To the extent that the city is not in compliance with the Third Class City Code and/or is contractually obligated to pay benefits to existing retirees in excess of those authorized by the Third Class City Code, the excess benefits must be reflected in the Act 205 actuarial valuation reports for the plan and funded in accordance with Act 205 funding standards. Furthermore, such benefits will be deemed ineligible for funding with state pension aid. In such case, the plan's actuary may be required to determine the impact, if any, of the excess benefits on the plan's future state aid allocations and submit this information to the department.

Management's Response: During the collective bargaining with the Fraternal Order of Police, the City of Reading negotiated the benefit increases. In upcoming negotiations, it is the intent of the City to comply with the Third Class City Code.

Auditor's Conclusion: Compliance will be evaluated during our next audit of the plan.

CITY OF READING POLICE PENSION PLAN
FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Finding No. 3 – Noncompliance With Prior Audit Recommendation – Failure To Properly Determine And Pay The Minimum Municipal Obligation Of The Plan

Condition: As disclosed in the prior audit report, plan officials did not properly determine or pay the minimum municipal obligation (MMO) of the police pension plan for the year 2007, as required by Act 205. The MMO determined by the municipality understated W-2 payroll by \$3,324,228. Based upon an estimate prepared by this department, the municipality had an unpaid MMO of \$1,054,474 for the year 2007.

Criteria: With regard to the MMO, Section 302(c) of Act 205 states, in part:

Annually, the chief administrative officer of the pension plan shall determine the minimum obligation of the municipality with respect to the pension plan for the following plan year.

With regard to the payroll estimate used in the preparation of the MMO, the Pennsylvania Code, Title 16, Section 204.1(c)(1) states, in part:

The payroll used in determining the minimum municipal obligation of a pension plan under section 302(c) of the act shall be based on the payroll to be reported on the Internal Revenue Service Form W-2 and shall be calculated as the total payroll for active members of the plan as of the date of the determination, plus the payroll for the same active members of the plan projected to the year's end using the payroll rates in effect as of the date of the determination.

Section 302(d) of Act 205 states, in part:

The minimum obligation of the municipality shall be payable to the pension plan from the revenue of the municipality.

Furthermore, Section 302(e) of Act 205 states, in part:

Any amount of the minimum obligation of the municipality which remains unpaid as of December 31 of the year in which the minimum obligation is due shall be added to the minimum obligation of the municipality for the following year, with interest from January 1 of the year in which the minimum obligation was first due until the date the payment is paid. . . .

CITY OF READING POLICE PENSION PLAN
FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Finding No. 3 – (Continued)

Regarding the deposit of bond proceeds, Section 404(h)(2) of Act 205, states, in part:

In the case of municipalities submitting biennial actuarial valuation reports pursuant to Section 201, the cancellation of the amortization contribution requirement component of the minimum municipal obligation shall be effective as follows:

(iii) if the effective date of the deposit of the bond or note proceeds is in an even-numbered year, the cancellation shall be effective for the year preceding and the year following the valuation date of the first actuarial valuation report prepared under Chapter 2 reflecting the deposit of the bond or note proceeds.

In addition, Section 404(i) of Act 205 states:

Deposit and use of proceeds of bonds, notes or an alternative funding mechanism. The total net proceeds of bonds, notes or an alternative funding mechanism shall be deposited into the pension fund of the municipality within 30 days of receipt by the municipality or the effective date of this act, shall be treated as an amortization contribution for the purposes of reporting under Chapter 2 and shall not be used to pay any portion of the municipality's minimum municipal obligation determined under Section 302. (Emphasis added)

Cause: Plan officials did not comply with the Act 205 requirements because bond proceeds were deposited into the plan on December 28, 2006, and the city believed this deposit satisfied the entire MMO for 2007. In addition, plan officials failed to establish adequate internal control procedures to ensure that payroll was reasonably estimated.

Effect: The proper determination of the plan's MMO ensures plan officials can properly allocate the necessary resources to the pension plan for the upcoming year. The failure to pay the MMO could result in the plan not having adequate resources to meet current and future benefit obligations to its members.

Due to the municipality's failure to pay the 2007 MMO by the December 31, 2007, deadline, the municipality must add the 2007 MMO balance to the current year's MMO and include interest, as required by Act 205.

CITY OF READING POLICE PENSION PLAN
FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Finding No. 3 – (Continued)

Recommendation: We again recommend that the city pay the outstanding MMO due to the police pension plan for the year 2007, with interest, in accordance with Section 302(e) of Act 205. A copy of the interest calculation must be maintained by the city for examination during our next audit of the plan.

Furthermore, we recommend that plan officials implement adequate internal control procedures to ensure more accurate estimates of the payroll used in MMO determinations.

Management's Response: Based on the deposits of the proceeds from the City's Federally Taxable General Obligation Bonds in 2006, the city, through its financial advisors, believes that it met its obligation to the pension plan and should not owe any additional MMO payment for fiscal year 2007.

Auditor's Conclusion: Based on the criteria cited above, only the amortization contribution requirement may be eliminated for 2006 and 2007 due to the bond issue, not the MMO payment; therefore, the finding and recommendation remain as stated. A copy of this audit report will be provided to the Public Employee Retirement Commission for their review.

Finding No. 4 – Noncompliance With Prior Audit Recommendation – Incorrect Data On Certification Form AG 385 Resulting In An Overpayment Of State Aid

Condition: As disclosed in the prior audit report, the city did not certify 1 eligible police officer (2 units), certified 29 ineligible officers and employees (29 units), and certified 1 ineligible firefighter (2 units) on the 2006 Certification Form AG 385. Furthermore, the city certified 1 ineligible police officer (2 units), certified 32 ineligible officers and employees (32 units), and certified 1 ineligible firefighter (2 units) on the 2007 Certification Form AG 385.

In addition, our current audit has disclosed that the city certified 7 ineligible police officers (14 units) and certified 20 ineligible firefighters (40 units) on the 2008 Certification Form AG 385.

Criteria: Pursuant to Act 205, at Section 402(e)(2), in order to be eligible for certification, an employee must have been employed on a full-time basis for at least six consecutive months and must have been participating in a pension plan during the certification year.

Cause: Plan officials have again failed to establish adequate internal control procedures to ensure that the data submitted on Certification Form AG 385 is monitored and reviewed for accuracy and compliance with Act 205 certification requirements.

CITY OF READING POLICE PENSION PLAN
FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Finding No. 4 – (Continued)

Effect: The data submitted on these certification forms is used, in part, to calculate the state aid due to the city for distribution to its pension plans. Since the city’s state aid allocations were based on unit value, the effect of the incorrect certification of pension data on the city’s state aid allocations is identified below:

Year	Type Of Plan	Units Overstated (Understated)	Unit Value	State Aid Overpayment (Underpayment)
2006	Police	(2)	\$ 3,089	\$ (6,178)
	Officers and Employees	29	3,089	89,581
	Firemen’s	2	3,089	6,178
				\$ 89,581
2007	Police	2	\$ 3,206	\$ 6,412
	Officers and Employees	32	3,206	102,592
	Firemen’s	2	3,206	6,412
				\$ 115,416
2008	Police	14	\$ 3,186	\$ 44,604
	Firemen’s	40	3,186	127,440
				\$ 172,044
Total Overpayment of State Aid				\$ 377,041

In addition, since the city used the overpayments of state aid to pay the minimum municipal obligations (MMOs) due to the police, firemen’s, and officers and employees pension plans, if the reimbursement to the Commonwealth is made from any of the pension plans, the plans’ MMOs will not be fully paid.

CITY OF READING POLICE PENSION PLAN
FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Finding No. 4 – (Continued)

Recommendation: We recommend that the total excess state aid, in the amount of \$377,041, be returned to the Commonwealth. A check in this amount, with interest compounded annually from date of receipt to date of repayment, at a rate earned by the pension plan, should be made payable to: Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and mailed to: Department of the Auditor General, Municipal Pension & Fire Relief Programs Unit, 11 Stanwix Street, Suite 1450, Pittsburgh, PA 15222. A copy of the interest calculation must be submitted along with the check.

We also recommend that, in the future, plan officials comply with the instructions that accompany Certification Form AG 385 to assist them in accurately reporting the required pension data.

In addition, if the reimbursement to the Commonwealth is made from police, firemen's or officers and employees pension plan funds, we recommend that any resulting MMO deficiencies be paid to the pension plan with interest, at a rate earned by the pension plan.

Management's Response: Municipal officials agreed with the finding without exception.

Finding No. 5 – Noncompliance With Prior Audit Recommendation – Incorrect Data On Certification Form AG 490 Resulting In An Overpayment Of State Aid

Condition: As disclosed in the prior audit report, the city supplied incorrect data regarding police and firefighter personnel on Certification Form AG 490 for the years 2006 and 2007. In 2006, the city certified ineligible payments of \$4,050 for police officers and did not certify eligible payments of \$600 for firefighters. In 2007, the city certified ineligible payments of \$6,225 for police officers and did not certify eligible payments of \$225 for firefighters.

In addition, our current disclosed that the city certified ineligible payments to two deceased pension recipients amounting to \$1,350 in 2008 and certified ineligible payments to one deceased pension recipient amounting to \$1,800 in 2009.

Criteria: Section 502 of Act 147, as amended, states, in part:

(a) General rule –

Except as provided in subsection (b), beginning January 1, 1990, the Commonwealth shall reimburse a municipality, from the special account established under Section 701, for the actual special ad hoc adjustment paid under Chapter 3 during the previous calendar year.

CITY OF READING POLICE PENSION PLAN
FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Finding No. 5 – (Continued)

Cause: The city failed to establish adequate internal control procedures to ensure the accuracy of the data certified.

Effect: The data submitted on these certification forms is used to calculate the reimbursement due the city for ad hoc postretirement adjustments granted pursuant to Chapter 3 of Act 147. The effects of the incorrect certification of pension data on the city’s reimbursements are identified below:

Year	Reimbursement Claimed	Reimbursement Due	Excess Reimbursement
2006	\$ 53,850	\$ 50,400	\$ 3,450
2007	53,850	47,850	6,000
2008	47,850	46,500	1,350
2009	45,600	43,800	1,800
		Total	<u>\$ 12,600</u>

Recommendation: We recommend that the total excess reimbursement, in the amount of \$12,600, be returned to the Commonwealth. A check in this amount, with interest compounded annually from date of receipt to date of repayment, at a rate earned by the pension plan, should be made payable to: Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and mailed to: Department of the Auditor General, Municipal Pension & Fire Relief Programs Unit, 11 Stanwix Street, Suite 1450, Pittsburgh, PA 15222. A copy of the interest calculation must be submitted along with the check.

We also recommend that, in the future, plan officials comply with the instructions that accompany Certification Form AG 490 to assist them in accurately reporting the required pension data.

Management’s Response: Municipal officials agreed with the finding without exception.

CITY OF READING POLICE PENSION PLAN
FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Finding No. 6 – Noncompliance With Prior Audit Recommendation – Pension Benefits
Modified Without Complete And Accurate Cost Estimate

Condition: As disclosed in the prior audit report, pension benefits for members of the city’s police pension plan were increased without a complete and accurate cost estimate of the effect of the increases prior to implementation, as required by Act 205.

The collective bargaining agreement dated August 28, 2007, covering the period January 1, 2007, through December 31, 2011, and Bill No. 70 of 2007 contained benefit modifications. Although several cost estimates were prepared for many of these benefit modifications included in the collective bargaining agreement and the plan’s governing document, the provision for the purchase of prior non-military service time cited in Finding No. 2 was not included in any of the cost estimates prepared.

Criteria: Section 305(a) of Act 205 states:

Prior to the adoption of any benefit plan modification by the governing body of the municipality, the chief administrative officer of each pension plan shall provide to the governing body of the municipality a cost estimate of the effect of the proposed benefit plan modification.

Furthermore, Section 305(b) of Act 205 states, in part:

If the pension plan is a defined benefit plan which is self-insured in whole or in part, the cost estimate shall be prepared by an approved actuary. . . .

In addition, Section 305(e) of Act 205 states:

Any cost estimate of the effect of the proposed benefit plan modification shall be complete and accurate and shall be presented in a way reasonably calculated to disclose to the average person comprising the membership of the governing body of the municipality, the impact of the proposed benefit plan, the modification on the future financial requirements of the pension plan and the future minimum obligation of the municipality with respect to the pension plan.

Cause: Plan officials failed to establish adequate internal control procedures to ensure the actuarial cost estimate prepared for the benefit modifications included an analysis of all of the proposed benefit modifications in accordance with Act 205 requirements.

CITY OF READING POLICE PENSION PLAN
FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Finding No. 6 – (Continued)

Effect: Implementing benefit increases without a complete and accurate cost estimate could have a significant impact on the funding levels of the plan and the municipal contributions necessary to fund the plan in accordance with Act 205 funding standards. Act 205 requires that any unfunded liability resulting from a benefit change for active members must be amortized in 20 years and for retired members in 10 years. In order for municipal officials to make an informed decision concerning approval of proposed benefit changes, it is imperative that a complete and accurate estimate of the proposed changes be prepared by an approved actuary and be available for review prior to implementation of the proposed benefit modifications.

Recommendation: We again recommend in the interest of transparency that the city obtain a cost estimate for the service credit provisions included in the collective bargaining agreement and plan governing document in accordance with Act 205 requirements.

We further recommend that any future benefit modifications be preceded by a cost estimate prepared in accordance with Act 205 requirements.

Management's Response: Municipal officials agreed with the finding without exception.

CITY OF READING POLICE PENSION PLAN
POTENTIAL WITHHOLD OF STATE AID

Finding Nos. 4 and 5 contained in this audit report cite overpayments of state aid to the city in the amounts of \$377,041 and \$12,600, respectively. Conditions of this nature may lead to a total withholding of state aid in the future unless those findings are corrected. A check in this total combined amount with interest, at a rate earned by the pension plan, should be made payable to: Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, and mailed to: Department of the Auditor General, Municipal Pension & Fire Relief Programs Unit, 11 Stanwix Street, Suite 1450, Pittsburgh, PA 15222.

A condition of a repeat finding such as that reported by Finding No. 3 contained in this audit report may lead to a total withholding of state aid in the future unless that finding is corrected. However, such action will not be considered if sufficient written documentation is provided to verify compliance with this department's recommendation. Such documentation should be submitted to: Department of the Auditor General, Bureau of Municipal Pension Audits, 406 Finance Building, Harrisburg, PA 17120.

CITY OF READING POLICE PENSION PLAN
 SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
 (UNAUDITED)

SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS

Historical trend information about the plan is presented herewith as supplementary information. It is intended to help users assess the plan's funding status on a going-concern basis, assess progress made in accumulating assets to pay benefits when due, and make comparisons with other state and local government retirement systems.

The actuarial information is required by Act 205 biennially, except for distressed pension plans, for which annual reporting was required through January 1, 2003. The historical information, beginning as of January 1, 2003, is as follows:

	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets (a)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) - Entry Age (b)	Unfunded (Assets in Excess of) Actuarial Accrued Liability (b) - (a)	Funded Ratio (a)/(b)	Covered Payroll (c)	Unfunded (Assets in Excess of) Actuarial Accrued Liability as a % of Payroll [(b-a)/(c)]
01-01-03	\$ 43,823,323	\$ 58,403,692	\$ 14,580,369	75.0%	\$ 9,656,468	151.0%
01-01-05	48,078,705	68,124,235	20,045,530	70.6%	10,069,858	199.1%
01-01-07	81,843,587	88,931,216	7,087,629	92.0%	11,186,195	63.4%

Note - The actuarial value of assets at 01-01-07 includes bond proceeds deposited in 2006.

CITY OF READING POLICE PENSION PLAN
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
(UNAUDITED)

The comparability of trend information is affected by changes in actuarial assumptions, benefit provisions, actuarial funding methods, accounting policies, and other changes. Those changes usually affect trends in contribution requirements and in ratios that use the actuarial accrued liability as a factor.

Analysis of the dollar amount of the actuarial value of assets, actuarial accrued liability, and unfunded (assets in excess of) actuarial accrued liability in isolation can be misleading. Expressing the actuarial value of assets as a percentage of the actuarial accrued liability (Column 4) provides one indication of the plan's funding status on a going-concern basis. Analysis of this percentage, over time, indicates whether the system is becoming financially stronger or weaker. Generally, the greater this percentage, the stronger the plan.

Trends in unfunded (assets in excess of) actuarial accrued liability and annual covered payroll are both affected by inflation. Expressing the unfunded (assets in excess of) actuarial accrued liability as a percentage of annual covered payroll (Column 6) approximately adjusts for the effects of inflation and aids analysis of the plan's progress made in accumulating sufficient assets to pay benefits when due. Generally, where there is an unfunded actuarial accrued liability, the smaller this percentage, the stronger the plan. However, when assets are in excess of the actuarial accrued liability, the higher the bracketed percentage, the stronger the plan.

CITY OF READING POLICE PENSION PLAN
 SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
 (UNAUDITED)

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS FROM EMPLOYER
 AND OTHER CONTRIBUTING ENTITIES

Year Ended December 31	Annual Required Contribution	Percentage Contributed
2003	\$ 1,581,096	99.0%
2004	2,583,681	100.0%
2005	2,836,898	99.6%
2006	2,113,547	100.0%
2007	2,150,234	51.0%
2008	1,705,470	100.0%

CITY OF READING POLICE PENSION PLAN
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
(UNAUDITED)

The information presented in the required supplementary schedules was determined as part of the actuarial valuation at the date indicated. Additional information as of the latest actuarial valuation date follows:

Actuarial valuation date	January 1, 2007
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal
Amortization method	Level dollar
Remaining amortization period	20 years
Asset valuation method	Market value
Actuarial assumptions:	
Investment rate of return *	7.5%
Projected salary increases *	5.0%
* Includes inflation at	Not disclosed
Cost-of-living adjustments	None assumed

CITY OF READING POLICE PENSION PLAN OBSERVATION

On September 10, 2009, the Department of Community and Economic Development (DCED) received a request for Determination of Municipal Financial Distress under the Municipalities Financial Recovery Act (Act of 1987 P.L. 246, No. 47) from the Mayor of the City of Reading. This Act empowers DCED to declare certain municipalities as financially distressed; provides for the restructuring of debt of financially distressed municipalities; limits the ability of financially distressed municipalities to obtain government funding; authorizes municipalities to participate in Federal debt adjustment actions under certain circumstances; and provides for consolidation or merger of contiguous municipalities to relieve financial distress.

DCED issued a report titled “Municipalities Financial Recovery Act Consultative Evaluation” on the City of Reading dated October 14, 2009, which contains the following recommendation:

Based on our analysis of the City’s fiscal condition, tax base and revenue trends, debt service obligations, current and projected 2008 financial position, expenditure and workforce trends, pension obligations, use of inter-fund transfers, socio-economic and demographic trends and administrative and financial management practices, it is our recommendation that the City of Reading be declared distressed under Act 47.

Clearly the City is and has been experiencing ongoing financial challenges over the past several years. These conditions make it difficult for the City to continue to fulfill its responsibilities to provide for the health, safety and welfare of its citizens. Our recommendation is based upon a pattern of:

- Increasing year-end deficits;
- Increasing negative fund balances;
- Decline of tax revenue in constant dollars taking inflation into account;
- Increasing annual costs particularly in public safety departments and employee benefits; and
- Use of one-time revenue strategies that are not sustainable.

Given Reading’s current fiscal position there are serious questions and uncertainty as to its ability to maintain municipal services without an adverse impact on the health, safety and welfare of residents of the City. In our opinion, Reading is exhibiting symptoms of distress that support a distress determination under Act 47.

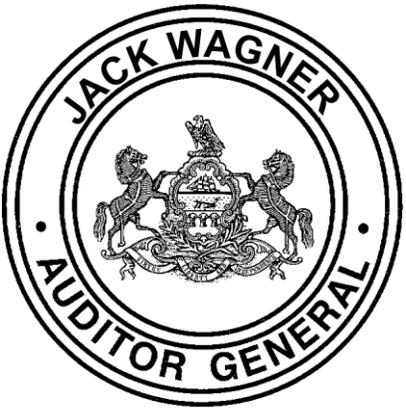
CITY OF READING POLICE PENSION PLAN
OBSERVATION

On May 6, 2010, a Municipalities Financial Recovery Act Recovery Plan for the City of Reading prepared on behalf of DCED was filed with the Reading City Clerk's Office. In the Executive Summary of this report it was noted that:

The City of Reading is in a severe financial crisis and it must take immediate action to preserve its fiscal health while continuing to provide basic services to residents, businesses and visitors. Failure to act now will soon be catastrophic. The depth and immediacy of the crisis cannot be overstated.

In addition, the City of Reading Financial and Compliance Audit Report for the year ended December 31, 2008, contains the following information noted under the heading Financial Highlights for Fiscal Year 2008:

2008 was yet another year of financial difficulty. While expenditures met budget expectations, revenues fell short of expectations. The resulting deficiency of revenues over expenditures required strict cost containment and tight fiscal controls throughout 2008. Projections indicate the City is facing a cumulative structural deficit that will exceed any remedy or form of corrective action, unless substantial reform is achieved in the future. The likelihood of continued deficits in the future, in view of tight fiscal controls and reductions in personnel, suggests that financial problems faced by the City of Reading are structural and beyond the extent of improving operational efficiency. In 2008, the City of Reading, in conjunction with the cities of Easton, Bethlehem, Lancaster, and York, authorized the Pennsylvania Economy League (PEL) to undertake a comparative fiscal health analysis. The analysis concluded that total natural revenues generated in each of the five study cities are insufficient to support the cost of fundamental municipal services. The analysis further concluded that the erosion of the urban tax base, taken in combination with increasing demands for municipal services and rising personnel costs have forced cities to rely on various forms of operational supplements. This reliance cannot be sustained indefinitely. That these five cities only operate in the black from the sale of assets, debt mechanisms and fund transfers calls the very sustainability of local government in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania into question.



CITY OF READING POLICE PENSION PLAN
REPORT DISTRIBUTION LIST

This report was initially distributed to the following:

The Honorable Edward G. Rendell
Governor
Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

City of Reading Police Pension Plan
Berks County
815 Washington Street
Reading, PA 19601

The Honorable Thomas M. McMahon	Mayor
Mr. Vaughn Spencer	Council President
Mr. Carl Geffken	Finance Director
Mr. James L. McAneny	Public Employee Retirement Commission

This report is a matter of public record. Copies of this report may be obtained from the Pennsylvania Department of the Auditor General, Office of Communications, Room 318 Finance Building, Harrisburg, PA 17120. If you have any questions regarding this report or any other matter, you may contact the Department of the Auditor General by accessing our website at www.auditorgen.state.pa.us.