COMPLIANCE AUDIT

Relief Association Fund of Lafayette Fire Company

Lancaster County, Pennsylvania For the Period January 1, 2016 to December 31, 2018

May 2019



Commonwealth of Pennsylvania Department of the Auditor General

Eugene A. DePasquale • Auditor General





Commonwealth of Pennsylvania
Department of the Auditor General
Harrisburg, PA 17120-0018
Facebook: Pennsylvania Auditor General
Twitter: @PAAuditorGen
www.PaAuditor.gov

EUGENE A. DEPASQUALE AUDITOR GENERAL

Mr. Jeffrey Hatfield, President Relief Association Fund of Lafayette Fire Company Lancaster County

We have conducted a compliance audit of the Relief Association Fund of Lafayette Fire Company (relief association) pursuant to authority derived from Article VIII, Section 10 of the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, Section 403 of The Fiscal Code, Act of April 9, 1929, (P.L. 343, No. 176), and mandated by the Volunteer Firefighters' Relief Association Act, as consolidated by the Act of November 23, 2010 (P.L. 1181, No. 118), at 35 Pa.C.S. § 7411 *et seq.*, for the period January 1, 2016 to December 31, 2018.

The objectives of the audit were:

- 1. To determine if the relief association took appropriate corrective action to address the findings contained in our prior audit report.
- 2. To determine if the relief association complied with applicable state laws, contracts, bylaws, and administrative procedures as they relate to the receipt of state aid and the expenditure of relief association funds.

Our audit was limited to the areas related to the objectives identified above and was not required to be and was not conducted in accordance with Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Relief association officers are responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal controls to provide reasonable assurance that the relief association's administration of state aid and accumulated relief funds complies with applicable state laws, contracts, bylaws, and administrative procedures, including the safeguarding of assets. Relief association officers are responsible for complying with applicable state laws, contracts, bylaws, and administrative procedures. It is our responsibility to perform procedures to obtain sufficient, appropriate evidence to the extent necessary to satisfy the audit objectives. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our conclusions.

We were not able to obtain an independent confirmation of the cash balance directly from the financial institution. Therefore, while the relief association provided bank statements that indicated that, as of December 31, 2018, the relief association had a cash balance of \$68,155, we were not able to verify this cash balance.

Based on our audit procedures, we conclude that, for the period January 1, 2016 to December 31, 2018:

- Except for the effects, if any, of the matter described in the preceding paragraph, the relief association took appropriate corrective action to address two of the three findings contained in our prior audit report. However, the relief association failed to take appropriate corrective action to address the one remaining finding contained in our prior audit report, as listed below and discussed in the Status of Prior Findings section of this report.
- Because of the significance of the matters described in the findings below and discussed
 later in this report, the relief association did not, in all significant respects, comply with
 applicable state laws, contracts, bylaws, and administrative procedures as they relate to the
 receipt of state aid and the expenditure of relief association funds, collectively as a whole.
 Therefore, the relief association may be subject to the potential withholding of its
 upcoming state aid distribution, as discussed in the Potential Withhold of State Aid section
 of this report.

Finding No. 1 - Noncompliance With Prior Audit Recommendation - Unauthorized Expenditures

Finding No. 2 – Undocumented Expenditures

Finding No. 3 - Inappropriate Ownership Of Vehicle

The supplementary financial information contained in this report is presented for purposes of additional disclosure and analysis. We performed only limited procedures on the supplementary financial information and, accordingly, express no form of assurance on it.

The contents of this report were discussed with the management of the relief association and, where appropriate, their responses have been included in the report. We would like to thank the relief association officials for the cooperation extended to us during the conduct of the audit.

April 24, 2019

EUGENE A. DEPASQUALE

Eugrafi O-Pasyer

Auditor General

CONTENTS

	<u>Page</u>
Background	1
Status of Prior Findings	3
Findings and Recommendations:	
Finding No. 1 – Noncompliance With Prior Audit Recommendation – Unauthorized Expenditures	4
Finding No. 2 – Undocumented Expenditures	5
Finding No. 3 – Inappropriate Ownership Of Vehicle	7
Potential Withhold of State Aid	8
Supplementary Financial Information	9
Report Distribution List	11

BACKGROUND

Pursuant to Article VIII, Section 10 of the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, Section 403 of The Fiscal Code, Act of April 9, 1929, (P.L. 343, No. 176), and the Volunteer Firefighters' Relief Association Act, as consolidated by the Act of November 23, 2010, (P.L. 1181, No. 118), at 35 Pa.C.S. § 7411 et seq., the Department of the Auditor General's duty is to audit the accounts and records of every volunteer firefighters' relief association to determine that funds received under the Foreign Fire Insurance Tax Distribution Law, Act of December 18, 1984, (P.L. 1005, No. 205), as amended, 53 P.S. § 895.701 et seq. (commonly referred to as Act 205), are properly expended.

The relief association is a charitable organization that was formed primarily to afford financial protection to volunteer firefighters and to encourage individuals to participate in volunteer fire service.

Act 118 governs the overall operation of volunteer firefighters' relief associations. Relief association bylaws define the specific operational procedures by which relief associations conduct business. To fulfill its primary purpose, Act 118 authorizes specific types of expenditures and prescribes appropriate volunteer firefighters' relief association investment options. Within the parameters established by Act 118, it is the responsibility of relief associations to choose investments in a proper and prudent manner.

Volunteer firefighters' relief associations receive public tax monies, and the association officers therefore have a responsibility to the public to conduct the association's financial affairs in a businesslike manner and to maintain sufficient financial records to support the propriety of all association transactions. Volunteer firefighters' relief association officers are also responsible for ensuring that the association operates in accordance with applicable state laws, contracts, bylaws and administrative procedures.

Act 205 sets forth the computation of the Foreign Fire Insurance Tax Distribution paid to each applicable municipality throughout the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania. The amount of the distribution is based upon the population of each municipality and the market value of real estate within the municipality. Upon receipt of this distribution, the municipality must allocate the funds to the volunteer firefighters' relief association of the fire service organization or fire service organizations that is or are recognized as providing the service to the municipality.

BACKGROUND – (Continued)

The relief association was allocated state aid from the following municipality:

Municipality	County	2016	2017	2018
East Lampeter Township	Lancaster	\$34,166	\$32,174	\$29,375

The volunteer firefighters' relief association and the affiliated fire service organization are separate, legal entities. The relief association is affiliated with the following fire service organization:

Lafayette Fire Company

RELIEF ASSOCIATION FUND OF LAFAYETTE FIRE COMPANY STATUS OF PRIOR FINDINGS

COMPLIANCE WITH PRIOR <u>AUDIT FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS</u>

The relief association has complied with two of the three prior audit findings and recommendations, as follows:

• Inadequate Surety (Fidelity) Bond Coverage

By obtaining a bond policy that covers all current relief association officers.

• Failure To Maintain A Complete And Accurate Equipment Roster

By maintaining a cumulative inventory roster of all relief association owned equipment.

NONCOMPLIANCE WITH PRIOR AUDIT FINDING AND RECOMMENDATION

The relief association has not complied with one of the three prior audit findings. This finding is noted below and discussed in detail in the Findings and Recommendations section of this report:

• Unauthorized Expenditures

We are concerned by the relief association's failure to correct this previously reported audit finding. The association management should strive to implement the recommendations and corrective actions noted in this audit report.

<u>Finding No. 1 - Noncompliance With Prior Audit Recommendation - Unauthorized Expenditures</u>

<u>Condition</u>: During the prior audit period, the relief association expended funds towards portions of the fire company's package insurance policy related to crime, property, and auto insurance that are not authorized by Act 118, and relief officials did not take corrective action to address the unauthorized expenditures prior to the current audit period ending December 31, 2018, as stated below:

Date	Check No.	Description	Amount
10/22/13 01/13/14	132 145	Portions of fire company package insurance policy Portions of fire company package insurance policy	\$ 2,435 2,435
		Total	\$ 4,870

Criteria: Section 7416(f) of Act 118 states:

The funds of any volunteer firefighters' relief association may be spent:

- (2) To purchase contracts of insurance which, at a minimum, shall afford financial assistance to active members of the fire service represented by the association against losses due to injury suffered in the fire service and may also provide, in the order named: (i) for payments to the surviving spouse or other dependents of a member in the event of member's death; (ii) for protection of active firefighters against disease; (iii) for replacement or purchase of prosthetic devices such as visual aids, hearing aids, dentures, braces, crutches and the like, where those devices have been lost or damaged while the owner was engaged in the fire service or where the need for those devices arose because of functional impairment attributable to participation in the fire service; (iv) for repair or replacement, if necessary, of articles of clothing or pocket pagers damaged or lost in the course of participation in the fire service; and (v) for disability incurred after service for a minimum of 20 years as a volunteer firefighter.
- (8) To contribute to or to purchase contracts of insurance which will contribute to the cost of rehabilitating and retraining volunteer firefighters who, by reason of their participation in the fire service, have suffered a major impairment of the ability to continue their vocation.
- (12) To secure insurance against the legal liability of volunteer firefighters for loss and expense from claims arising out of performance of official and authorized duties while going to, returning from or attending fires or performing their duties as special fire police.

Finding No. 1 – (Continued)

Costs associated with the payment of fire company insurance policy premiums do not qualify as authorized volunteer firefighters' relief association expenditures; consequently, these disbursements are not authorized under Act 118.

<u>Cause</u>: Even though notified of this condition during our prior audit, relief association officials again neglected the fact that the expenditures for the portions of the fire company package insurance policy was not authorized by Act 118.

<u>Effect</u>: As a result of these improper expenditures, relief association funds were not available for investment purposes, or to pay for expenditures authorized by Act 118.

Recommendation: We again recommend that the relief association be reimbursed \$4,870 for the unauthorized expenditures and that relief association officials become familiar with Section 7416(f) of Act 118 to aid them in determining the propriety of future expenditures. For further guidance, please refer to the Auditor General's publication, MANAGEMENT GUIDELINES FOR VOLUNTEER FIREFIGHTERS' RELIEF ASSOCIATIONS.

<u>Management's Response</u>: Relief association management agreed with the finding as presented at the audit exit conference and indicated they will take action to comply with the recommendation.

<u>Auditor's Conclusion</u>: We are concerned by the relief association's failure to correct this previously reported audit finding and strongly encourage timely implementation of the recommendation noted in this audit report.

Finding No. 2 – Undocumented Expenditures

<u>Condition</u>: The relief association was unable to provide adequate supporting documentation for the following expenditures made during the current audit period:

Date	Check No.	Payee Description		Amount
02/15/16 08/10/18	250 281	Training vendor Training vendor	\$	2,700 150
		Total	\$	2,850

Finding No. 2 – (Continued)

Criteria: Section 7418(a) of Act 118 states:

The Office of Auditor General shall have the power and its duty shall be to audit the accounts and records of every volunteer firefighters' relief association receiving money under Chapter 7 of the Act of December 18, 1984 (P.L. 1005, No. 205), known as the Municipal Pension Plan Funding Standard and Recovery Act, as far as may be necessary to satisfy the Auditor General that the money received was or is being expended for no purpose other than that authorized by this subchapter. Copies of all audits shall be furnished to the Governor.

Without adequate supporting documentation, such as invoices and/or itemized receipts, this department is unable to determine whether relief association funds were expended for purposes authorized by Act 118. Furthermore, prudent business practice dictates that supporting documentation be maintained to evidence the propriety of all financial transactions.

<u>Cause</u>: Relief association officials failed to establish adequate internal control procedures to ensure supporting documentation is maintained for all expenditures.

<u>Effect</u>: Lack of supporting documentation, such as invoices, itemized receipts and detailed minutes of meetings, made it impossible to determine if the expenditures were made in accordance with Section 7416(f) of Act 118. In addition, the failure to maintain adequate supporting documentation for relief association expenditures can lead to an increased risk of errors occurring and funds being misappropriated.

Recommendation: We recommend that the relief association officials provide this department with adequate supporting documentation, such as invoices and/or itemized receipts, to ensure the propriety of the expenditures or that the relief association be reimbursed \$2,850 for the undocumented expenditures. We also recommend that the relief association officials maintain supporting documentation for all future expenditures. For further guidance, please refer to the Auditor General's publication, MANAGEMENT GUIDELINES FOR VOLUNTEER FIREFIGHTERS' RELIEF ASSOCIATIONS.

<u>Management's Response</u>: Relief association management agreed with the finding as presented at the audit exit conference and indicated they will take action to comply with the recommendation.

Auditor's Conclusion: Compliance will be subject to verification through our next audit.

Finding No 3 – Inappropriate Ownership Of Vehicle

<u>Condition</u>: On March 28, 2018, the relief association purchased a 2008 Ford, in the amount of \$8,818, to carry personnel and safeguard equipment; however, the title to the vehicle was inappropriately issued in the name of the fire company.

<u>Criteria</u>: Prudent business practice dictates that the relief association should maintain sole ownership of all equipment purchased by the relief association. As such, all vehicles purchased by the relief association are to be titled in the name of the relief association.

<u>Cause</u>: Relief association officials failed to establish adequate internal control procedures to ensure that the vehicle purchased was titled in the name of the relief association.

<u>Effect</u>: As a result of the vehicle being inappropriately titled in the name of the fire company, this relief association asset was not properly safeguarded. Furthermore, the relief association's future state aid allocations may be withheld until the finding recommendation is complied with.

<u>Recommendation</u>: We recommend that the vehicle be titled in the name of the relief association. If such action is not taken, we recommend that the relief association be reimbursed \$8,818. For further guidance, please refer to the Auditor General's publication, MANAGEMENT GUIDELINES FOR VOLUNTEER FIREFIGHTERS' RELIEF ASSOCIATIONS.

<u>Management's Response</u>: Relief association management agreed with the finding as presented at the audit exit conference and indicated they will take action to comply with the recommendation.

<u>Auditor's Conclusion</u>: Due to the potential withhold of state aid, the relief association's compliance with the finding recommendation will be monitored subsequent to the release of the audit report and through our next audit of the relief association.

RELIEF ASSOCIATION FUND OF LAFAYETTE FIRE COMPANY POTENTIAL WITHHOLD OF STATE AID

A condition such as that reported by Finding No. 3 may lead to a total withholding of state aid in the future unless that finding is corrected. However, such action may not be considered if sufficient documentation is provided within 60 days to verify compliance with this department's recommendations. Such documentation should be submitted by the relief association to: Department of the Auditor General, Bureau of Fire Relief Audits, Room 327 Finance Building, Harrisburg, PA 17120.

RELIEF ASSOCIATION FUND OF LAFAYETTE FIRE COMPANY SUPPLEMENTARY FINANCIAL INFORMATION CASH BALANCE AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2018

Cash \$ 68,155

RELIEF ASSOCIATION FUND OF LAFAYETTE FIRE COMPANY SUPPLEMENTARY FINANCIAL INFORMATION SUMMARY OF EXPENDITURES FOR THE PERIOD JANUARY 1, 2016 TO DECEMBER 31, 2018

Expenditures:

Benefit Services:	
Insurance premiums	\$ 2,646
Relief benefits	 309
Total Benefit Services	\$ 2,955
Fire Services:	
Equipment purchased	\$ 42,150
Equipment maintenance	11,154
Training expenses	 4,560
Total Fire Services	\$ 57,864
Administrative Services:	
Other administrative expenses	\$ 2,853
Other Expenditures:	
Undocumented expenditures	\$ \$2,850
Total Expenditures	\$ 66,522

RELIEF ASSOCIATION FUND OF LAFAYETTE FIRE COMPANY REPORT DISTRIBUTION LIST

This report was initially distributed to the following:

The Honorable Tom W. Wolf

Governor Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

Relief Association Fund of Lafayette Fire Company Governing Body:

Mr. Jeffrey Hatfield President

Mr. Brandon Groff Vice President

Mr. Howard Hershey Secretary

Mr. Richard Kurtz
Treasurer

A report was also distributed to the following municipality, which allocated foreign fire insurance tax monies to this relief association:

Mr. Ralph M. Hutchison
Secretary
East Lampeter Township

This report is a matter of public record and is available online at www.PaAuditor.gov. Media questions about the report can be directed to the Pennsylvania Department of the Auditor General, Office of Communications, 229 Finance Building, Harrisburg, PA 17120; via email to: news@PaAuditor.gov.