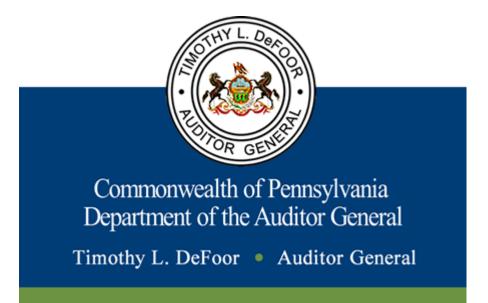
## **COMPLIANCE AUDIT**

# Firemen's Relief Association of the Borough of Saint Clair, PA

Schuylkill County, Pennsylvania For the Period January 1, 2018 to December 31, 2020

April 2021





Commonwealth of Pennsylvania Department of the Auditor General Harrisburg, PA 17120-0018 Facebook: Pennsylvania Auditor General Twitter: @PAAuditorGen www.PaAuditor.gov

TIMOTHY L. DEFOOR AUDITOR GENERAL

Mr. Robert Naradko, President Firemen's Relief Association of the Borough of Saint Clair, PA Schuylkill County

We have conducted a compliance audit of the Firemen's Relief Association of the Borough of Saint Clair, PA (relief association) pursuant to authority derived from Article VIII, Section 10 of the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, Section 403 of The Fiscal Code, Act of April 9, 1929, (P.L. 343, No. 176), and mandated by the Volunteer Firefighters' Relief Association Act, as consolidated by the Act of November 23, 2010 (P.L. 1181, No. 118), at 35 Pa.C.S. § 7411 *et seq.*, for the period January 1, 2018 to December 31, 2020.

The objectives of the audit were:

- 1. To determine if the relief association took appropriate corrective action to address the findings contained in our prior audit report.
- 2. To determine if the relief association complied with applicable state laws, contracts, bylaws, and administrative procedures as they relate to the receipt of state aid and the expenditure of relief association funds.

Our audit was limited to the areas related to the objectives identified above and was not, nor was it required to be, conducted in accordance with Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Relief association officers are responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal controls to provide reasonable assurance that the relief association's administration of state aid and accumulated relief funds complies with applicable state laws, contracts, bylaws, and administrative procedures, including the safeguarding of assets. Relief association officers are responsible for complying with applicable state laws, contracts, bylaws, and administrative procedures. It is our responsibility to perform procedures to obtain sufficient, appropriate evidence to the extent necessary to satisfy the audit objectives. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our conclusions.

We were not able to obtain an independent confirmation of a portion of the cash balance and the investment balance directly from the financial institutions. Therefore, while the relief association provided copies of bank and investment statements that indicated that, as of December 31, 2020, the relief association had a cash balance of \$224,304 and an investment balance with a fair value of \$139,788, we were not able to verify a portion of the cash balance and the investment balance.

We were also not able to obtain copies of canceled or imaged checks from the relief association. While the relief association provided copies of bank statements, the relief association failed to provide copies of canceled or imaged checks. Without copies of canceled or imaged checks, we were not able to determine whether two relief association officers authorized and signed the checks as required by Act 118.

Based on our audit procedures, we conclude that, except for the effects, if any, of the matters described in the two preceding paragraphs, for the period January 1, 2018 to December 31, 2020:

- The relief association took appropriate corrective action to address one of the four findings contained in our prior audit report. However, the relief association failed to take appropriate corrective action to address the three remaining findings contained in our prior audit report, as listed below and discussed in the Status of Prior Findings section of this report.
- The relief association, in all significant respects, complied with applicable state laws, contracts, bylaws, and administrative procedures as they relate to the receipt of state aid and the expenditure of relief association funds, except as noted in the findings listed below and discussed later in this report.

Finding No. 1	<ul> <li>Noncompliance With Prior Audit Recommendation – Inadequate Relief Association Bylaws</li> </ul>
Finding No. 2	<ul> <li>Noncompliance With Prior Audit Recommendation – Insufficient Surety (Fidelity) Bond Coverage</li> </ul>
Finding No. 3	<ul> <li>Noncompliance With Prior Audit Recommendation – Failure To Maintain A Complete And Accurate Equipment Roster</li> </ul>
Finding No. 4	<ul> <li>Failure To Obtain A Pennsylvania Sales Tax Exemption Number</li> </ul>

Three of the four audit findings contained in this report cite conditions that existed in the operation of the relief association during the prior audit period and were not corrected during the current audit period. We are concerned by the number of findings noted and strongly encourage timely implementation of the recommendations noted in this audit report.

The contents of this report were discussed with the management of the relief association and, where appropriate, their responses have been included in the report. We would like to thank the relief association officials for the cooperation extended to us during the conduct of the audit.

Timothy L. Detoor

April 7, 2021

Timothy L. DeFoor Auditor General

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#### BACKGROUND

Pursuant to Article VIII, Section 10 of the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, Section 403 of The Fiscal Code, Act of April 9, 1929, (P.L. 343, No. 176), and the Volunteer Firefighters' Relief Association Act, as consolidated by the Act of November 23, 2010, (P.L. 1181, No. 118), at 35 Pa.C.S. § 7411 *et seq.*, the Department of the Auditor General's duty is to audit the accounts and records of every volunteer firefighters' relief association to determine that funds received under the Foreign Fire Insurance Tax Distribution Law, Act of December 18, 1984, (P.L. 1005, No. 205), as amended, 53 P.S. § 895.701 *et seq.* (commonly referred to as Act 205), are properly expended.

The relief association is a charitable organization that was formed primarily to afford financial protection to volunteer firefighters and to encourage individuals to participate in volunteer fire service.

Act 118 governs the overall operation of volunteer firefighters' relief associations. Relief association bylaws define the specific operational procedures by which relief associations conduct business. To fulfill its primary purpose, Act 118 authorizes specific types of expenditures and prescribes appropriate volunteer firefighters' relief association investment options. Within the parameters established by Act 118, it is the responsibility of relief associations to choose investments in a proper and prudent manner.

Volunteer firefighters' relief associations receive public tax monies, and the association officers therefore have a responsibility to the public to conduct the association's financial affairs in a businesslike manner and to maintain sufficient financial records to support the propriety of all association transactions. Volunteer firefighters' relief association officers are also responsible for ensuring that the association operates in accordance with applicable state laws, contracts, bylaws and administrative procedures.

Act 205 sets forth the computation of the Foreign Fire Insurance Tax Distribution paid to each applicable municipality throughout the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania. The amount of the distribution is based upon the population of each municipality and the market value of real estate within the municipality. Upon receipt of this distribution, the municipality must allocate the funds to the volunteer firefighters' relief association of the fire service organization or fire service organizations that is or are recognized as providing the service to the municipality.

#### **BACKGROUND – (Continued)**

Municipality	County	2018	2019	2020
East Norwegian Township	Schuylkill	*	*	\$ 5,974
New Castle Township	Schuylkill	\$ 2,186	\$ 2,304**	\$ 2,314
Saint Clair Borough	Schuylkill	\$11,265	\$12,119	\$12,320

The relief association was allocated state aid from the following municipalities:

\* During the current audit period, the relief association did not receive an allocation of state aid from East Norwegian Township in 2018 and 2019. Municipalities have sole discretion to distribute their annual allocation of state aid received to any relief association providing fire service to the municipality.

\*\*Although New Castle Township prepared and returned a Certification Form AG 385 for 2019, it was determined through our audit that the township did not allocate the 2019 state aid allocation to the relief association. On April 7, 2021, as a result of our audit, the township allocated \$2,304 to the relief association and submitted the 2019 Receipt And Distribution Of Foreign Fire Insurance Premium Tax Form 706-B to this department as required by the instructions accompanying Form 706-B and the 2019 state aid allocation received by the township disclosing this information. The relief association deposited the funds, on April 16, 2021, into a relief association account.

Based on the relief association's records, its total cash and investment as of December 31, 2020 were \$364,092, as illustrated below:

Cash	\$ 224,304
Fair Value of Investments	 139,788
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 364,092

#### **BACKGROUND** – (Continued)

Based on the relief association's records, its total expenditures for the period January 1, 2018 to December 31, 2020 were \$77,543, as noted below. The accuracy of these expenditures was evaluated as part of the Department's audit to conclude on the relief association's compliance with applicable state laws, contracts, bylaws, and administrative procedures as they relate to the receipt of state aid and the expenditure of relief association funds.<sup>1</sup> The scope of the Department's audit does not include the issuance of an opinion on the accuracy of these amounts.

**Expenditures:** 

Benefit Services:		
Death benefits	\$	6,750
Fire Services: Equipment purchased Equipment maintenance		58,481 5,653
Training expenses Total Fire Services	\$	2,446 66,580
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Administrative Services:		
Officer compensation	\$	2,625
Other administrative expenses		942
Bond premiums		646
Total Administrative Services		4,213
Total Expenditures	\$	77,543

The volunteer firefighters' relief association and the affiliated fire service organizations are separate, legal entities. The relief association is affiliated with the following fire service organizations:

Alert Fire Company No. 1

Columbia Hose Company No. 2

Phoenix Hose Company No. 4

Rescue Hook and Ladder Company No. 3

West End Fire Company No. 5

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Accuracy was evaluated for a selection of transactions based on dollar amount, category, and/or random selection.

#### FIREMEN'S RELIEF ASSOCIATION OF THE BOROUGH OF SAINT CLAIR, PA STATUS OF PRIOR FINDINGS

#### COMPLIANCE WITH PRIOR AUDIT FINDING AND RECOMMENDATION

The relief association has complied with one of the four prior audit findings and recommendations, as follows:

• <u>Untimely Deposit Of State Aid</u>

By timely depositing all income received.

#### NONCOMPLIANCE WITH PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

The relief association has not complied with three of the four prior audit findings. These findings are noted below and discussed in detail in the Findings and Recommendations section of this report:

- Inadequate Relief Association Bylaws
- Insufficient Surety (Fidelity) Bond Coverage
- Failure To Maintain A Complete And Accurate Equipment Roster

We are concerned by the relief association's failure to correct those previously reported audit findings. The association management should strive to implement the recommendations and corrective actions noted in this audit report.

#### <u>Finding No. 1 – Noncompliance With Prior Audit Recommendation – Inadequate Relief</u> <u>Association Bylaws</u>

<u>Condition</u>: As disclosed in the prior four audit reports, the existing bylaws of the relief association do not contain all of the provisions required by 7415(c) of Act 118. Specifically, the bylaws do not address the eligibility criteria to qualify for death benefits and amounts members are entitled to receive. Although the relief association provided other documentation that specifies eligibility and a death benefit amount, a specific provision should be added to the bylaws. In addition, the bylaws do not establish a specified dollar amount of compensation payable to the treasurer and secretary of the relief association. Instead, the existing bylaws only state that a nominal fee shall be paid annually to the treasurer and secretary. Our current testing disclosed that compensation was paid to both officers during the current audit period.

A similar condition was noted in our prior audit report.

Criteria: Section 7415(c) of Act 118 states that the relief association's bylaws shall:

- (1) Be faithfully preserved, along with amendments thereto and the effective date of the amendments, in permanent form.
- (2) Contain such other provisions as may, to the membership, seem appropriate or necessary to the orderly conduct of affairs of the association.

Furthermore, the relief association bylaws should authorize and clearly specify the criteria to be met before receiving death or relief benefits and the amount of any benefit payments. In addition, the bylaws should address the authorization of compensation to relief association officers.

<u>Cause</u>: The relief association officials neglected to amend the relief association's bylaws to meet the bylaw provisions required by Act 118 and did not provide a reason for why this occurred despite the relief association being notified of this condition during our prior audits.

<u>Effect</u>: As a result of the mandatory provisions not being included in the bylaws, the relief association may have paid incorrect death benefit amounts to unqualified members and/or compensated the treasurer and secretary in incorrect amounts.

<u>Recommendation</u>: We again recommend that the relief association officials review and update the bylaws governing their organization so that the bylaws meet the requirements set forth in Act 118 and properly authorize the operating procedures of the relief association. The bylaws should specifically address eligibility and the dollar amount of death benefits and should specify the dollar amount of compensation payable to relief association officers. For further guidance, please refer to the Auditor General's publication, MANAGEMENT GUIDELINES FOR VOLUNTEER FIREFIGHTERS' RELIEF ASSOCIATIONS.

#### **Finding No. 1 – (Continued)**

<u>Management's Response</u>: Relief association management agreed with the finding as presented at the audit exit conference and indicated they will take action to comply with the recommendation.

<u>Auditor's Conclusion</u>: We are concerned by the relief association's failure to correct this previously reported audit finding and strongly encourage timely implementation of the recommendation noted in this audit report.

#### <u>Finding No. 2 – Noncompliance With Prior Audit Recommendation – Insufficient Surety</u> (Fidelity) Bond Coverage

<u>Condition</u>: The relief association did not maintain a Surety (Fidelity) bond in a sufficient amount to cover the relief association's authorized disbursing officer. The relief association's Surety (Fidelity) bond coverage amount was \$200,000; however, as of December 31, 2020, the relief association's cash assets totaled \$224,304.

A similar condition was noted in our prior audit report.

Criteria: Section 7415(c)(4) of Act 118 states, in part, that:

. . . the disbursing officer, whether designated treasurer, comptroller, financial secretary or otherwise, shall be bonded by corporate surety for faithful performance of duty. The amount of the bond shall be at least as great as the maximum cash balance in current funds of the association at any time during the fiscal year, and the premium on the bond shall be a proper charge against the funds of the association.

<u>Cause</u>: The relief association officials neglected to monitor the relief association's cash balance to ensure that the Surety (Fidelity) bond coverage on the relief association's authorized disbursing officer was in compliance with Act 118 provisions and did not provide a reason for why this occurred despite the relief association being notified of this condition during our prior audits.

<u>Effect</u>: As a result of the authorized disbursing officer of the relief association being insufficiently bonded, the relief association's cash assets were not adequately safeguarded.

#### **Finding No. 2 – (Continued)**

<u>Recommendation</u>: We again recommend that the relief association officials ensure that its Surety (Fidelity) bond sufficiently covers the relief association's authorized disbursing officer, as required by Act 118. This requirement may be accomplished by increasing the Surety (Fidelity) bond coverage on the relief association's authorized disbursing officer to an amount greater than the expected maximum balance of the relief association's cash assets, or by decreasing the relief association's cash assets to an amount anticipated to remain below the policy coverage amount. In addition, relief association officials should monitor the relief association's cash balance to ensure that unexpected events affecting the relief association's current funds do not again result in insufficient Surety (Fidelity) bond coverage on the relief association's authorized disbursing officer. For further guidance, please refer to the Auditor General's publication, MANAGEMENT GUIDELINES FOR VOLUNTEER FIREFIGHTERS' RELIEF ASSOCIATIONS.

<u>Management's Response</u>: Relief association management agreed with the finding as presented at the audit exit conference and indicated they will take action to comply with the recommendation.

<u>Auditor's Conclusion</u>: We are concerned by the relief association's failure to correct this previously reported audit finding and strongly encourage timely implementation of the recommendation noted in this audit report.

#### <u>Finding No. 3 – Noncompliance With Prior Audit Recommendation – Failure To Maintain</u> <u>A Complete And Accurate Equipment Roster</u>

<u>Condition</u>: The relief association failed to maintain a complete and accurate roster of equipment owned by the relief association. Specifically, the relief association purchased \$58,481 of equipment during the current audit period and there was no equipment roster created or maintained for these purchases. In addition, there was no indication that a physical inventory of equipment was conducted on an annual basis to account for the equipment owned by the relief association.

A similar condition was noted in our prior audit report.

#### **Finding No. 3 – (Continued)**

<u>Criteria</u>: Prudent business practice dictates that the relief association should establish adequate internal control procedures to ensure the maintenance of a cumulative equipment roster of all items purchased by the relief association in order to provide an effective accounting control over the relief association's equipment. A cumulative equipment roster of all relief association equipment should include all of the following:

- Types of equipment purchased
- Dates of purchase
- Unit costs
- Names of suppliers
- Serial numbers, if applicable
- Current locations of items
- Final dispositions of sold or damaged equipment
- Evidence of the performance and results of an annual physical inventory

<u>Cause</u>: The relief association officials did not provide a reason for why this occurred despite the relief association being notified of this condition during our prior audit.

<u>Effect</u>: The continued failure to properly record equipment purchases in a detailed equipment roster prevents officials from effectively monitoring the relief association's equipment purchases. In addition, the failure to maintain a detailed equipment roster and perform an annual physical inventory of equipment prevents adequate accountability for, and safeguarding of, relief association equipment.

<u>Recommendation</u>: We again recommend that the relief association officials maintain a cumulative equipment roster of all equipment owned by the relief association. Furthermore, the relief association should ensure it performs an annual physical inventory of all operable equipment and that the completion of the inventory be sufficiently documented. For further guidance, please refer to the Auditor General's publication, MANAGEMENT GUIDELINES FOR VOLUNTEER FIREFIGHTERS' RELIEF ASSOCIATIONS.

<u>Management's Response</u>: Relief association management agreed with the finding as presented at the audit exit conference and indicated they will take action to comply with the recommendation.

<u>Auditor's Conclusion</u>: We are concerned by the relief association's failure to correct this previously reported audit finding and strongly encourage timely implementation of the recommendation noted in this audit report.

#### Finding No. 4 – Failure To Obtain A Pennsylvania Sales Tax Exemption Number

<u>Condition</u>: As cited as a verbal observation in our prior audits, the relief association failed to obtain a Pennsylvania sales tax exemption number. The relief association is currently using the fire service organization's sales tax exemption number, although the fire service organization and the relief association are separate legal entities. The relief association's sales tax exemption number expired on October 31, 1999.

Criteria: Section 7415(e) of Act 118 states:

A volunteer firefighters' relief association organized or conducted in accordance with the requirements of this section shall be regarded as a charitable corporation for all purposes, including the right to establish exemption from the operation of certain taxes.

<u>Cause</u>: Relief association officials indicated that they were unaware of the necessity to obtain its own sales tax exemption number from the Department of Revenue despite the relief association being notified of this condition during our prior audits.

<u>Effect</u>: As a result of the relief association's failure to obtain a sales tax exemption number, the relief association may be required to pay Pennsylvania sales tax on its purchases, which ultimately reduces the funds otherwise available for general operating expenditures or for investment purposes.

<u>Recommendation</u>: We again recommend that the relief association officials immediately obtain a state sales tax exemption number from the Department of Revenue and furnish this exemption number to all vendors from whom the relief association purchases equipment. For further guidance, please refer to the Auditor General's publication, MANAGEMENT GUIDELINES FOR VOLUNTEER FIREFIGHTERS' RELIEF ASSOCIATIONS.

<u>Management's Response</u>: Relief association management agreed with the finding as presented at the audit exit conference and indicated they will take action to comply with the recommendation.

Auditor's Conclusion: Compliance will be subject to verification through our next audit.

#### FIREMEN'S RELIEF ASSOCIATION OF THE BOROUGH OF SAINT CLAIR, PA REPORT DISTRIBUTION LIST

This report was initially distributed to the following:

#### The Honorable Tom W. Wolf Governor

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

Firemen's Relief Association of the Borough of Saint Clair, PA Governing Body:

#### Mr. Robert Naradko President

#### Mr. Thomas Wythe Treasurer

The following municipalities allocated foreign fire insurance tax monies to this relief association and received a copy of this report:

#### Ms. Suzanne McGeoy Secretary East Norwegian Township

Ms. Kim Lutzkanin Secretary New Castle Township

Mr. Roland Price, Jr. Secretary Saint Clair Borough

This report is a matter of public record and is available online at <u>www.PaAuditor.gov.</u> Media questions about the report can be directed to the Pennsylvania Department of the Auditor General, Office of Communications, 229 Finance Building, Harrisburg, PA 17120; via email to: <u>news@PaAuditor.gov</u>.