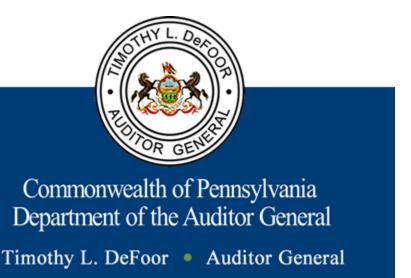
COMPLIANCE AUDIT

Vernon Township Volunteer Fire Department's Relief Association

Crawford County, Pennsylvania
For the Period
January 1, 2016 to December 31, 2019

April 2021





Commonwealth of Pennsylvania
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TIMOTHY L. DEFOOR AUDITOR GENERAL

Mr. Ralph McClay, President Vernon Township Volunteer Fire Department's Relief Association Crawford County

We have conducted a compliance audit of the Vernon Township Volunteer Fire Department's Relief Association (relief association) pursuant to authority derived from Article VIII, Section 10 of the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, Section 403 of The Fiscal Code, Act of April 9, 1929, (P.L. 343, No. 176), and mandated by the Volunteer Firefighters' Relief Association Act, as consolidated by the Act of November 23, 2010 (P.L. 1181, No. 118), at 35 Pa.C.S. § 7411 *et seq.*, for the period January 1, 2016 to December 31, 2019.

The objectives of the audit were:

- 1. To determine if the relief association took appropriate corrective action to address the findings contained in our prior audit report.
- 2. To determine if the relief association complied with applicable state laws, contracts, bylaws, and administrative procedures as they relate to the receipt of state aid and the expenditure of relief association funds.

Our audit was limited to the areas related to the objectives identified above and was not, nor was it required to be, conducted in accordance with Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Relief association officers are responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal controls to provide reasonable assurance that the relief association's administration of state aid and accumulated relief funds complies with applicable state laws, contracts, bylaws, and administrative procedures, including the safeguarding of assets. Relief association officers are responsible for complying with applicable state laws, contracts, bylaws, and administrative procedures. It is our responsibility to perform procedures to obtain sufficient, appropriate evidence to the extent necessary to satisfy the audit objectives. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our conclusions.

We were not able to obtain an independent confirmation of the cash balance directly from the financial institution. Therefore, while the relief association provided bank statements that indicated that, as of December 31, 2019, the relief association had a cash balance of \$21,182, we were not able to verify this cash balance.

Based on our audit procedures, we conclude that, for the period January 1, 2016 to December 31, 2019:

- The relief association did not take appropriate corrective action to address the findings contained in our prior audit report, as detailed below and discussed in the Status of Prior Findings section of this report.
- Except for the effects, if any, of the matter described in the preceding paragraph, the relief association, in all significant respects, complied with applicable state laws, contracts, bylaws, and administrative procedures as they relate to the receipt of state aid and the expenditure of relief association funds, except as noted in the findings listed below and discussed later in this report.
 - Finding No. 1 Noncompliance With Prior Audit Recommendation Undocumented Expenditures
 - Finding No. 2 Noncompliance With Prior Audit Recommendation Inadequate Financial Record-Keeping System
 - Finding No. 3 Noncompliance With Prior Audit Recommendation Failure To Maintain A Complete And Accurate Equipment Roster
 - Finding No. 4 Unauthorized Expenditures
 - Finding No. 5 Failure To Maintain Minutes Of Meetings
 - Finding No. 6 Inadequate Internal Controls

The six findings contained in this report cite conditions that existed in the operation of the relief association during the current audit period. We are concerned by the number of findings noted and strongly encourage timely implementation of the recommendations noted in this audit report.

The contents of this report were discussed with the management of the relief association and, where appropriate, their responses have been included in the report. We would like to thank the relief association officials for the cooperation extended to us during the conduct of the audit.

Timothy L. DeFoor Auditor General

March 9, 2021

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BACKGROUND

Pursuant to Article VIII, Section 10 of the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, Section 403 of The Fiscal Code, Act of April 9, 1929, (P.L. 343, No. 176), and the Volunteer Firefighters' Relief Association Act, as consolidated by the Act of November 23, 2010, (P.L. 1181, No. 118), at 35 Pa.C.S. § 7411 et seq., the Department of the Auditor General's duty is to audit the accounts and records of every volunteer firefighters' relief association to determine that funds received under the Foreign Fire Insurance Tax Distribution Law, Act of December 18, 1984, (P.L. 1005, No. 205), as amended, 53 P.S. § 895.701 et seq. (commonly referred to as Act 205), are properly expended.

The relief association is a charitable organization that was formed primarily to afford financial protection to volunteer firefighters and to encourage individuals to participate in volunteer fire service.

Act 118 governs the overall operation of volunteer firefighters' relief associations. Relief association bylaws define the specific operational procedures by which relief associations conduct business. To fulfill its primary purpose, Act 118 authorizes specific types of expenditures and prescribes appropriate volunteer firefighters' relief association investment options. Within the parameters established by Act 118, it is the responsibility of relief associations to choose investments in a proper and prudent manner.

Volunteer firefighters' relief associations receive public tax monies, and the association officers therefore have a responsibility to the public to conduct the association's financial affairs in a businesslike manner and to maintain sufficient financial records to support the propriety of all association transactions. Volunteer firefighters' relief association officers are also responsible for ensuring that the association operates in accordance with applicable state laws, contracts, bylaws and administrative procedures.

Act 205 sets forth the computation of the Foreign Fire Insurance Tax Distribution paid to each applicable municipality throughout the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania. The amount of the distribution is based upon the population of each municipality and the market value of real estate within the municipality. Upon receipt of this distribution, the municipality must allocate the funds to the volunteer firefighters' relief association of the fire service organization or fire service organizations that is or are recognized as providing the service to the municipality.

The relief association was allocated state aid from the following municipalities:

Municipality	County	2016	2017	2018	2019
Vernon Township	Crawford	\$17,634	\$15,970	\$14,670	\$16,031

BACKGROUND – (Continued)

Based on the relief association's records, its total cash as of December 31, 2019 was \$21,182, as illustrated below:

Cash \$ 21,182

Based on the relief association's records, its total expenditures for the period January 1, 2016 to December 31, 2019 were \$82,871, as noted below. The accuracy of these expenditures was evaluated as part of the Department's audit to conclude on the relief association's compliance with applicable state laws, contracts, bylaws, and administrative procedures as they relate to the receipt of state aid and the expenditure of relief association funds. The scope of the Department's audit does not include the issuance of an opinion on the accuracy of these amounts.

Expenditures:

Benefit Services:	
Insurance premiums	\$ 24,965
Fire Services:	
Equipment purchased	\$ 32,575
Equipment maintenance	12,031
Training expenses	7,037
Total Fire Services	\$ 51,643
Administrative Services:	
Other administrative expenses	\$ 592
Bond premiums	400
Total Administrative Services	\$ 992
Other Expenditures:	
Undocumented expenditures	\$ 2,688
Unauthorized expenditures	2,583
Total Other Expenditures	\$ 5,271
Total Expenditures	\$ 82,871

¹ Accuracy was evaluated for a selection of transactions based on dollar amount, category, and/or random selection.

BACKGROUND – (Continued)

The volunteer firefighters' relief association and the affiliated fire service organization are separate, legal entities. The relief association is affiliated with the following fire service organization:

Vernon Township Volunteer Fire Department

VERNON TOWNSHIP VOLUNTEER FIRE DEPARTMENT'S RELIEF ASSOCIATION STATUS OF PRIOR FINDINGS

NONCOMPLIANCE WITH PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

The relief association has not complied with the following prior audit findings. These findings are noted below and discussed in detail in the Findings and Recommendations section of this report:

- Undocumented Expenditures
- Inadequate Financial Record-Keeping System
- Failure to Maintain A Complete And Accurate Equipment Roster

We are concerned by the relief association's failure to correct those previously reported audit findings. The association management should strive to implement the recommendations and corrective actions noted in this audit report.

<u>Finding No. 1 – Noncompliance With Prior Audit Recommendation – Undocumented Expenditures</u>

<u>Condition</u>: During the prior audit period, the relief association was unable to provide adequate supporting documentation or receive reimbursement for \$2,520 of undocumented expenditures, and the relief association officials did not take corrective action to address the undocumented expenditures prior to the current audit period ending December 31, 2019. In addition, the relief association was unable to provide adequate supporting documentation for the following expenditures made during the current audit period:

Date	Check No.	Payee Description	 Amount	
01/09/2016	165	Equipment/maintenance vendor	\$ 28	
01/12/2016	167	Affiliated fire company	918	
03/22/2016	175	Administrative vendor	15	
06/12/2016	185	Relief association member	34	
06/12/2016	186	Relief association member	23	
06/12/2016	188	Maintenance vendor	129	
06/12/2016	189	Equipment vendor	60	
10/12/2016	203	Equipment vendor	540	
10/12/2016	210	Affiliated fire company	8	
12/27/2016	213	Affiliated fire company	203	
07/24/2017	224	Affiliated fire company	49	
12/01/2017	226	Unknown vendor	70	
11/29/2018	251	Maintenance vendor	156	
01/07/2019	Debit	Administrative vendor	18	
02/07/2019	255	Unknown vendor	50	
02/12/2019	257	Unknown vendor	161	
04/01/2019	Debit	Maintenance vendor	205	
05/03/2019	Debit	Maintenance vendor	21	
		Total	\$ 2,688	

Finding No. 1 – (Continued)

Criteria: Section 7418(a) of Act 118 states:

The Office of Auditor General shall have the power and its duty shall be to audit the accounts and records of every volunteer firefighters' relief association receiving money under Chapter 7 of the Act of December 18, 1984 (P.L. 1005, No. 205), known as the Municipal Pension Plan Funding Standard and Recovery Act, as far as may be necessary to satisfy the Auditor General that the money received was or is being expended for no purpose other than that authorized by this subchapter. Copies of all audits shall be furnished to the Governor.

Prudent business practice dictates that supporting documentation be maintained to evidence the propriety of all financial transactions.

<u>Cause</u>: The relief association officials did not provide a reason for why this occurred despite being notified of this condition during our prior audit.

<u>Effect</u>: Lack of supporting documentation, such as invoices, itemized receipts and detailed minutes of meetings, made it impossible to determine if the expenditures were made in accordance with Section 7416(f) of Act 118. In addition, the failure to maintain adequate supporting documentation for relief association expenditures can lead to an increased risk of errors occurring and funds being misappropriated.

Recommendation: We recommend that the relief association officials provide this department with adequate supporting documentation, such as invoices and/or itemized receipts, to ensure the propriety of the expenditures or that the relief association be reimbursed \$5,208 for the undocumented expenditures. We also recommend that the relief association officials maintain supporting documentation for all future expenditures. For further guidance, please refer to the Auditor General's publication, MANAGEMENT GUIDELINES FOR VOLUNTEER FIREFIGHTERS' RELIEF ASSOCIATIONS.

Management's Response: Relief association management agreed with the finding as presented at the audit exit conference and, as a result of our audit, the affiliated fire company reimbursed the relief association \$2,520 for the prior audit undocumented expenditures on February 10, 2021.

Auditor's Conclusion: We reviewed documentation verifying that the reimbursement of \$2,520 was received; however, we continue to recommend that the relief association officials provide this department with adequate supporting documentation to ensure the propriety of the remaining expenditures or that the relief association be reimbursed \$2,688 for the remaining undocumented expenditures. We are concerned by the relief association's failure to fully correct this previously reported audit finding and strongly encourage timely implementation of the recommendation noted in this audit report.

<u>Finding No. 2 – Noncompliance With Prior Audit Recommendation – Inadequate Financial Record-Keeping System</u>

<u>Condition</u>: The relief association's financial record-keeping system did not establish adequate accounting procedures to allow the membership to effectively monitor the relief association's financial operations. The following are the noted deficiencies:

- A journal was not maintained to record the receipts and disbursements of the relief association.
- Ledgers were not utilized to record the transactions of the relief association accounts.
- Documentation to support various expenditures was not available for examination at the time of the audit (refer to Finding No. 1).

A similar condition was noted in our prior audit report.

Criteria: Section 7415(a) of Act 118 states:

A volunteer firefighters' relief association may be a body corporate, governed by a charter and bylaws or an unincorporated association of individuals governed by bylaws and a constitution. In either case, it must provide for taking and preserving minutes of all meetings and maintenance of such books of account as may be necessary and appropriate to afford a permanent record of its fiscal affairs.

In addition, an adequate system of accounting and record-keeping is a prerequisite for sound administration of relief association assets.

<u>Cause:</u> The relief association officials indicated that they were unaware of their various record-keeping responsibilities despite being notified of this condition during our prior audit.

<u>Effect</u>: The continued failure of relief association officials to maintain adequate records prohibits the membership from effectively monitoring the relief association's financial operations.

<u>Recommendation</u>: We again recommend that the relief association officials establish and maintain a financial record-keeping system that allows the membership to effectively monitor the relief association's financial operations. For further guidance, please refer to the Auditor General's publication, MANAGEMENT GUIDELINES FOR VOLUNTEER FIREFIGHTERS' RELIEF ASSOCIATIONS.

Finding No. 2 – (Continued)

<u>Management's Response</u>: Relief association management agreed with the finding as presented at the audit exit conference and indicated they will take action to comply with the recommendation.

<u>Auditor's Conclusion</u>: We are concerned by the relief association's failure to correct this previously reported audit finding and strongly encourage timely implementation of the recommendation noted in this audit report.

<u>Finding No. 3 – Noncompliance With Prior Audit Recommendation – Failure To Maintain A Complete And Accurate Equipment Roster</u>

Condition: The relief association failed to maintain a complete and accurate roster of equipment owned by the relief association. Specifically, the relief association purchased \$32,575 of equipment during the current audit period and there was no equipment roster created or maintained for these purchases. Included in that total is \$1,041 expended for lighting equipment on October 4, 2018 that was installed on a vehicle owned by the affiliated fire company. Furthermore, there was no indication that a physical inventory of equipment was conducted on an annual basis, nor whether such inventory accounted for all equipment owned by the relief association.

A similar condition was noted in our prior audit report.

<u>Criteria</u>: Prudent business practice dictates that the relief association should establish adequate internal control procedures to ensure the maintenance of a cumulative equipment roster of all items purchased by the relief association in order to provide an effective accounting control over the relief association's equipment. A cumulative equipment roster of all relief association equipment should include all of the following:

- Types of equipment purchased
- Dates of purchase
- Unit costs
- Names of suppliers
- Serial numbers, if applicable
- Current locations of items
- Final dispositions of sold or damaged equipment
- Evidence of the performance and results of an annual physical inventory

Finding No. 3 – (Continued)

<u>Cause</u>: The relief association officials did not provide a reason for why this occurred despite being notified of this condition during our prior audit.

<u>Effect</u>: The continued failure to properly record equipment purchases in a detailed equipment roster prevents officials from effectively monitoring the relief association's equipment purchases. In addition, the failure to maintain a detailed equipment roster and perform an annual physical inventory of equipment prevents adequate accountability for, and safeguarding of, relief association equipment.

<u>Recommendation</u>: We again recommend that the relief association officials maintain a cumulative equipment roster of all equipment owned by the relief association. Furthermore, the relief association should ensure it performs an annual physical inventory of all operable equipment and that the completion of the inventory be sufficiently documented. For further guidance, please refer to the Auditor General's publication, MANAGEMENT GUIDELINES FOR VOLUNTEER FIREFIGHTERS' RELIEF ASSOCIATIONS.

<u>Management's Response</u>: Relief association management agreed with the finding as presented at the audit exit conference and indicated they will take action to comply with the recommendation.

<u>Auditor's Conclusion</u>: We are concerned by the relief association's failure to correct this previously reported audit finding and strongly encourage timely implementation of the recommendation noted in this audit report.

<u>Finding No. 4 – Unauthorized Expenditures</u>

<u>Condition</u>: As cited as a verbal observation in our prior audit, the relief association officials failed to receive reimbursement for a \$25 unauthorized expenditure, and the relief association officials did not take corrective action to address the unauthorized expenditure prior to the current audit period ending December 31, 2019. The relief association also expended funds for the following items during the current audit period that are not authorized by Act 118:

Date	Check No.	Description		Amount
07/11/17	223	Maintenance on fire company owned vehicle	\$	707
10/04/18	242	Equipment purchased by former relief member *		200
02/21/19	258	Unknown individual – EMS finger printing		142
02/21/19	259	Unknown individual – EMS finger printing		22
09/19/19	Debit	Maintenance on fire company owned vehicle		1,270
09/19/19	Debit	Maintenance on fire company owned vehicle	_	242
		Total	\$	2,583

^{*}Unable to locate equipment and equipment roster was not maintained (See Finding No. 3).

Criteria: Section 7416(f) of Act 118 states:

The funds of any volunteer firefighters' relief association may be spent:

- (1) To pay for such normal and reasonable running expenses as may be appropriate to the businesslike conduct of the affairs of the association, including legal fees, rental or purchase of offices, payment of reasonable compensation of employees and purchase of office equipment and supplies.
- (11) To purchase safeguards for preserving life, health and safety of volunteer firefighters to ensure their availability to participate in the volunteer fire service.

Costs associated with the purchase of maintenance on fire company owned vehicles and EMS finger printing for non-relief members do not qualify as authorized volunteer firefighters' relief association expenditures; consequently, these disbursements are not authorized under Act 118.

<u>Cause</u>: Relief association officials indicated that they were unaware that the aforementioned expenditures were not authorized by Act 118.

Finding No. 4 – (Continued)

<u>Effect</u>: As a result of these improper expenditures, relief association funds were not available for investment purposes, or to pay for expenditures authorized by Act 118.

Recommendation: We recommend that the relief association be reimbursed \$2,608 for the unauthorized expenditures and that relief association officials become familiar with Section 7416(f) of Act 118 to aid them in determining the propriety of future expenditures. For further guidance, please refer to the Auditor General's publication, MANAGEMENT GUIDELINES FOR VOLUNTEER FIREFIGHTERS' RELIEF ASSOCIATIONS.

<u>Management's Response</u>: Relief association management agreed with the finding as presented at the audit exit conference and indicated they will take action to comply with the recommendation.

<u>Auditor's Conclusion</u>: Compliance will be subject to verification through our next audit.

Finding No. 5 – Failure To Maintain Minutes Of Meetings

<u>Condition</u>: Although the relief association officials did maintain meeting minutes for the year 2016, the relief association officials did not maintain minutes of meetings as required by Act 118 and the relief association's bylaws for the years 2017 through 2019.

Criteria: Section 7415(a) of Act 118 states, in part, that the relief association:

... must provide for taking and preserving minutes of all meetings and maintenance of such books of account as may be necessary and appropriate to afford a permanent record of its fiscal affairs.

The relief association's bylaws at Article II, Section 1 states, in part:

Regular meetings of this association shall be held on the third Sunday of each month at 1:00 p.m.

In addition, the relief association's bylaws at Article III, Section 3 states, in part:

Secretary: The secretary shall keep a true record of the proceedings of every meeting in the minutes. The minutes shall note authorization by the membership of all association financial transactions and all other pertinent business discussed at meetings.

Finding No. 5 – (Continued)

<u>Cause</u>: Relief association officials indicated that they were unaware that maintaining minutes of meetings was required by Act 118 and the relief association's bylaws.

<u>Effect</u>: Without detailed minutes of meetings, evidence that relief association business was presented before the membership for approval does not exist.

<u>Recommendation</u>: We recommend that the relief association officials maintain a permanent record of all relief association meetings as required by Act 118 and the relief association's bylaws. The minutes should include an adequate record of all financial-related business conducted by the relief association. For further guidance, please refer to the Auditor General's publication, MANAGEMENT GUIDELINES FOR VOLUNTEER FIREFIGHTERS' RELIEF ASSOCIATIONS.

<u>Management's Response</u>: Relief association management agreed with the finding as presented at the audit exit conference and indicated they will take action to comply with the recommendation.

Auditor's Conclusion: Compliance will be subject to verification through our next audit.

Finding No. 6 – Inadequate Internal Controls

<u>Condition</u>: The relief association has failed to establish adequate internal controls. The following conditions noted during the current audit period are indicative of internal control weaknesses:

- One check for \$53 was issued to "Cash."²
- Membership meetings were only held in 2016 and were not maintained in the years 2017 through 2019.
- Financial related activities were not presented, discussed, and approved at relief association meetings.
- Original invoices were not required prior to the payment of purchases.
- Documentation to support various expenditures was not maintained.
- A roster of relief association owned equipment was not maintained for purchases in the current audit period and annual physical inventories of equipment owned were not performed.

² The expenditure was made for an authorized purpose (CPR class), but the relief association should not write checks to "cash".

Finding No. 6 – (Continued)

Criteria: Section 7415(a) of Act 118 states, in part, that the relief association:

.... must provide for taking and preserving minutes of all meetings and maintenance of such books of account as may be necessary and appropriate to afford a permanent record of its fiscal affairs.

Furthermore, prudent business practice dictates that:

- Checks are not to be issued payable to "Cash."
- Meetings should be conducted and documented according to Act 118 and official bylaws.
- All purchases shall be presented to the association membership for discussion and approval.
- Original invoices shall be required prior to payment of purchases and maintained to support expenditures.
- A roster of all relief association owned equipment be maintained and an annual inventory of the equipment owned be performed.

<u>Cause</u>: The relief association officials did not provide a reason for why this occurred.

<u>Effect</u>: The failure to establish adequate internal controls prevented the relief association from adequately safeguarding its assets and prevented the verification as to whether relief association business was presented before the membership for discussion and approval. Furthermore, the lack of effective internal controls places the relief association funds at greater risk for misappropriation.

<u>Recommendation</u>: We recommend that the relief association officials adopt internal control procedures which will require the following:

- Prohibition of cash purchases and checks made payable to "Cash."
- The conduct and documentation of membership meetings according to Act 118 and official bylaws and that include the presentation, discussion, and approval of financial activities.
- Payment of purchases only after review of original invoices.
- Maintenance of documentation for all expenditures.
- Maintenance of an equipment roster and annual physical inspections of equipment owned.

For further guidance, please refer to the Auditor General's publication, MANAGEMENT GUIDELINES FOR VOLUNTEER FIREFIGHTER'S RELIEF ASSOCIATION.

<u>Management's Response</u>: Relief association management agreed with the finding as presented at the audit exit conference and indicated they will take action to comply with the recommendation.

Auditor's Conclusion: Compliance will be subject to verification through our next audit.

VERNON TOWNSHIP VOLUNTEER FIRE DEPARTMENT'S RELIEF ASSOCIATION REPORT DISTRIBUTION LIST

This report was initially distributed to the following:

The Honorable Tom W. Wolf

Governor Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

Vernon Township Volunteer Fire Department's Relief Association Governing Body:

Mr. Ralph McClay
President

Mr. Matthew Ross Gable
Vice President

Mr. Christopher G. Maheu Secretary

Mr. Robert W. Corey
Treasurer

A report was also distributed to the following municipality, which allocated foreign fire insurance tax monies to this relief association:

Ms. Lori E. Swavey
Secretary
Vernon Township

This report is a matter of public record and is available online at www.PaAuditor.gov. Media questions about the report can be directed to the Pennsylvania Department of the Auditor General, Office of Communications, 229 Finance Building, Harrisburg, PA 17120; via email to: news@PaAuditor.gov.