COMPLIANCE AUDIT

Whitehall Township Volunteer Firefighters Relief Association of Lehigh County, Pennsylvania

For the Period January 1, 2020, to December 31, 2022

September 2023



Commonwealth of Pennsylvania Department of the Auditor General

Timothy L. DeFoor • Auditor General



Commonwealth of Pennsylvania
Department of the Auditor General
Harrisburg, PA 17120-0018
Facebook: Pennsylvania Auditor General
Twitter: @PAAuditorGen
www.PaAuditor.gov

TIMOTHY L. DEFOOR AUDITOR GENERAL

Mr. Gregory Unger, President Whitehall Township Volunteer Firefighters Relief Association of Lehigh County, Pennsylvania

We have conducted a compliance audit of the Whitehall Township Volunteer Firefighters Relief Association of Lehigh County, Pennsylvania (relief association) for the period January 1, 2020, to December 31, 2022. The audit was conducted pursuant to authority derived from Article VIII, Section 10 of the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania; Section 403 of The Fiscal Code, 72 P.S. § 403; and the Volunteer Firefighters' Relief Association Act ("VFRA Act"), see 35 Pa.C.S. § 7418.

The objective of the audit was to determine if the relief association complied with applicable state laws, contracts, bylaws, and administrative procedures as they relate to the receipt of state aid and the expenditure of relief association funds. Our audit was limited to the areas related to the objective identified above and was not, nor was it required to be, conducted in accordance with Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Relief association officers are responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal controls to provide reasonable assurance that the relief association's administration of state aid and accumulated relief funds complies with applicable state laws, contracts, bylaws, and administrative procedures, including the safeguarding of assets. Relief association officers are responsible for complying with applicable state laws, contracts, bylaws, and administrative procedures. It is our responsibility to perform procedures to obtain sufficient, appropriate evidence to the extent necessary to satisfy the audit objective. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our conclusions.

Based on our audit procedures, we conclude that, for the period January 1, 2020, to December 31, 2022, the relief association, in all significant respects, complied with applicable state laws, contracts, bylaws, and administrative procedures as they relate to the receipt of state aid and the expenditure of relief association funds, except as noted in the findings listed below and discussed later in this report.

Finding No. 1 – Failure To Deposit Proceeds From The Sale Of A Jointly Purchased Vehicle

Finding No. 2 – Inadequate Internal Controls

Timothy L. Detoor

Finding No. 3 - Failure To Maintain A Complete And Accurate Equipment Roster

The contents of this report were discussed with the management of the relief association and, where appropriate, their responses have been included in the report. We would like to thank the relief association officials for the cooperation extended to us during the conduct of the audit.

Timothy L. DeFoor Auditor General

September 5, 2023

CONTENTS

	<u>Page</u>
Background	1
Findings and Recommendations:	
Finding No. 1 – Failure To Deposit Proceeds From The Sale Of A Jointly Purchased Vehicle	5
Finding No. 2 – Inadequate Internal Controls	6
Finding No. 3 – Failure To Maintain A Complete And Accurate Equipment Roster	8
Report Distribution List	10

BACKGROUND

Pursuant to Article VIII, Section 10 of the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, Section 403 of The Fiscal Code¹, and the Volunteer Firefighters' Relief Association Act² ("VFRA Act"), the Department of the Auditor General's duty is to audit the accounts and records of every volunteer firefighters' relief association to determine that funds received under the Foreign Fire Insurance Tax Distribution Law³ (commonly referred to as Act 205) are properly expended.

The relief association is a charitable organization that was formed primarily to afford financial protection to volunteer firefighters and to encourage individuals to participate in volunteer fire service.

The VFRA Act governs the overall operation of volunteer firefighters' relief associations. Relief association bylaws define the specific operational procedures by which relief associations conduct business. To fulfill its primary purpose, the VFRA Act authorizes specific types of expenditures and prescribes appropriate volunteer firefighters' relief association investment options. Within the parameters established by the VFRA Act, it is the responsibility of relief associations to choose investments in a proper and prudent manner.

Volunteer firefighters' relief associations receive public tax monies, and the association officers therefore have a responsibility to the public to conduct the association's financial affairs in a businesslike manner and to maintain sufficient financial records to support the propriety of all association transactions. Volunteer firefighters' relief association officers are also responsible for ensuring that the association operates in accordance with applicable state laws, contracts, bylaws, and administrative procedures.

Act 205 sets forth the computation of the Foreign Fire Insurance Tax Distribution paid to each applicable municipality throughout the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania. The amount of the distribution is based upon the population of each municipality and the market value of real estate within the municipality. Upon receipt of this distribution, the municipality must allocate the funds to the volunteer firefighters' relief association of the fire service organization or fire service organizations that is or are recognized as providing the service to the municipality.

¹ 72 P.S. § 403 (as last amended by Act 44 of 2017).

² 35 Pa.C.S. § 7411 et seq. See specifically, 35 Pa.C.S. § 7418 (amended by Act 91 of 2020).

BACKGROUND – (Continued)

The relief association was allocated state aid from the following municipality:

	Municipality	County	2020	2021	2022
W	hitehall Township	Lehigh	\$162,681	\$145,402	\$186,329

Based on the relief association's records, its total cash and investments as of December 31, 2022, were \$3,610,888, as illustrated below:

Cash	\$ 519,780
Fair Value of Investments	3,056,509
Book Value of Other Investments	 34,599
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 3,610,888

BACKGROUND – (Continued)

Based on the relief association's records, its total expenditures for the period January 1, 2020, to December 31, 2022, were \$804,774, as noted below. The accuracy of these expenditures was evaluated as part of the Department's audit to conclude on the relief association's compliance with applicable state laws, contracts, bylaws, and administrative procedures as they relate to the receipt of state aid and the expenditure of relief association funds. The scope of the Department's audit does not include the issuance of an opinion on the accuracy of these amounts.

Expenditures:

Benefit Services:	
Insurance premiums	\$ 162,627
Death benefits	120,000
Relief benefits	 5,104
Total Benefit Services	\$ 287,731
Fire Services:	
Equipment purchased	\$ 285,922
Equipment maintenance	39,888
Training expenses	23,187
Fire prevention materials	3,660
Total Fire Services	\$ 352,657
Administrative Services:	
Bond premiums	\$ 861
Officer compensation	8,325
Hall rental	8,450
Emergency Reporting Fire Package renewals	5,640
Other administrative expenses	 2,521
Total Administrative Services	\$ 25,797
Total Investments Purchased	\$ 138,521
Other Expenditures:	
Miscellaneous	\$ 68
Total Expenditures	\$ 804,774

⁴ Accuracy was evaluated for a selection of transactions based on dollar amount, category, and/or random selection.

BACKGROUND – (Continued)

The volunteer firefighters' relief association and the affiliated fire service organization are separate, legal entities. The relief association is affiliated with the following fire service organization:

Whitehall Township Fire Department

Finding No. 1 – Failure To Deposit Proceeds From The Sale Of A Jointly Purchased Vehicle

Condition: In 2008, the relief association had expended \$20,854 towards the joint purchase of a 1991 KME with the affiliated fire company which had a total cost of \$205,854. The relief association entered into an agreement with the affiliated fire company dated February 18, 2008, where the relief association would receive the pro-rata share percentage of 10% if the vehicle was ever sold. Although the agreement states that the vehicle shall be titled in the name of the affiliated fire company's name, it is titled in the name of Whitehall Township. In 2020, the jointly purchased vehicle was sold for \$4,900; however, the relief association did not receive and deposit its proportional ownership interest of the proceeds from the sale of the jointly purchased vehicle.

Criteria: Section 7418(a) of the VFRA Act states:

The Office of Auditor General shall have the power and its duty shall be to audit the accounts and records of every volunteer firefighters' relief association receiving money under Chapter 7 of the Act of December 18, 1984 (P.L. 1005, No. 205), known as the Municipal Pension Plan Funding Standard and Recovery Act, as far as may be necessary to satisfy the Auditor General that the money received was or is being expended for no purpose other than that authorized by this subchapter. Copies of all audits shall be furnished to the Governor.

Prudent business practice dictates that the relief association should secure its proportional ownership interest in the jointly purchased vehicle by executing a formal written agreement that enumerates the relief association's proportional share of financing. Such agreement shall specify that the relief association shall receive its prorated share of the proceeds upon sale of the vehicle, in the event the vehicle is ever sold. Once the vehicle is sold, the relief association officials should closely monitor all sales to ensure proceeds are received and timely deposited into a relief association account.

<u>Cause</u>: The relief association officials indicated that they were not aware that an agreement was in place until the auditor brought it to their attention.

<u>Effect</u>: The failure to receive and deposit the proceeds from the sale of a jointly purchased vehicle with the affiliated municipality places the relief association's ownership interest at greater risk. As a result, the relief association was unable to use the funds for general operating expenses or for investment purposes.

Finding No. 1 – (Continued)

Recommendation: We recommend that the relief association be reimbursed \$490 for its pro-rata share of the proceeds from the sale of the jointly purchased vehicle. We also recommend the relief association officials establish accounting and internal control procedures to ensure that all future proceeds resulting from the sale of a jointly purchased vehicle are timely deposited in a relief association account. For further guidance, please refer to the Auditor General's publication, MANAGEMENT GUIDELINES FOR VOLUNTEER FIREFIGHTERS' RELIEF ASSOCIATIONS.

<u>Management's Response</u>: Relief association management agreed with the finding as presented at the audit exit conference and indicated they will take action to comply with the recommendation.

<u>Auditor's Conclusion</u>: Compliance will be subject to verification through our next audit.

Finding No. 2 – Inadequate Internal Controls

<u>Condition</u>: The relief association has failed to establish adequate internal controls. As cited as verbal observations in the prior audit, the following conditions noted during the current audit period are indicative of internal control weaknesses:

- A debit card policy was still not created and maintained during the current audit.
- The meeting minutes were not signed and dated by the recording officer.

Criteria: Section 7415(a) of the VFRA Act states, in part, that the relief association:

.... must provide for taking and preserving minutes of all meetings and maintenance of such books of account as may be necessary and appropriate to afford a permanent record of its fiscal affairs.

The relief association's bylaws at Article II, Section 7C states, in part:

Recording Secretary: a) To keep just, true and impartial minutes of all meetings, noting authorization by the membership of all ASSOCIATION financial transactions, all other pertinent business discussed by the membership.

Finding No. 2 – (Continued)

Furthermore, prudent business practice dictates that:

- A debit card policy be maintained that states the procedures that require pre and/or
 post approval of expenditures by authorized VFRA officials, the location where the
 card is to be kept, the authorized users of the card, and the evidence (e.g. initials)
 of the proper review and approval of transactions contained on the receipts for
 payment.
- The Secretary of the Relief Association should sign and date all meeting minutes.

<u>Cause</u>: While notified about these two discrepancies before the conclusion of the prior audit, the relief association officials indicated that they were unaware about the necessity to create and follow written guidelines concerning the use and storage of the relief association's debit card as well as having their secretary sign and date each set of meeting minutes.

<u>Effect</u>: The failure to establish a debit card policy and have the recording secretary sign and date the meeting minutes prevented the relief association from adequately safeguarding its assets. Furthermore, the lack of effective internal controls places the relief association funds at greater risk for misappropriation.

<u>Recommendation</u>: We recommend that the relief association officials adopt internal control procedures which will require the following:

- A debit card policy stating the requirements for the pre and/or post approval of expenditures by authorized relief association officials, storage location, authorized users, and proper documentation of authorization and approval of the debit card payment by appropriate relief association officials.
- The Secretary of the Relief Association to sign and date all meeting minutes.

For further guidance, please refer to the Auditor General's publication, MANAGEMENT GUIDELINES FOR VOLUNTEER FIREFIGHTER'S RELIEF ASSOCIATION.

<u>Management's Response</u>: Relief association management agreed with the finding as presented at the audit exit conference and indicated they will take action to comply with the recommendation.

Auditor's Conclusion: Compliance will be subject to verification through our next audit.

Finding No. 3 – Failure To Maintain A Complete And Accurate Equipment Roster

Condition: The relief association failed to maintain a complete and accurate roster of equipment owned by the relief association. Although a listing of relief association owned equipment was provided during the current audit, it was incomplete because it did not contain the names of suppliers (vendors), dates of purchase, cost of equipment, and serial numbers to accurately identify equipment owned by the relief association. As such, it was impossible to determine if all equipment purchased during the audit period in the amount of \$285,922 was recorded. In addition, there was no indication that a physical inventory of equipment was conducted on an annual basis to account for the equipment owned by the relief association.

<u>Criteria</u>: Prudent business practice dictates that the relief association should establish adequate internal control procedures to ensure the maintenance of a cumulative equipment roster of all items purchased by the relief association and perform and document an annual physical inventory of all operable equipment in order to provide an effective accounting control over the relief association's equipment. A cumulative equipment roster of all relief association equipment should include all of the following:

- Types of equipment purchased
- Dates of purchase
- Unit costs
- Names of suppliers
- Serial numbers, if applicable
- Current locations of items
- Final dispositions of sold or damaged equipment
- Evidence of the performance and results of an annual physical inventory

<u>Cause</u>: Relief association officials stated the inadequate equipment inventory roster was the result of a lack of effort by the prior equipment inventory control officer.

<u>Effect</u>: The failure to properly record equipment purchases in a detailed equipment roster prevents officials from effectively monitoring the relief association's equipment purchases. In addition, the failure to maintain a detailed equipment roster and perform an annual physical inventory of equipment prevents adequate accountability for, and safeguarding of, relief association equipment.

Finding No. 3 – (Continued)

<u>Recommendation</u>: We recommend that the relief association officials maintain a cumulative equipment roster of all equipment owned by the relief association. Furthermore, the relief association should ensure it performs an annual physical inventory of all operable equipment and that the completion of the inventory be sufficiently documented. For further guidance, please refer to the Auditor General's publication, MANAGEMENT GUIDELINES FOR VOLUNTEER FIREFIGHTERS' RELIEF ASSOCIATIONS.

<u>Management's Response</u>: Relief association management agreed with the finding as presented at the audit exit conference and indicated they will take action to comply with the recommendation.

Auditor's Conclusion: Compliance will be subject to verification through our next audit.

WHITEHALL TOWNSHIP VOLUNTEER FIREFIGHTERS RELIEF ASSOCIATION OF LEHIGH COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA REPORT DISTRIBUTION LIST

This report was initially distributed to the following:

The Honorable Joshua D. Shapiro

Governor Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

Whitehall Township Volunteer Firefighters Relief Association of Lehigh County, Pennsylvania Governing Body:

Mr. Gregory Unger President

Mr. Dennis Scholtis
Vice President

Ms. Madison Beltz Secretary

Mr. John Hersh Treasurer

A report was also distributed to the following municipality, which allocated foreign fire insurance tax monies to this relief association:

Mr. Thomas Slonaker Secretary

Secretary
Whitehall Township

This report is a matter of public record and is available online at www.PaAuditor.gov. Media questions about the report can be directed to the Pennsylvania Department of the Auditor General, Office of Communications, 229 Finance Building, Harrisburg, PA 17120; via email to: news@PaAuditor.gov.