COMPLIANCE AUDIT

The Wiconisco Fire Company Volunteer Fireman's Relief Association

Dauphin County, Pennsylvania For the Period January 1, 2015 to December 31, 2017

July 2018



Commonwealth of Pennsylvania Department of the Auditor General

Eugene A. DePasquale • Auditor General





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EUGENE A. DEPASQUALE AUDITOR GENERAL

Mr. Alan J. Maurer, President The Wiconisco Fire Company Volunteer Fireman's Relief Association Dauphin County

We have conducted a compliance audit of The Wiconisco Fire Company Volunteer Fireman's Relief Association (relief association) pursuant to authority derived from Article VIII, Section 10 of the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, Section 403 of The Fiscal Code, Act of April 9, 1929, (P.L. 343, No. 176), and mandated by the Volunteer Firefighters' Relief Association Act, as consolidated by the Act of November 23, 2010 (P.L. 1181, No. 118), at 35 Pa.C.S. § 7411 *et seq.*, for the period January 1, 2015 to December 31, 2017.

The objectives of the audit were:

- 1. To determine if the relief association took appropriate corrective action to address the findings contained in our prior audit report.
- 2. To determine if the relief association complied with applicable state laws, contracts, bylaws, and administrative procedures as they relate to the receipt of state aid and the expenditure of relief association funds.

Our audit was limited to the areas related to the objectives identified above and was not required to be and was not conducted in accordance with Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Relief association officers are responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal controls to provide reasonable assurance that the relief association's administration of state aid and accumulated relief funds complies with applicable state laws, contracts, bylaws, and administrative procedures, including the safeguarding of assets. Relief association officers are responsible for complying with applicable state laws, contracts, bylaws, and administrative procedures. It is our responsibility to perform procedures to obtain sufficient, appropriate evidence to the extent necessary to satisfy the audit objectives. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our conclusions.

Based on our audit procedures, we conclude that, for the period January 1, 2015 to December 31, 2017:

- The relief association took appropriate corrective action to address two of the three findings contained in our prior audit report. However, the relief association failed to take appropriate corrective action to address the one remaining finding contained in our prior audit report, as listed below and discussed in the Status of Prior Findings section of this report.
- The relief association, in all significant respects, complied with applicable state laws, contracts, bylaws, and administrative procedures as they relate to the receipt of state aid and the expenditure of relief association funds, except as noted in the findings listed below and discussed later in this report.

Finding No. 1 – Noncompliance With Prior audit Recommendation – Unauthorized Expenditures

Finding No. 2 – Inadequate Relief Association Bylaws (Discretionary Benefits)

The supplementary financial information contained in this report is presented for purposes of additional disclosure and analysis. We performed only limited procedures on the supplementary financial information and, accordingly, express no form of assurance on it.

The contents of this report were discussed with the management of the relief association and, where appropriate, their responses have been included in the report. We would like to thank the relief association officials for the cooperation extended to us during the conduct of the audit.

July 9, 2018

EUGENE A. DEPASQUALE

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Auditor General

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BACKGROUND

Pursuant to Article VIII, Section 10 of the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, Section 403 of The Fiscal Code, Act of April 9, 1929, (P.L. 343, No. 176), and the Volunteer Firefighters' Relief Association Act, as consolidated by the Act of November 23, 2010, (P.L. 1181, No. 118), at 35 Pa.C.S. § 7411 *et seq.*, the Department of the Auditor General's duty is to audit the accounts and records of every volunteer firefighters' relief association to determine that funds received under the Foreign Fire Insurance Tax Distribution Law, Act of December 18, 1984, (P.L. 1005, No. 205), as amended, 53 P.S. § 895.701 *et seq.* (commonly referred to as Act 205), are properly expended.

The relief association is a charitable organization that was formed primarily to afford financial protection to volunteer firefighters and to encourage individuals to participate in volunteer fire service.

Act 118 governs the overall operation of volunteer firefighters' relief associations. Relief association bylaws define the specific operational procedures by which relief associations conduct business. To fulfill its primary purpose, Act 118 authorizes specific types of expenditures and prescribes appropriate volunteer firefighters' relief association investment options. Within the parameters established by Act 118, it is the responsibility of relief associations to choose investments in a proper and prudent manner.

Volunteer firefighters' relief associations receive public tax monies, and the association officers therefore have a responsibility to the public to conduct the association's financial affairs in a businesslike manner and to maintain sufficient financial records to support the propriety of all association transactions. Volunteer firefighters' relief association officers are also responsible for ensuring that the association operates in accordance with applicable state laws, contracts, bylaws and administrative procedures.

Act 205 sets forth the computation of the Foreign Fire Insurance Tax Distribution paid to each applicable municipality throughout the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania. The amount of the distribution is based upon the population of each municipality and the market value of real estate within the municipality. Upon receipt of this distribution, the municipality must allocate the funds to the volunteer firefighters' relief association of the fire service organization or fire service organizations that is or are recognized as providing the service to the municipality.

BACKGROUND – (Continued)

The relief association was allocated state aid from the following municipality:

	Municipality	County	2015	2016	2017
V	Viconisco Township	Dauphin	\$5,775	\$5,756	\$5,293

The volunteer firefighters' relief association and the affiliated fire service organization are separate, legal entities. The relief association is affiliated with the following fire service organization:

Wiconisco Fire Engine Company No. 1

THE WICONISCO FIRE COMPANY VOLUNTEER FIREMAN'S RELIEF ASSOCIATION STATUS OF PRIOR FINDINGS

COMPLIANCE WITH PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

The relief association has complied with two of the three prior audit findings and recommendations, as follows:

Undocumented Expenditure

By receiving reimbursement of \$5,000 from the affiliated fire company for the undocumented expenditure that was made in the prior audit period.

<u>Inadequate Financial Record-Keeping System</u>

By establishing and maintaining a financial record-keeping system that allows the membership to effectively monitor the relief association's financial operations.

NONCOMPLIANCE WITH PRIOR AUDIT FINDING AND RECOMMENDATION

The relief association has not complied with one of the three prior audit findings. This finding is noted below and discussed in detail in the Findings and Recommendations section of this report:

• Unauthorized Expenditures

Although the relief association received reimbursement of \$6,360 from the affiliated fire company for the unauthorized expenditures that were made in the prior audit period, the relief association again expended funds in the current audit period that were not authorized by Act 118 as further disclosed in Finding No. 1 of this report.

We are concerned by the relief association's failure to correct this previously reported audit finding. The association management should strive to implement the recommendation and corrective action noted in this audit report.

<u>Condition</u>: As disclosed in the Status of Prior Findings section of this report, although the relief association received reimbursement from the affiliated fire company for the unauthorized expenditures that were made in the prior audit period, the relief association again expended funds for the following items during the current audit period that are not authorized by Act 118:

Date	Check No.	Description		Amount
01/20/15	200	C 'I' D 1/TDIA	Φ	1 020
01/20/15	290	Commercial insurance policy – Renewal/TRIA	\$	1,938
05/12/15	Savings	Commercial insurance policy – Renewal		974
08/28/15	292	Commercial insurance policy – Renewal		1,904
10/13/16	295	Commercial insurance policy – Renewal		1,836
02/01/17	297	Commercial insurance policy – Renewal/TRIA		1,986
10/30/17	300	Commercial insurance policy – Renewal		1,949
		Total	\$	10,587

A similar condition was noted in our prior audit report.

Finding No. 1 – (Continued)

<u>Criteria</u>: Act 118 at 35 Pa.C.S. § 7416(f)(1, 2, 8 and 12) states:

The funds of any volunteer firefighters' relief association may be spent:

- (1) To pay for such normal and reasonable running expenses as may be appropriate to the businesslike conduct of the affairs of the association, including legal fees, rental or purchase of offices, payment of reasonable compensation of employees and purchase of office equipment and supplies.
- (2) To purchase contracts of insurance which, at a minimum, shall afford financial assistance to active members of the fire service represented by the association against losses due to injury suffered in the fire service and may also provide, in the order named: (i) for payments to the surviving spouse or other dependents of a member in the event of member's death; (ii) for protection of active firefighters against disease; (iii) for replacement or purchase of prosthetic devices such as visual aids, hearing aids, dentures, braces, crutches and the like, where those devices have been lost or damaged while the owner was engaged in the fire service or where the need for those devices arose because of functional impairment attributable to participation in the fire service; (iv) for repair or replacement, if necessary, of articles of clothing or pocket pagers damaged or lost in the course of participation in the fire service; and (v) for disability incurred after service for a minimum of 20 years as a volunteer firefighter.
- (8) To contribute to or to purchase contracts of insurance which will contribute to the cost of rehabilitating and retraining volunteer firefighters who, by reason of their participation in the fire service, have suffered a major impairment of the ability to continue their vocation.
- (12) To secure insurance against the legal liability of volunteer firefighters for loss and expense from claims arising out of performance of official and authorized duties while going to, returning from or attending fires or performing their duties as special fire police.

Costs associated with the purchase of commercial insurance policies for the fire company do not qualify as authorized volunteer firefighters' relief association expenditures; consequently, these disbursements are not authorized under Act 118.

Finding No. 1 – (Continued)

<u>Cause</u>: Even though notified of this condition during our prior audit, relief association officials again neglected the fact that the expenditures were not authorized by Act 118.

<u>Effect</u>: As a result of these improper expenditures, relief association funds were not available for investment purposes, or to pay for expenditures authorized by Act 118.

<u>Recommendation</u>: We recommend that the relief association be reimbursed \$10,587 for the unauthorized expenditures and that relief association officials become familiar with Act 118 at 35 Pa.C.S. § 7416(f) to aid them in determining the propriety of future expenditures. For further guidance, please refer to the Auditor General's publication, MANAGEMENT GUIDELINES FOR VOLUNTEER FIREFIGHTERS' RELIEF ASSOCIATIONS.

<u>Management's Response</u>: Relief association management agreed with the finding as presented at the audit exit conference and, as a result of our audit, the affiliated fire company reimbursed the relief association \$9,613 for the unauthorized expenditures on May 31, 2018, leaving a balance owed of \$974.

<u>Auditor's Conclusion</u>: We reviewed documentation verifying that the reimbursement of \$9,613 was received, which leaves a balance due of \$974. Compliance for the remaining unauthorized expenditures and expenditures made during the next audit period will be subject to verification through our next audit.

Finding No. 2 – Inadequate Relief Association Bylaws (Discretionary Benefits)

<u>Condition</u>: The existing bylaws of the relief association do not contain all of the provisions required by Act 118 at 35 Pa.C.S. § 7415(c). Specifically, the bylaws do not address the disbursement of death benefits.

In addition, the relief association did not formally define discretionary benefits that were being offered to its members. During the current audit period, the relief association paid a \$250 death benefit to a member of the relief association. Although this expenditure was authorized by Act 118, the types, amounts, and criteria to be met before receiving the benefits were not described in a formal policy approved by the association membership.

Finding No. 2 – (Continued)

<u>Criteria</u>: Act 118 at 35 Pa.C.S. § 7415(c)(10) states, the relief association's bylaws should include the following provisions:

(10) Contain such other provisions as may, to the membership, seem appropriate or necessary to the orderly conduct of affairs of the association.

In addition, Act 118 at 35 Pa.C.S. § 7413(3) states, funds shall be available:

(3) For payment, either by insurance or by operation of a beneficial fund, of a sum certain to designated beneficiaries of a participating member following the death of a member for any cause and to establish criteria which members must meet in order to qualify as participants in a death benefit fund. [Emphasis added.]

Furthermore, prudent business practice dictates that when a relief association offers death benefits, or any other type of discretionary benefit provided by Act 118, it should establish a precedent for those benefits being offered. Such a precedent should be documented in the bylaws, a formal association policy, or in the official meeting minutes. The formal approval is necessary to clarify the types and amounts of benefits offered to its membership as well.

<u>Cause</u>: Relief association officials indicated that they were unaware of the specific bylaw stipulations established by Act 118 and did not perceive the formal approval to be an essential internal control in safeguarding relief association assets. As a result, relief association officials failed to establish procedures to formally define the benefits and related criteria for the benefits offered to members.

<u>Effect</u>: As a result of the mandatory provision not being included in the bylaws, the relief association may have conducted its affairs without proper authorization. In addition, the relief association's failure to formally define discretionary benefits prevents the membership from being aware of the types and amounts of benefits offered to its membership. The absence of formal approval increases the risk of unauthorized expenditures and could also lead to benefits not being applied equally to all members of the association.

<u>Recommendation</u>: We recommend that the relief association officials review and update the bylaws governing their organization so that the bylaws meet the requirements set forth in Act 118 and properly authorize the operating procedures of the relief association. For further guidance, please refer to the Auditor General's publication, MANAGEMENT GUIDELINES FOR VOLUNTEER FIREFIGHTERS' RELIEF ASSOCIATIONS.

Finding No. 2 – (Continued)

<u>Management's Response</u>: Relief association management agreed with the finding as presented at the audit exit conference and indicated they will take action to comply with the recommendation.

Auditor's Conclusion: Compliance will be subject to verification through our next audit.

THE WICONISCO FIRE COMPANY VOLUNTEER FIREMAN'S RELIEF ASSOCIATION SUPPLEMENTARY FINANCIAL INFORMATION CASH BALANCE AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2017

Cash \$ 3,809

THE WICONISCO FIRE COMPANY VOLUNTEER FIREMAN'S RELIEF ASSOCIATION SUPPLEMENTARY FINANCIAL INFORMATION SUMMARY OF EXPENDITURES FOR THE PERIOD JANUARY 1, 2015 TO DECEMBER 31, 2017

Expenditures:

Benefit Services:	
Insurance premiums	\$ 3,330
Death benefits	 250
Total Benefit Services	\$ 3,580
Fire Services:	
Equipment purchased	\$ 900
Equipment maintenance	802
Training expenses	 1,418
Total Fire Services	\$ 3,120
Administrative Services:	
Other administrative expenses	\$ 12
Bond premiums	13,603
Total Administrative Services	\$ 13,615
Other Expenditures:	
Unauthorized expenditures	\$ 10,587
Total Expenditures	\$ 30,902

THE WICONISCO FIRE COMPANY VOLUNTEER FIREMAN'S RELIEF ASSOCIATION REPORT DISTRIBUTION LIST

This report was initially distributed to the following:

The Honorable Tom W. Wolf

Governor Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

The Wiconisco Fire Company Volunteer Fireman's Relief Association Governing Body:

Mr. Alan J. Maurer
President

Mr. Ronald Pinchorski Secretary

Mr. Matthew D. Basti Treasurer

A report was also distributed to the following municipality, which allocated foreign fire insurance tax monies to this relief association:

Ms. Candice E. Fausnacht Secretary Wiconisco Township

This report is a matter of public record and is available online at www.PaAuditor.gov. Media questions about the report can be directed to the Pennsylvania Department of the Auditor General, Office of Communications, 229 Finance Building, Harrisburg, PA 17120; via email to: news@PaAuditor.gov.