COMPLIANCE AUDIT

District Court 29-3-03

Lycoming County, Pennsylvania
For the Period
January 1, 2017 to December 31, 2020

February 2022



Commonwealth of Pennsylvania Department of the Auditor General

Timothy L. DeFoor • Auditor General



Commonwealth of Pennsylvania
Department of the Auditor General
Harrisburg, PA 17120-0018
Facebook: Pennsylvania Auditor General
Twitter: @PAAuditorGen
www.PaAuditor.gov

TIMOTHY L. DEFOOR AUDITOR GENERAL

The Honorable C. Daniel Hassell Secretary Pennsylvania Department of Revenue Harrisburg, PA 17128

We have conducted a compliance audit of the District Court 29-3-03, Lycoming County, Pennsylvania (District Court), for the period January 1, 2017 to December 31, 2020, pursuant to the requirements of Section 401(c) of *The Fiscal Code*, 72 P.S. § 401(c).

The objective of the audit was to determine whether all moneys collected on behalf of the Commonwealth have been correctly assessed, reported, and promptly remitted and to provide a report to the Department of Revenue to allow the Department of Revenue to state and settle the District Court's account. Our audit was limited to areas related to the objective identified above and was not conducted, nor was it required to be, in accordance with Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

The District Court is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal controls to provide reasonable assurance of compliance with state laws and regulations applicable to the collection of moneys on behalf of the Commonwealth, including whether they have been correctly assessed, reported, and promptly remitted. The District Court is also responsible for complying with those laws and regulations. It is our responsibility to perform procedures to obtain sufficient, appropriate evidence to the extent necessary to satisfy the audit objective. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our conclusions.

Based on our audit procedures, we conclude that, for the period January 1, 2017 to December 31, 2020, the District Court, in all significant respects, complied with state laws and regulations applicable to the collection of moneys on behalf of the Commonwealth, including whether they have been correctly assessed, reported, and promptly remitted, except as noted in the finding listed below and discussed later in this report:

• Inadequate Arrest Warrant and DL-38 Procedures - Recurring.

This report includes a summary of the District Court's receipts and disbursements of funds collected on behalf of the Commonwealth (summary). We obtained data representing the District Court's receipts and disbursements from the Pennsylvania Department of Revenue, which obtains data from each of the Commonwealth's district courts, and used the data to create the summary in the format required by the Department of Revenue. We also evaluated the accuracy of the data as part of our audit to conclude on the District Court's compliance with certain state laws and regulations as described in the previous paragraph. Any adjustments that we considered necessary based on our audit work are disclosed in the *Audit Adjustments* line of the summary; however, the scope of our audit does not include the issuance of an opinion on the accuracy of the amounts reported in the summary.

The purpose of this report is to determine whether all moneys collected on behalf of the Commonwealth have been correctly assessed, reported and promptly remitted. This report is not suitable for any other purposes.

The contents of this report were discussed with the management of the District Court and, where appropriate, their response has been included in the report. We appreciate the courtesy extended by the District Court 29-3-03, Lycoming County, to us during the course of our audit. If you have any questions, please feel free to contact the Bureau of County Audits at 717-787-1363.

Timothy L. DeFoor Auditor General

Timothy L. Detool

January 25, 2022

CONTENTS

	Page
Background	1
Summary Of Receipts And Disbursements	2
Finding And Recommendations:	
Finding - Inadequate Arrest Warrant And DL-38 Procedures - Recurring	3
Summary Of Prior Audit Recommendations	7
Report Distribution	8

DISTRICT COURT 29-3-03 LYCOMING COUNTY BACKGROUND FOR THE PERIOD JANUARY 1, 2017 TO DECEMBER 31, 2020

The Department of Auditor General is mandated by Article IV, Section 401(c) of *The Fiscal Code* (Act of April 9, 1929, P.L.343, No. 176), to audit the accounts of each district court to determine whether all moneys collected on behalf of the Commonwealth have been correctly assessed, reported and promptly remitted.

District Court receipts are comprised of fines, costs, fees, and surcharges collected on behalf of the Commonwealth. These fines, costs, fees, and surcharges represent collections made on traffic, non-traffic, civil, and criminal cases filed with the District Court.

Total disbursements during the audit period are comprised as follows:

District Court checks issued to:

Department of Revenue

\$ 1,234,623

This balance reflects the summary of monthly transmittal reports as settled by the Department of Revenue.

Jon E. Kemp served at District Court 29-3-03 for the period January 1, 2017 to December 31, 2020.

The summary of receipts and disbursements on the following page provides a summary of receipts and disbursements by category. The categories and the amounts of fines, costs, fees, and surcharges assessed are based on Pennsylvania laws and regulations.

The summary was prepared in accordance with reporting requirements prescribed by the Pennsylvania Department of Revenue. Under this method, only the Commonwealth portion of cash receipts and disbursements are presented, revenues are recognized when received, and expenditures are recognized when paid.

DISTRICT COURT 29-3-03 LYCOMING COUNTY

SUMMARY OF RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD

JANUARY 1, 2017 TO DECEMBER 31, 2020

Receipts:

Department of Transportation		
Title 75 Fines	\$	251,115
Motor Carrier Road Tax Fines		725
Overweight Fines		16,237
Commercial Driver Fines		1,500
Littering Law Fines		3,499
Child Restraint Fines		905
Department of Revenue Court Costs		183,749
Crime Victims' Compensation Bureau Costs		22,706
Crime Commission Costs/Victim Witness Services Costs		16,283
Domestic Violence Costs		5,559
Department of Agriculture Fines		4,247
Emergency Medical Service Fines		63,998
CAT/MCARE Fund Surcharges		185,920
Judicial Computer System Fees		75,182
Access to Justice Fees		38,063
Criminal Justice Enhancement Account Fees		7,055
Judicial Computer Project Surcharges		108,187
Constable Service Surcharges		8,449
Miscellaneous State Fines and Costs	•	241,244
Total receipts		1,234,623
Disbursements to Commonwealth		(1,234,623)
Balance due Commonwealth (District Court) per settled reports		-
Audit adjustments		
Adjusted balance due Commonwealth (District Court) for the period January 1, 2017 to December 31, 2020	\$	

Finding - Inadequate Arrest Warrant And DL-38 Procedures - Recurring

We cited the issue of inadequate arrest warrant and DL-38 procedures in the prior audit for the period January 1, 2013 to December 31, 2016. Our current audit found that the district court did not correct this issue.

Warrants and Requests For Suspension Of Operating Privileges (DL-38s) are used to enforce the collection of monies on traffic and non-traffic cases in which defendants failed to make payments when required. A Warrant of Arrest (AOPC 417) is used to authorize an official to arrest a defendant, to collect fines and costs from the defendant after a disposition, or to collect collateral for a trial. If the defendant does not respond within ten days to a citation or summons, a Warrant of Arrest may be issued. A Request for Suspension of Driving Privileges for Failure to Respond to a Citation or Summons or Pay Fines and Costs Imposed (AOPC 638A) is used to notify the defendant in writing that his/her license will be suspended if he/she fails to respond to the traffic citation or summons. A DL-38 cannot be issued for a parking violation.

During our testing of warrant procedures, we noted that warrant procedures established by the *Magisterial District Judge Automated Office Clerical Procedures Manual* (Manual) were not always followed. The Magisterial District Judge did not consistently issue warrants when required. We tested 50 instances in which a warrant was required to be issued. Our testing disclosed that 23 were not issued timely and six were not issued at all. The time of issuance ranged from 61 days to 659 days.

In addition, of 44 warrants required to be returned or recalled, one was not returned or recalled, and one was not returned timely. The time of issuance to the time of return was 871 days.

Furthermore, we tested 14 instances in which a DL-38 was required to be issued. Our testing disclosed that 13 were not issued timely. The time of issuance ranged from 61 days to 213 days.

The Manual establishes the uniform written internal control policies and procedures for all district courts.

Finding - Inadequate Arrest Warrant And DL-38 Procedures - Recurring (Continued)

Warrant Issuance Procedures: The Manual states that on October 1, 1998, new warrant procedures took effect for summary cases. Amendments were made to Pa.R.Crim.P. 430, 431, 454, 455, 456, 460, 461, and 462. To comply with the new changes, the Notice of Impending Warrant (AOPC A418) was created with the purpose of informing the defendant that failure to pay the amount due or to appear for a Payment Determination Hearing will result in the issuance of an arrest warrant. The defendant is also informed that his/her response must be made within ten days of the date of the notice.

According to Pa.R.Crim.P. 430, a Notice of Impending Warrant may be issued in a post-disposition summary case for any of the following reasons:

- A guilty disposition is recorded and no payment is made or a time payment schedule is not created.
- A guilty disposition is recorded and a previously deposited collateral payment, when applied, does not pay the case balance in full.
- A guilty disposition is recorded and the defendant defaults on a time payment schedule.

According to Pa.R.Crim.P. 430, a warrant SHALL be issued in a summary case for any of the following reasons (a Notice of Impending Warrant is not necessary for the following):

- The defendant has failed to respond to a citation or summons that was served either personally or by certified mail, return receipt requested.
- The citation or summons is returned undeliverable.
- The Magisterial District Judge has reasonable grounds to believe that the defendant will not obey a summons.

Warrant Return Procedures: The Manual states that the Administrative Office of Pennsylvania Courts (AOPC) recommends that those in possession of arrest warrants should be notified to return warrants that have not been served. For summary traffic and non-traffic cases, outstanding warrants should be returned to the Magisterial District Judge's office within 120 days of issuance. Returned warrants can either be recorded in the Magisterial District Judge System (MDJS) as unserved, if the defendant is unable to be located; or they can be recalled for reissue, if the server has not exhausted all means of finding the defendant.

Finding - Inadequate Arrest Warrant And DL-38 Procedures - Recurring (Continued)

DL-38 Procedures: The Manual states that once a citation is given to the defendant or a summons is issued, the defendant has ten days to respond. If on the eleventh day, the defendant has not responded, 75 Pa.C.S. §1533 requires that the defendant be notified that he/she has fifteen days from the date of notice to respond to the citation/summons before his/her license is suspended. In accordance with Section 1533 of the Pennsylvania Vehicle Code, the defendant has fifteen days to respond to the defendant's copy of the DL-38. If the defendant does not respond by the fifteenth day, the Magisterial District Judge's office shall notify the Pennsylvania Department of Transportation by issuing the appropriate License Suspension Request (AOPC 638B,D,E).

In addition, 75 Pa.C.S. §1533 also requires a post-disposition DL-38 (AOPC 638B/E) be issued if the defendant neglects to pay fines and costs imposed at the time of disposition, or fails to make a scheduled time payment.

The failure to follow warrant and DL-38 procedures could result in uncollected fines and unpunished offenders. Additionally, the risk is increased for funds to be lost or misappropriated.

District Court staff indicated that these conditions existed because of high employee turnover and staff shortages. Adherence to the uniform internal control policies and procedures, as set forth in the Manual, would have ensured that there were adequate internal controls over warrants and DL-38s.

Recommendations

We strongly recommend that the district court review the tickler reports for warrants and DL-38s daily and take appropriate action as required by the Manual. We further recommend that the court review warrant control reports and notify police or other officials to return warrants that are unserved for 120 days for summary traffic and non-traffic cases as recommended by the Manual.

Finding - Inadequate Arrest Warrant And DL-38 Procedures - Recurring (Continued)

Management's Response

The Magisterial District Judge responded as follows:

In 2019, prior to the end of the audit period, the court took corrective measures to ensure that warrants and DL-38s are issued on a timely basis. The office will continue to monitor and address warrants and DL-38s on a weekly basis to ensure they are issued timely.

Auditor's Conclusion

This is a recurring finding. Although we recognize and appreciate the district court's effort to correct these issues, it is imperative that warrants and DL-38s are issued timely to enforce the collection of monies and unserved warrants are returned on a timely basis. During our next audit, we will determine if the district court complied with our recommendations.

DISTRICT COURT 29-3-03 LYCOMING COUNTY SUMMARY OF PRIOR AUDIT RECOMMENDATIONS FOR THE PERIOD JANUARY 1, 2017 TO DECEMBER 31, 2020

Summary Of Prior Audit Recommendations

During our prior audit, we recommended that the district court:

- Review the tickler reports for warrants and DL-38s daily and take appropriate action as required by the Manual. We further recommended that the court review warrant control reports and notify police or other officials to return warrants that are unserved for 60 days (120 days as of December 2016) for summary traffic and non-traffic cases as recommended by the Manual.
- Maintain documentation that the Magisterial District Judge authorize the disposition of these cases and ensure it is available for examination.

During our current audit, we noted that the district court complied with our second bulleted recommendation. However, the district court did not comply with our first bulleted recommendation. Please see the current year finding for additional information.

DISTRICT COURT 29-3-03 LYCOMING COUNTY REPORT DISTRIBUTION FOR THE PERIOD JANUARY 1, 2017 TO DECEMBER 31, 2020

This report was initially distributed to:

The Honorable C. Daniel Hassell

Secretary Pennsylvania Department of Revenue

The Honorable H. Geoffrey Moulton, Jr.

Court Administrator of Pennsylvania Supreme Court of Pennsylvania Administrative Office of Pennsylvania Courts

> The Honorable Jon E. Kemp Magisterial District Judge

The Honorable Scott L. Metzger Chairperson of the Board of Commissioners

The Honorable Krista B. Rogers
Controller

Ms. Adrianne J. Stahl, Esq. District Court Administrator

This report is a matter of public record and is available online at www.PaAuditor.gov. Media questions about the report can be directed to the Pennsylvania Department of the Auditor General, Office of Communications, 229 Finance Building, Harrisburg, PA 17120; via email to: news@PaAuditor.gov.