



LIQUID FUELS TAX FUND EXAMINATION REPORT

FOR THE PERIOD JANUARY 1, 2012 TO DECEMBER 31, 2012

COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA

EUGENE A. DEPASQUALE - AUDITOR GENERAL

DEPARTMENT OF THE AUDITOR GENERAL





Commonwealth of Pennsylvania Department of the Auditor General Harrisburg, PA 17120-0018 Facebook: Pennsylvania Auditor General Twitter: @PAAuditorGen

EUGENE A. DEPASQUALE AUDITOR GENERAL

Independent Auditor's Report

The Honorable Barry J. Schoch, P.E. Secretary Department of Transportation Harrisburg, PA 17120

We examined the accompanying Form MS-965 With Adjustments for the Liquid Fuels Tax Fund of the Township of Cornplanter, Venango County, for the period January 1, 2012 to December 31, 2012. The municipality's management is responsible for the Form MS-965. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Form MS-965 With Adjustments based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the standards applicable to attestation engagements contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. An examination includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the Township of Cornplanter, Venango County's Form MS-965 for the period January 1, 2012 to December 31, 2012 and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our examination provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

We are mandated by Section 403 of *The Fiscal Code*, 72 P.S. § 403, to audit each municipality's Liquid Fuels Tax Fund to ensure that funds received are expended in accordance with applicable laws and regulations. *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States include attestation engagements as a separate type of audit. An attestation engagement performed pursuant to *Government Auditing Standards* involves additional standards that exceed the standards provided by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Accordingly, this attestation engagement complies with both *Government Auditing Standards* and Section 403 of *The Fiscal Code*.

As described in Note 4, the adjustments included on the Form MS-965 With Adjustments are made by the Department of the Auditor General.

Independent Auditor's Report (Continued)

In our opinion, the Form MS-965 With Adjustments presents, in all material respects, the information required by the Pennsylvania Department of Transportation for the Liquid Fuels Tax Fund of the Township of Cornplanter, Venango County, for the period January 1, 2012 to December 31, 2012, in conformity with the criteria set forth in Note 1.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we are required to report findings of significant deficiencies in internal control, violations of provisions of contracts or grant agreements, and abuse that are material to the Form MS-965 and any fraud and illegal acts that are more than inconsequential that come to our attention during our examination. We are also required to obtain the views of management on those matters. We performed our examination to express an opinion on whether the Form MS-965 are presented in accordance with the criteria described above and not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the internal control over reporting on the Form MS-965 or on compliance and other matters; accordingly, we express no such opinions.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the Township of Cornplanter, Venango County's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report data reliably in accordance with the applicable criteria such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the Township of Cornplanter, Venango County's Form MS-965 that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the Township of Cornplanter, Venango County's internal control. We consider the deficiency described in the finding below to be a significant deficiency in internal control over reporting on the Form MS-965:

• Idle Funds Held In A Noninterest-Bearing Account.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency or combination of significant deficiencies that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the Form MS-965 will not be prevented or detected by the Township of Cornplanter, Venango County's internal control. Our consideration of the internal control over reporting on the Form MS-965 would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be significant deficiencies and, accordingly, would not necessarily disclose all significant deficiencies that are also considered to be material weaknesses. However, we believe that the significant deficiency described above is not a material weakness.

The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Independent Auditor's Report (Continued)

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Pennsylvania Department of Transportation and the management of the Township of Cornplanter, Venango County, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Eugent: O-Purger

July 22, 2013

EUGENE A. DEPASQUALE Auditor General

CONTENTS

Page
Background1
Financial Section:
2012 Form MS-965 With Adjustments
Notes To Form MS-965 With Adjustments5
Finding And Recommendation:
Finding - Idle Funds Held In A Noninterest-Bearing Account10
Summary Of Exit Conference11
Report Distribution

TOWNSHIP OF CORNPLANTER VENANGO COUNTY LIQUID FUELS TAX FUND BACKGROUND FOR THE PERIOD JANUARY 1, 2012 TO DECEMBER 31, 2012

Background

The Liquid Fuels Tax Municipal Allocation Law, Title 72 P.S. § 2615.5, provides municipalities other than counties (townships, boroughs, cities, towns, home rule, and optional plan governments) with an annual allocation of liquid fuels taxes from the state's Motor License Fund to be used for the maintenance and repair of streets, roads, and bridges for which the municipality is responsible. The allocation of these funds to municipalities is based: (1) 50 percent on the municipality's proportion of local road mileage to the total local road mileage in the state, and (2) 50 percent on the proportion of a municipality's population to the total population in the state.

The Vehicle Code, Title 75 P.S. § 9511, provides municipalities with annual maintenance payments to be received from the Motor License Fund for functionally local highways that were transferred to a municipality from the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Each municipality must deposit the Liquid Fuels Tax Fund money and annual maintenance payments that it receives into a special fund called the Municipal Liquid Fuels Tax Fund or State Fund. A municipality may not deposit any other monies into this fund except when the municipality does not have enough money in the special fund to meet the payments called for by its current annual budget for road and bridge purposes. In this case, the municipality may borrow money or transfer money from its General Fund to its Liquid Fuels Tax Fund.

The Department of Transportation has been given the regulatory authority for the administration of these funds. To qualify for its annual allocation, each municipality shall submit the following documents and information to the Department of Transportation:

- 1. Evidence that the treasurer is bonded in accordance with the law, or that its treasurer is a bank requiring no bond by January 31 of each year.
- 2. A report indicating the manner in which its liquid fuels tax allocation was expended in the previous year (Form MS-965) by January 31 of each year.
- 3. A report of elected and appointed officials by January 31 of each year.
- 4. A Survey of Financial Condition by March 15 of each year.

Department of Transportation *Publication 9* contains the policies and procedures that govern the use of Liquid Fuels Tax Fund money. However, if there is a difference between *Publication 9* and any legislation, the legislation shall govern.

TOWNSHIP OF CORNPLANTER VENANGO COUNTY LIQUID FUELS TAX FUND 2012 FORM MS-965 – SECTION 1 WITH ADJUSTMENTS

Expenditure Summary	Reported		Adjustments (Note 4)		Adjusted Amount	
Major equipment purchases	\$	55,825.27	\$	(1,650.00)	\$	54,175.27
Minor equipment purchases		-		1,650.00		1,650.00
Computer/Computer related training		-		-		-
Agility projects		-		-		-
Cleaning streets and gutters		2,920.00		-		2,920.00
Winter maintenance services		9,188.00		-		9,188.00
Traffic control devices		4,281.75		-		4,281.75
Street lighting		-		-		-
Storm sewers and drains		496.92		-		496.92
Repairs of tools and machinery		-		-		-
Maintenance and repair of						
roads and bridges		31,954.23		-		31,954.23
Highway construction and						
rebuilding projects		72,668.32		-		72,668.32
Miscellaneous		-		-		
Total (To Section 2, Line 5)	\$	177,334.49	\$		\$	177,334.49

Notes to Form MS-965 With Adjustments are an integral part of this report.

TOWNSHIP OF CORNPLANTER VENANGO COUNTY LIQUID FUELS TAX FUND 2012 FORM MS-965 – SECTION 2 WITH ADJUSTMENTS

Fund Balance	Reported		Adjustments		Adjusted Amount		
1. Balance, January 1, 2012	\$	69,644.84	\$	-	\$	69,644.84	
Receipts: 2. State allocation		125,115.42		_		125,115.42	
2a. Turnback allocation2b. Interest on investments (Note 3)		- .11		- -		- .11	
2c. Miscellaneous (Note 5)		3,850.00				3,850.00	
3. Total receipts		128,965.53		-		128,965.53	
4. Total funds available		198,610.37				198,610.37	
5. Expenditures (Section 1)		177,334.49		-		177,334.49	
6. Balance, December 31, 2012	\$	21,275.88	\$	-	\$	21,275.88	

Notes to Form MS-965 With Adjustments are an integral part of this report.

TOWNSHIP OF CORNPLANTER VENANGO COUNTY LIQUID FUELS TAX FUND 2012 FORM MS-965 – SECTION 3 WITH ADJUSTMENTS

Equipment Balance	Reported		Adjustments (Note 4)		Adjusted Amount	
1. Prior year equipment balance	\$	60,208.02	\$	-	\$	60,208.02
 Add: Current year equipment allocation (20% of Lines 2 + 2a, Section 2) 	1	25,023.08		-		25,023.08
3. PENNDOT approved adjustments		3,850.00		-		3,850.00
4. Total funds available for equipment acquisition		89,081.10		-		89,081.10
5. Less: Major equipment expenditures		55,825.27		(1,650.00)		54,175.27
6. Remainder		33,255.83		1,650.00		34,905.83
 Equipment balance available for subsequent year (Lesser of Line 6 or Section 2 balance, but not less than zero) 	\$	21,275.88	\$	_	\$	21,275.88

Notes to Form MS-965 With Adjustments are an integral part of this report.

1. <u>Criteria</u>

Section 1

This section of Form MS-965 With Adjustments provides a summary of Liquid Fuels Tax Fund expenditures by category. Categories requiring explanation include:

- Major equipment purchases are purchases of road machinery and road equipment that cost in excess of \$4,000.00 prior to 2012 and in excess of \$10,000.00 during 2012 and subsequent years.
- Minor equipment purchases are purchases of road machinery and road equipment that cost \$4,000.00 or less prior to 2012 and \$10,000.00 or less during 2012 and subsequent years.
- Agility projects are exchanges of services with the Department of Transportation.

Section 2

This section of Form MS-965 With Adjustments provides information on the fund balance. Categories requiring explanation include:

- The state allocation is generally received from the Department of Transportation during the first week in April of each year. The amount the municipality receives is based half on its population and half on its road mileage.
- The turnback allocation is generally received from the Department of Transportation during the first week in April of each year. A municipality receives a yearly turnback allocation based on road mileage for all roads that were transferred to the municipality from the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania through the Highway Transfer Program.
- Expenditures include the total transferred from Section 1.

Section 3

This section of Form MS-965 With Adjustments determines if the municipality expended Liquid Fuels Tax Fund money in excess of the permissible amount for equipment and the

1. <u>Criteria (Continued)</u>

Section 3 (Continued)

balance that the municipality may carry forward for the purchase of equipment to the subsequent year.

Department of Transportation *Publication 9* requires that the amount expended for equipment purchases in a given year not exceed the sum of the equipment balance carried forward from the previous year and 20 percent of the current year's Liquid Fuels Tax Fund allocation and, if applicable, 20 percent of the turnback allocation plus other Department of Transportation approved adjustments.

If the municipality spent in excess of the amount listed on Line 4, the excess must be reimbursed to the Liquid Fuels Tax Fund.

The equipment balance to be carried forward for the subsequent year is the lesser of the amount on Line 6 or the ending fund balance on Line 6 of Section 2, but not less than zero.

Basis Of Presentation

The financial activities of the municipality are accounted for in separate funds. The Liquid Fuels Tax Fund is used to account for state aid revenues from the Pennsylvania Department of Transportation used primarily for building and improving local roads and bridges. The Form MS-965 has been prepared in accordance with reporting requirements prescribed by the Pennsylvania Department of Transportation as a result of the Fuels Tax Act 655, dated 1956 and as amended, which does not constitute a complete presentation of the entity's assets, liabilities, expenses, and fund balance. Accordingly, the presentation of Form MS-965 With Adjustments is restricted to the Liquid Fuels Tax Fund, which represents a segment of the entity.

Basis Of Accounting

The accompanying Form MS-965 With Adjustments is prepared in accordance with reporting requirements prescribed by the Pennsylvania Department of Transportation. Under this method, revenues are recognized when received and expenditures are recorded when paid.

1. <u>Criteria (Continued)</u>

General Fixed Assets

General fixed assets are recognized as expenditures at the time of purchase. No depreciation has been provided on the heavy equipment used to maintain and repair roads and bridges.

2. <u>Deposits</u>

The Second Class Township Code, Title 53 P.S. § 68204, authorizes the township to deposit its funds in the following:

- Deposits in savings accounts or time deposits, other than certificates of deposit or share accounts of institutions having their principal place of business in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) or other like insurance. For any amount above the insured maximum, the depository shall pledge approved collateral.
- Certificates of deposit purchased from institutions insured by the FDIC or other like insurance to the extent that such accounts are so insured. For any amounts in excess of the insured maximum, such deposits shall be collateralized by a pledge or assignment of assets. Certificates of deposit may not exceed 20 percent of a bank's total capital surplus or 20 percent of a savings and loan's or savings bank's assets minus liabilities.

Deposits consist of receipts and deposits in a financial institution. Pennsylvania statutes require all deposits to be insured and, for any amount above the insured maximum, to be secured with approved collateral as defined.

There were no deposits exposed to custodial credit risk as of December 31, 2012. Custodial credit risk, as defined by GASB No. 40, includes deposits that are not covered by depository insurance and the deposits are uncollateralized, collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution, or collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent but not in the municipality's name.

2. <u>Deposits (Continued)</u>

Fund Balance

The fund balance consists of the following:

Cash

\$21,275.88

3. Interest On Investments

Our examination disclosed that the municipality deposited idle liquid fuels tax money in an interest-bearing account for one month which earned \$.11 during 2012 (see Finding).

4. Adjustments

Section 1

Adjustments were made to "Major equipment purchases" and "Minor equipment purchases" because expenditures of \$1,650.00 were misclassified.

Section 3

An adjustment of (1,650.00) was made to "Major equipment expenditures" to reflect the adjustment made to major equipment purchases in 2012 - Section 1.

5. <u>Miscellaneous Receipts</u>

On October 18, 2012, the municipality deposited \$3,850.00 into its Liquid Fuels Tax Fund that was received from Oil City School District for the sale of equipment.

6. Bank Loan

On January 7, 2011 the municipality borrowed \$103,576.00 from Kansas State Bank of Manhattan to purchase a 2012 International dump truck. The term of the loan was for three years at an interest rate of 4.29 percent. Principal and interest payments of \$35,985.30 are due annually. Prior years' principal payment from the Liquid Fuels Tax Fund was \$35,985.30.

During the current examination period the municipality paid principal of \$33,085.66 and interest of \$2,899.64 from the Liquid Fuels Tax Fund. These amounts are reflected in major equipment purchases on the Form MS-965 - Section 1. The outstanding balance of the loan as of December 31, 2012 was \$34,505.04, plus interest.

TOWNSHIP OF CORNPLANTER VENANGO COUNTY LIQUID FUELS TAX FUND FINDING AND RECOMMENDATION FOR THE PERIOD JANUARY 1, 2012 TO DECEMBER 31, 2012

Finding - Idle Funds Held In A Noninterest-Bearing Account

Our examination disclosed that liquid fuels tax money in excess of current needs was deposited in a noninterest-bearing checking account from February 1, 2012 to December 31, 2012 with an average balance of \$67,759.80.

Sound fiscal management requires that money in excess of current needs be deposited in interestbearing accounts, certificates of deposit, or other investments as outlined in Section 3204 of *The Second Class Township* Code as published by the Local Government Commission.

If the township had invested the liquid fuels tax funds in interest-bearing accounts, certificates of deposit, or other investments outlined in Section 3204 of *The Second Class Township* Code as published by the Local Government Commission, additional money would have been earned for road maintenance and repairs.

Recommendation

We recommend that the township officials reassess their fiscal policy and consider investing money in excess of current needs in investments outlined in Section 3204 of *The Second Class Township* Code as published by the Local Government Commission.

Management's Response

The township officials offered no formal response at this time.

TOWNSHIP OF CORNPLANTER VENANGO COUNTY LIQUID FUELS TAX FUND SUMMARY OF EXIT CONFERENCE FOR THE PERIOD JANUARY 1, 2012 TO DECEMBER 31, 2012

An exit conference was held July 22, 2013. Those participating were:

TOWNSHIP OF CORNPLANTER

Mrs. Katherine L. Hopkins, Secretary/Treasurer

DEPARTMENT OF THE AUDITOR GENERAL

Mr. James F. Fee, Auditor

The results of the examination were presented and discussed in their entirety.

TOWNSHIP OF CORNPLANTER VENANGO COUNTY LIQUID FUELS TAX FUND REPORT DISTRIBUTION FOR THE PERIOD JANUARY 1, 2012 TO DECEMBER 31, 2012

This report was initially distributed to:

The Honorable Barry J. Schoch, P.E. Secretary Department of Transportation

> Township of Cornplanter Venango County 136 Petroleum Center Road Oil City, PA 16301

The Honorable Richard A. Balas

Chairman of the Board of Supervisors

Mrs. Katherine L. Hopkins

Secretary/Treasurer

This report is a matter of public record and is available online at <u>http://www.auditorgen.state.pa.us</u>. Media questions about the report can be directed to the Pennsylvania Department of the Auditor General, Office of Communications, 231 Finance Building, Harrisburg, PA 17120; via email to: <u>news@auditorgen.state.pa.us</u>.