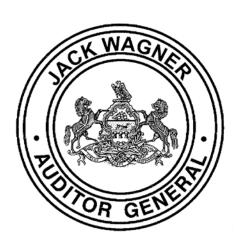


BOOTHWYN FIRE COMPANY NO. 1 RELIEF ASSOCIATION DELAWARE COUNTY

COMPLIANCE AUDIT REPORT

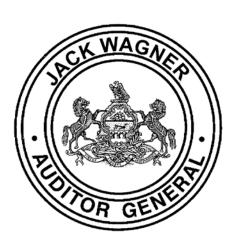
FOR THE PERIOD

JANUARY 1, 2005 TO DECEMBER 31, 2009



CONTENTS

Background	1
Letter From the Auditor General	3
Status of Prior Findings	5
Findings and Recommendations:	
Finding No. 1 – Noncompliance With Prior Audit Recommendation – Failure to Maintain a Complete and Accurate Equipment Roster	6
Finding No. 2 – Unauthorized Expenditures	8
Observation:	
Observation – Diversification of Investments	9
Potential Withhold of State Aid	10
Accompanying Expenditure Information	11
Report Distribution List	13



BACKGROUND

Pursuant to Article VIII, Section 10 of the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, Section 403 of The Fiscal Code, Act of April 9, 1929, (P.L. 343, No. 176), and the Volunteer Firefighters' Relief Association Act, as consolidated by the Act of November 23, 2010, (P.L. 1181, No. 118), at 35 Pa.C.S. § 7411 *et seq.*, the Department of the Auditor General's duty is to audit the accounts and records of every volunteer firefighters' relief association to determine that funds received under the Foreign Fire Insurance Tax Distribution Law, Act of December 18, 1984, (P.L. 1005, No. 205), as amended, 53 P.S. § 895.701 *et seq.* (commonly referred to as Act 205), are properly expended.

The Boothwyn Fire Company No. 1 Relief Association, herein referred to as Boothwyn Volunteer Firefighters' Relief Association, is a charitable organization that was formed primarily to afford financial protection to volunteer firefighters and to encourage individuals to participate in volunteer fire service.

Act 118 governs the overall operation of the volunteer firefighters' relief association. The relief association's bylaws define the specific operational procedures by which the volunteer firefighters' relief association conducts business. To fulfill its primary purpose, Act 118 authorizes specific types of expenditures and prescribes appropriate volunteer firefighters' relief association investment options. Within the parameters established by Act 118, it is the responsibility of the volunteer firefighters' relief association to choose investments in a proper and prudent manner.

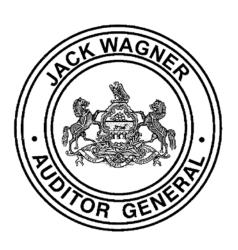
Volunteer firefighters' relief associations receive public tax monies, and the association officers therefore have a responsibility to the public to conduct the association's financial affairs in a businesslike manner and to maintain sufficient financial records to support the propriety of all association transactions. Volunteer firefighters' relief association officers are also responsible for ensuring that the association operates in accordance with applicable state laws, contracts, bylaws and administrative procedures.

Act 205 sets forth the computation of the Foreign Fire Insurance Tax Distribution paid to each applicable municipality throughout the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania. The amount of the distribution is based upon the population of each municipality and the market value of real estate within the municipality. Upon receipt of this distribution, the municipality must allocate the funds to the volunteer firefighters' relief association of the fire service organization or fire service organizations, which is or are recognized as providing the service to the municipality. The Boothwyn Volunteer Firefighters' Relief Association was allocated state aid from the following municipality:

Municipality	County	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009
Upper Chichester Township	Delaware	\$37,934	\$38,410	\$39,665	\$43,010	\$37,177

The volunteer firefighters' relief association and the affiliated fire service organization are separate, legal entities. The Boothwyn Volunteer Firefighters' Relief Association is affiliated with the following fire service organization:

Boothwyn Fire Company



Mr. Anthony Kozlowski, President BOOTHWYN VOLUNTEER FIREFIGHTERS' RELIEF ASSOCIATION Delaware County

We have conducted a compliance audit of the Boothwyn Volunteer Firefighters' Relief Association pursuant to authority derived from Article VIII, Section 10 of the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, Section 403 of The Fiscal Code, Act of April 9, 1929, (P.L. 343, No. 176), and mandated by the Volunteer Firefighters' Relief Association Act, as consolidated by the Act of November 23, 2010 (P.L. 1181, No. 118), at 35 Pa.C.S. § 7411 *et seq.*, for the period January 1, 2005 to December 31, 2009.

We conducted this compliance audit in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* applicable to performance audits, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain sufficient, appropriate evidence to provide a reasonable basis for our audit results and conclusions based on our audit objectives. We believe that the evidence obtained provides a reasonable basis for our audit results and conclusions based on our audit objectives.

The objectives of the audit were:

- 1. To determine if the volunteer firefighters' relief association took appropriate corrective action to address the findings contained in our prior audit report; and
- 2. To determine if the volunteer firefighters' relief association received and expended state aid and accumulated relief funds in compliance with applicable state laws, contracts, bylaws and administrative procedures.

Our audit was limited to the areas related to the objectives identified above.

Volunteer firefighters' relief association officers are responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal controls to provide reasonable assurance that the Boothwyn Volunteer Firefighters' Relief Association's administration of state aid and accumulated relief funds complies with applicable state laws, contracts, bylaws and administrative procedures including the safeguarding of assets. In conducting our audit, we obtained an understanding of the volunteer firefighters' relief association's internal controls as they relate to the association's

compliance with those requirements and that we considered to be significant within the context of the audit objectives, and assessed whether those significant controls were properly designed and implemented. Our audit procedures also included tests of documentary evidence supporting the Boothwyn Volunteer Firefighters' Relief Association's recorded financial transactions, tests of the physical existence of inventories, interviews of selected officials and direct confirmation of the Boothwyn Volunteer Firefighters' Relief Association's cash, investments, and certain other assets and liabilities as of December 31, 2009, with the custodians of the funds, debtors, creditors, and financial institutions to the extent necessary to satisfy the audit objectives. Additionally, we performed procedures to provide a reasonable assurance of detecting instances of violations of legal and regulatory requirements or violations of provisions of contracts that are significant within the context of the audit objectives.

The results of our audit, for the period January 1, 2005 to December 31, 2009, found the Boothwyn Volunteer Firefighters' Relief Association took appropriate corrective action to address two of the three findings contained in our prior audit report. However, the Boothwyn Volunteer Firefighters' Relief Association failed to take appropriate corrective action to address the remaining finding contained in our prior audit report, as listed below and discussed in the Status of Prior Findings section of this report. In addition, the results of our audit found the Boothwyn Volunteer Firefighters' Relief Association did not, in all significant respects, receive and expend state aid and accumulated relief funds in compliance with applicable state laws, contracts, bylaws and administrative procedures, as noted in the findings listed below and discussed in detail in the Findings and Recommendations section of this report. The results of our tests also indicated the Boothwyn Volunteer Firefighters' Relief Association expended funds as presented in the Accompanying Expenditure Information and, as of December 31, 2009, had a cash balance of \$29,600 and an investment balance with a fair value of \$245,605.

Finding No. 1 – Noncompliance With Prior Audit recommendation – Failure to Maintain a Complete and Accurate Equipment Roster

Finding No. 2 – Unauthorized Expenditures

We also noted another matter that has been included in the following observation and detailed in the Observation section of this report.

Observation – Diversification of Investments

The contents of this report were discussed with the management of the Boothwyn Volunteer Firefighters' Relief Association and, where appropriate, their responses have been included in the report.

October 29, 2011

JACK WAGNER Auditor General

BOOTHWYN VOLUNTEER FIREFIGHTERS' RELIEF ASSOCIATION STATUS OF PRIOR FINDINGS

COMPLIANCE WITH PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

The Boothwyn Volunteer Firefighters' Relief Association has complied with the following prior audit findings and recommendations:

• Failure to Obtain a Pennsylvania Sales Tax Exemption Number

By obtaining a valid state sales tax exemption number and furnishing this number to all vendors from which the relief association purchases equipment.

• <u>Inadequate Minutes of Meetings</u>

By maintaining detailed minutes of all relief association meetings.

NONCOMPLIANCE WITH PRIOR AUDIT FINDING AND RECOMMENDATION

The Boothwyn Volunteer Firefighters' Relief Association has not complied with one of the three prior audit findings. This finding is noted below and discussed in detail in the Findings and Recommendations section of this report:

Noncompliance With Prior Audit Recommendation –
 Failure to Maintain a Complete and Accurate Equipment Roster

We are concerned with the volunteer firefighters' relief association's failure to correct a previously reported audit finding. The association management should strive to implement the recommendations and corrective actions noted in this audit report.

BOOTHWYN VOLUNTEER FIREFIGHTERS' RELIEF ASSOCIATION FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

<u>Finding No. 1 – Noncompliance With Prior Audit Recommendation –</u> <u>Failure to Maintain a Complete and Accurate Equipment Roster</u>

Condition: As cited in our four prior audit reports, the relief association officials, again, did not maintain a complete and accurate roster of equipment owned by the relief association. While the relief association provided an equipment roster, it did not document the cost for all equipment or dates of purchase. In addition, the roster provided for the current audit period, did not list all equipment purchased for the current audit period. Equipment purchased during the prior and current period totaled \$271,162. Furthermore, there was no indication that a physical inventory of equipment was conducted on an annual basis, nor whether such inventory accounted for all of the relief association's fixed assets.

<u>Criteria</u>: Sound business practice dictates the relief association should establish adequate internal control procedures to ensure the maintenance of a cumulative equipment roster of all items purchased by the relief association in order to provide an effective accounting control over the relief association's fixed assets. A cumulative equipment roster of all relief association equipment should include the following:

- Types of equipment purchased;
- Dates of purchase;
- Unit costs;
- Names of suppliers;
- Serial numbers, if applicable;
- Current locations of items;
- Final dispositions of sold or damaged equipment; and
- Evidence of the performance and results of an annual physical inventory.

<u>Cause</u>: While notified of this condition during our four prior audits, relief association officials, again, failed to establish adequate internal control procedures over fixed assets requiring the maintenance of a cumulative equipment roster and the performance of an annual physical inventory of equipment.

<u>Effect</u>: The failure to properly record equipment purchases in a detailed equipment roster prevents officials from effectively monitoring the relief association's equipment purchases. In addition, the failure to maintain a detailed equipment roster and perform an annual physical inventory of fixed assets prevents adequate accountability for, and safeguarding of, relief association fixed assets.

BOOTHWYN VOLUNTEER FIREFIGHTERS' RELIEF ASSOCIATION FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

<u>Finding No. 1 – (Continued)</u>

Recommendation: We, again, recommend the relief association officials maintain a cumulative equipment roster of all relief association owned equipment. A physical inventory of all relief association owned equipment should be performed immediately and the completion of the inventory should be sufficiently documented. A cumulative equipment roster should be prepared that includes all of the required information and all equipment purchased from the start of the current audit period to the present. For further guidance, please refer to the Auditor General's publication, MANAGEMENT GUIDELINES FOR VOLUNTEER FIREFIGHTERS' RELIEF ASSOCIATIONS.

<u>Management's Response</u>: Relief association management agreed with the finding as presented at the audit exit conference and indicated they will take action to comply with the recommendation.

BOOTHWYN VOLUNTEER FIREFIGHTERS' RELIEF ASSOCIATION FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Finding No. 2 – Unauthorized Expenditures

<u>Condition</u>: The relief association expended \$2,550 for training of individuals that were not listed on a relief association membership roster, which is not authorized by Act 118

<u>Criteria</u>: Act 118 at 35 Pa.C.S. § 7416(f)(10) states:

The funds of any volunteer firefighters' relief association may be spent:

(10) To pay reasonable expenses actually and necessarily incurred for attending bona fide firefighters' training schools.

However, the relief association may only pay the training expenses incurred by or on behalf of members of the relief association. A membership roster is used to demonstrate that benefits were extended only to those individuals entitled to receive such benefits, including training. Comparing the names of individuals receiving benefits paid for by the relief association to the official membership roster enables the auditor to verify that the relief association did not provide benefits to non-members. Although membership rosters are not specifically addressed in Act 118, without a complete and accurate membership roster, the Department cannot be assured that training disbursements on behalf of individuals are authorized.

<u>Cause</u>: Relief association officials were unaware that the names of these individuals receiving training were not on the relief association membership roster.

<u>Effect</u>: As a result of these improper expenditures, relief association funds were not available for investment purposes, or to pay for expenditures authorized by Act 118.

Recommendation: We recommend the relief association be reimbursed \$2,550 for the unauthorized expenditures and that relief association officials become familiar with Act 118 at 35 Pa.C.S. § 7416(f) to aid them in determining the propriety of future expenditures. For further guidance, please refer to the Auditor General's publication, MANAGEMENT GUIDELINES FOR VOLUNTEER FIREFIGHTERS' RELIEF ASSOCIATIONS.

<u>Management's Response</u>: Relief association management agreed with the finding and indicated they will take action to comply with the recommendation.

BOOTHWYN VOLUNTEER FIREFIGHTERS' RELIEF ASSOCIATION OBSERVATION

Observation – Diversification of Investments

Within the parameters established by the Volunteer Firefighters' Relief Association Act¹, it is the responsibility of the volunteer firefighters' relief association to invest its funds in a proper and prudent manner.

As these investments typically provide an income stream to the relief association for annual operations, it is generally sensible not to invest all VFRA money in one asset or asset class that places the principal at risk. In fact, state law requires VFRA's to "reasonably diversify investments, unless the [VFRA] reasonably determines that it is in the interest of the beneficiaries not to diversify..."².

By diversifying investments, the VFRA can help preserve capital, increase liquidity and decrease volatility. Diversification means spreading one's money among different investments; asset allocation diversifies total investments among different investment classes, such as stocks, bonds, government securities, and cash equivalents.

As of December 31, 2009, the VFRA had \$245,605 (fair value) or 56% of the VFRA's cash and investments in stocks.

The VFRA management should periodically review its specific cash needs and investment goals and ensure that its investments are allocated and diversified to prudently meet those needs and goals.

_

¹ 53 P.S. § 8506(c)(1997). This provision incorporates the "prudent investor rule" of the Probate, Estates, and Fiduciaries Code, 20 Pa. C.S.A. §7201 et seq.

² 20 Pa. C.S.A. § 7204(a) (Supp. 2005).

BOOTHWYN VOLUNTEER FIREFIGHTERS' RELIEF ASSOCIATION POTENTIAL WITHHOLD OF STATE AID

Conditions such as those reported in Finding Nos. 1 and 2 may lead to a total withholding of state aid in the future unless the findings are corrected. However, such action will not be considered if sufficient documentation is provided within 60 days to verify compliance with this department's recommendations. Such documentation should be submitted by the volunteer firefighters' relief association to: Department of the Auditor General, Bureau of Firefighters' Relief Association Audits, Room 316-D Finance Building, Harrisburg, PA 17120.

BOOTHWYN VOLUNTEER FIREFIGHTERS' RELIEF ASSOCIATION ACCOMPANYING EXPENDITURE INFORMATION FOR THE PERIOD JANUARY 1, 2005 TO DECEMBER 31, 2009

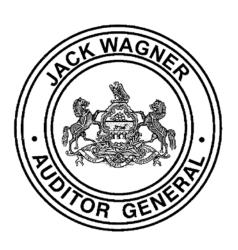
Act 118 at 35 Pa.C.S. § 7412 states: a volunteer firefighters' relief association is an organization formed primarily for the purpose of affording financial protection to volunteer firefighters against the consequences of misfortune suffered as a result of their participation in the fire service. The organization may contain within its membership the members of one or more fire companies and may serve secondary purposes, as set forth in this subchapter, but only if adequate provisions have been first made to serve the primary purpose.

Act 118 at 35 Pa.C.S. § 7416 authorizes the investment of relief association funds and outlines the types of benefits and services that can be provided with volunteer firefighters' relief association funds.

Furthermore, all expenditures must be properly authorized as prescribed in the volunteer firefighters' relief association bylaws and approved at an association meeting.

USES OF FUNDS:

Insurance premiums \$ 48,526 Total Benefit Services \$ 48,526 Fire Services: Equipment purchased \$ 225,087 Equipment maintenance 28,273 Training expenses 27,715 Total Fire Services \$ 281,075 Administrative Services: Miscellaneous administrative expenses \$ 6,102 Total Administrative Services \$ 6,102	Benefit Services:	
Fire Services: Equipment purchased \$ 225,087 Equipment maintenance 28,273 Training expenses 27,715 Total Fire Services \$ 281,075 Administrative Services: Miscellaneous administrative expenses \$ 6,102	Insurance premiums	\$ 48,526
Equipment purchased \$ 225,087 Equipment maintenance 28,273 Training expenses 27,715 Total Fire Services \$ 281,075 Administrative Services: Miscellaneous administrative expenses \$ 6,102	Total Benefit Services	\$ 48,526
Equipment maintenance 28,273 Training expenses 27,715 Total Fire Services \$ 281,075 Administrative Services: Miscellaneous administrative expenses \$ 6,102	Fire Services:	
Training expenses 27,715 Total Fire Services \$ 281,075 Administrative Services: Miscellaneous administrative expenses \$ 6,102	Equipment purchased	\$ 225,087
Total Fire Services \$ 281,075 Administrative Services: Miscellaneous administrative expenses \$ 6,102	Equipment maintenance	28,273
Administrative Services: Miscellaneous administrative expenses \$ 6,102	Training expenses	27,715
Miscellaneous administrative expenses \$ 6,102	Total Fire Services	\$ 281,075
<u> </u>	Administrative Services:	
Total Administrative Services \$ 6,102	Miscellaneous administrative expenses	\$ 6,102
	Total Administrative Services	\$ 6,102



BOOTHWYN VOLUNTEER FIREFIGHTERS' RELIEF ASSOCIATION REPORT DISTRIBUTION LIST

This report was initially distributed to the following:

The Honorable Tom Corbett Governor Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

Boothwyn Volunteer Firefighters' Relief Association Governing Body:

Mr. Anthony Kozlowski, President

Mr. James Putnam, Secretary

Ms. Patricia Adamek, Treasurer

A report was also distributed to the following municipality, which allocated foreign fire insurance tax monies to this relief association.

Ms. Dora A. Coleman, Secretary Upper Chichester Township

This report is a matter of public record. Copies of this report may be obtained from the Pennsylvania Department of the Auditor General, Office of Communications, 318 Finance Building, Harrisburg, PA 17120. If you have any questions regarding this report or any other matter, you may contact the Department of the Auditor General by accessing our website at www.auditorgen.state.pa.us.