

THE DURLACH AND MT. AIRY FIREFIGHTER'S RELIEF ASSOCIATION HEREIN REFERRED TO AS:

DURLACH AND MOUNT AIRY VOLUNTEER FIREFIGHTERS' RELIEF ASSOCIATION

LANCASTER COUNTY

COMPLIANCE AUDIT REPORT

FOR THE PERIOD

JANUARY 1, 2006 TO DECEMBER 31, 2008



CONTENTS

Background	L
Letter From the Auditor General	3
Status of Prior Findings5	5
Findings and Recommendations:	
Finding No. 1 – Inadequate Officer's Bond Coverage	5
Finding No. 2 – Unauthorized Expenditure	7
Finding No. 3 – Undocumented Expenditures	3
Accompanying Expenditure Information)
Report Distribution List	



BACKGROUND

Pursuant to Article VIII, Section 10 of the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, Section 403 of The Fiscal Code, Act of April 9, 1929, (P.L. 343, No. 176), and the Volunteer Firefighters' Relief Association Act, Act of June 11, 1968, (P.L. 149, No. 84), as amended, 53 P.S. § 8501 et seq. (commonly referred to as Act 84), the Department of the Auditor General's duty is to audit the accounts and records of every volunteer firefighters' relief association to determine that funds received under the Foreign Fire Insurance Tax Distribution Law, Act of December 18, 1984, (P.L. 1005, No. 205), as amended 53 P.S. § 895.701 et seq. (commonly referred to as Act 205), are properly expended.

The Durlach and Mount Airy Volunteer Firefighters' Relief Association is a charitable organization that was formed primarily to afford financial protection to volunteer firefighters and to encourage individuals to participate in volunteer fire service.

Act 84 governs the overall operation of the volunteer firefighters' relief association. The relief association's bylaws define the specific operational procedures by which the volunteer firefighters' relief association conducts business. To fulfill its primary purpose, Act 84 authorizes specific types of expenditures and prescribes appropriate volunteer firefighters' relief association investment options. Within the parameters established by Act 84, it is the responsibility of the volunteer firefighters' relief association to choose investments in a proper and prudent manner.

Volunteer firefighters' relief associations receive public tax monies, and the association officers therefore have a responsibility to the public to conduct the association's financial affairs in a businesslike manner and to maintain sufficient financial records to support the propriety of all association transactions. Volunteer firefighters' relief association officers are also responsible for ensuring that the association operates in accordance with applicable state laws, contracts, bylaws and administrative procedures.

Act 205 sets forth the computation of the Foreign Fire Insurance Tax Distribution paid to each applicable municipality throughout the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania. The amount of the distribution is based upon the population of each municipality and the market value of real estate within the municipality. Upon receipt of this distribution, the municipality must allocate the funds to the volunteer firefighters' relief association of the fire service organization or fire service organizations, which is or are recognized as providing the service to the municipality. The Durlach and Mount Airy Volunteer Firefighters' Relief Association was allocated state aid from the following municipality:

Municipality	County	2006	2007	2008
Clay Township	Lancaster	\$36,472	\$38,792	\$40,681

BACKGROUND (Continued)

The volunteer firefighters' relief association and the affiliated fire service organization are separate, legal entities. The Durlach and Mount Airy Volunteer Firefighters' Relief Association is affiliated with the following fire service organization:

The Durlach and Mt. Airy Fire Company

Mr. Jay Nolt, President DURLACH AND MOUNT AIRY VOLUNTEER FIREFIGHTERS' RELIEF ASSOCIATION Lancaster County

We have conducted a compliance audit of the Durlach and Mount Airy Volunteer Firefighters' Relief Association pursuant to authority derived from Article VIII, Section 10 of the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, Section 403 of The Fiscal Code, Act of April 9, 1929, (P.L. 343, No. 176), and mandated by the Volunteer Firefighters' Relief Association Act, Act of June 11, 1968, (P.L. 149, No. 84), as amended, 53 P.S. § 8501 et seq. (commonly referred to as Act 84), for the period January 1, 2006 to December 31, 2008.

We conducted this compliance audit in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* applicable to performance audits, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain sufficient, appropriate evidence to provide a reasonable basis for our audit results and conclusions based on our audit objectives. We believe that the evidence obtained provides a reasonable basis for our audit results and conclusions based on our audit objectives.

The objectives of the audit were:

- 1. To determine if the volunteer firefighters' relief association took appropriate corrective action to address the findings contained in our prior audit report; and
- 2. To determine if the volunteer firefighters' relief association received and expended state aid and accumulated relief funds in compliance with applicable state laws, contracts, bylaws and administrative procedures.

Our audit was limited to the areas related to the objectives identified above.

Volunteer firefighters' relief association officers are responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal controls to provide reasonable assurance that the Durlach and Mount Airy Volunteer Firefighters' Relief Association's administration of state aid and accumulated funds complies with applicable state laws, contracts, bylaws and administrative procedures including the safeguarding of assets. In conducting our audit, we obtained an understanding of the

volunteer firefighters' relief association's internal controls as they relate to the association's compliance with those requirements and that we considered to be significant within the context of the audit objectives, and assessed whether those significant controls were properly designed and implemented. Our audit procedures also included tests of documentary evidence supporting the Durlach and Mount Airy Volunteer Firefighters' Relief Association's recorded financial transactions, tests of the physical existence of inventories, interviews of selected officials and direct confirmation of the Durlach and Mount Airy Volunteer Firefighters' Relief Association's cash, investments, and certain other assets and liabilities as of December 31, 2008, with the custodians of the funds, debtors, creditors, and financial institutions to the extent necessary to satisfy the audit objectives. Additionally, we performed procedures to provide a reasonable assurance of detecting instances of violations of legal and regulatory requirements or violations of provisions of contracts that are significant within the context of the audit objectives.

The results of our audit for the period January 1, 2006 to December 31, 2008, found, in all significant respects, the Durlach and Mount Airy Volunteer Firefighters' Relief Association took appropriate corrective action to address the findings contained in our prior audit report and received and expended funds in compliance with applicable state laws, contracts, bylaws and administrative procedures, except as noted in the following findings discussed later in this report. The results of our tests also indicated the Durlach and Mount Airy Volunteer Firefighters' Relief Association expended funds as presented in the accompanying information and as of December 31, 2008, had a cash balance of \$106,855 and no investments.

Finding No. 1 – Insufficient Officer's Bond Coverage

Finding No. 2 – Unauthorized Expenditure

Finding No. 3 – Undocumented Expenditures

The contents of this report were discussed with the management of the Durlach and Mount Airy Volunteer Firefighters' Relief Association and, where appropriate, their responses have been included in the report.

June 25, 2009

JACK WAGNER Auditor General

DURLACH AND MOUNT AIRY VOLUNTEER FIREFIGHTERS' RELIEF ASSOCIATION STATUS OF PRIOR FINDINGS

COMPLIANCE WITH PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

The Durlach and Mount Airy Volunteer Firefighters' Relief Association has complied with the following prior audit findings and recommendations:

• Failure to Maintain a Complete and Accurate Equipment Roster

By maintaining a cumulative roster of all equipment owned.

• Duplicate Payment

By receiving a refund of \$880 and a credit of \$689 from the equipment vendor for the duplicate payment that was made in the prior audit period.

• <u>Inadequate Relief Association Bylaws</u>

By amending the relief association bylaws to meet the minimum requirement of Act 84.

Finding No. 1 – Inadequate Officer's Bond Coverage

<u>Condition</u>: The relief association did not maintain a bond in a sufficient amount to cover the authorized disbursing officer. The relief association's bond coverage was \$100,000; however, as of December 31, 2008, the cash assets totaled \$106,855.

Criteria: Act 84 at 53 P.S. § 8505(c) states, in part, that:

... the disbursing officer, whether designated treasurer, comptroller, financial secretary, or otherwise, shall be bonded by corporate surety for the faithful performance of his duties. The amount of such bond shall be at least as great as the maximum cash balance in current funds of the association at any time during the fiscal year, and the premium on such bond shall be a proper charge against the funds of the association.

<u>Cause:</u> Relief association officials failed to monitor the cash balance to ensure the officer's bond coverage was sufficient, pursuant to the requirements in Act 84.

<u>Effect</u>: As a result of the disbursing officer of the relief association being insufficiently bonded, the relief association's cash assets are not adequately safeguarded.

However, subsequent to the audit period, effective July 13, 2009, the relief association increased its bond coverage to \$125,000, which is greater than the expected maximum balance of cash assets.

<u>Recommendation</u>: We recommend the relief association ensure that the disbursing officer is adequately covered by a faithful performance bond as required by Act 84. Relief association officials should monitor the cash balance to ensure that unexpected events affecting current funds do not, again, result in an insufficient officer's bond coverage. For further guidance, please refer to the Auditor General's publication, MANAGEMENT GUIDELINES FOR VOLUNTEER FIREFIGHTERS' RELIEF ASSOCIATIONS.

<u>Management's Response</u>: Relief association management agreed with the finding as presented at the audit exit conference and indicated they will take action to comply with the recommendation.

Finding No. 2 – Unauthorized Expenditure

<u>Condition</u>: The relief association expended \$1,350 for a Grant writing course and related travel expenses which is not authorized by Act 84.

Criteria: Act 84 at 53 P.S. § 8506(e)(10) states:

The funds of any volunteer firefighters' relief association may be spent:

(10) To pay reasonable expenses actually and necessarily incurred for attending bona fide firefighters' training schools.

Because the Department of the Auditor General is legislatively prohibited from giving pre-audit advice, an interagency agreement with the Department of Community and Economic Development (DCED) had been established whereby the DCED provided interpretation of Act 84 of 1968, the "Volunteer Firefighters' Relief Association Act." Grant writing courses have been deemed by DCED to not qualify as a bona fide firefighters' training school; consequently, this disbursement for the course fee and related travel expenses is not authorized under Act 84.

<u>Cause</u>: Relief association officials were unaware that the expenditure for the Grant writing course and related travel costs was not authorized by Act 84.

<u>Effect</u>: As a result of this improper expenditure, relief association funds were not available for investment purposes or to pay for expenditures authorized by Act 84.

Recommendation: We recommend the relief association be reimbursed \$1,350 for the unauthorized expenditure and that relief association officials become familiar with Act 84 at 53 P.S. § 8506(e) to aid them in determining the propriety of future expenditures. For further guidance, please refer to the Auditor General's publication, MANAGEMENT GUIDELINES FOR VOLUNTEER FIREFIGHTERS' RELIEF ASSOCIATIONS.

<u>Management's Response</u>: Relief association management agreed with the finding as presented at the audit exit conference and indicated they will take action to comply with the recommendation.

<u>Finding No. 3 – Undocumented Expenditures</u>

<u>Condition</u>: The relief association was unable to provide adequate supporting documentation for the following expenditures:

Date	Form of Payment	Description	·	A	mount
10/09/07 10/09/07	Cashier's Check Cashier's Check	Equipment vendor Equipment vendor		\$	1,922 5,465
			Total	\$	7,387

Criteria: Act 84 at 53 P.S. § 8507(a) states, in part:

The Department of the Auditor General shall have the power, and its duty shall be, to audit the accounts and records of every volunteer firefighters' relief association receiving any money under Chapter 7 of the Act of December 18, 1984 (P.L. 1005, No 205), known as the "Municipal Pension Plan Funding Standard and Recovery Act," as amended, as far as may be necessary to satisfy the department that the money received was expended or is being expended for no purpose other than that authorized by this act.

Without adequate supporting documentation, such as invoices, this department is unable to determine if the relief association funds were expended for purposes authorized by Act 84. Furthermore, good business practices would require that supporting documentation be maintained to verify the propriety of all financial transactions.

<u>Cause</u>: Relief association officials failed to establish adequate internal control procedures to ensure supporting documentation is maintained for all expenditures.

<u>Effect</u>: Lack of supporting documentation, such as invoices, made it impossible to determine if the expenditures were made in accordance with Act 84 at 53 P.S. § 8506(e). In addition, the failure to maintain adequate documentation for relief association expenditures can lead to an increased risk of errors occurring and funds being misappropriated.

During the audit period, on July 8, 2008, the relief association received reimbursement from the affiliated fire company for the above expenditures.

Finding No. 3 – (Continued)

<u>Recommendation</u>: We recommend that the relief association officials maintain supporting documentation for all future expenditures. For further guidance, please refer to the Auditor General's publication, MANAGEMENT GUIDELINES FOR VOLUNTEER FIREFIGHTERS' RELIEF ASSOCIATIONS.

<u>Management's Response</u>: Relief association management agreed with the finding as presented and indicated they will take action to comply with the recommendation.

DURLACH AND MOUNT AIRY VOLUNTEER FIREFIGHTERS' RELIEF ASSOCIATION ACCOMPANYING EXPENDITURE INFORMATION FOR THE PERIOD JANUARY 1, 2006 TO DECEMBER 31, 2008

Act 84 at 53 P.S. § 8502(1) states, in part, that:

A volunteer firefighters' relief association is an organization formed primarily for the purpose of affording financial protection to volunteer firefighters against the consequences of misfortune suffered as a result of their participation in the fire service. Such an association may also serve other purposes, . . . provided only that adequate provisions be first made to serve its primary purpose. . . .

Act 84 at 53 P.S. § 8506, authorizes the investment of relief association funds and outlines the types of benefits and services that can be provided with volunteer firefighters' relief association funds. All expenditures must be properly authorized as prescribed in the volunteer firefighters' relief association bylaws and approved at an association meeting.

USES OF FUNDS:

Benefit Services:	
Insurance premiums	\$ 11,101
Tokens of sympathy and goodwill	261
Total Benefit Services	\$ 11,362
Fire Services:	
Equipment purchased	\$ 74,747
Equipment maintenance	7,535
Training expenses	4,631
Fire prevention materials	2,225
Total Fire Services	\$ 89,138
Administrative Services:	
Rental expense	\$ 7,600
Other administrative expenses	3,227
Total Administrative Services	\$ 10,827
Other Expenditures:	
Undocumented expenditures	\$ 7,387
Total Other Expenditures	\$ 7,387

DURLACH AND MOUNT AIRY VOLUNTEER FIREFIGHTERS' RELIEF ASSOCIATION REPORT DISTRIBUTION LIST

This report was initially distributed to the following:

The Honorable Tom Corbett
Governor
Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

Durlach and Mount Airy Volunteer Firefighters' Relief Association Governing Body:

Mr. Jay Nolt, President

Mr. Glen N. Hursh, Vice President

Ms. Jennifer Eve Barnhart, Secretary

Ms. Jean E. Moyer, Treasurer

A report was also distributed to the following municipality, which allocated foreign fire insurance tax monies to this relief association.

Mr. Justin Harnish, Secretary Clay Township

This report is a matter of public record. Copies of this report may be obtained from the Pennsylvania Department of the Auditor General, Office of Communications, 318 Finance Building, Harrisburg, PA 17120. If you have any questions regarding this report or any other matter, you may contact the Department of the Auditor General by accessing our website at www.auditorgen.state.pa.us.