

# LIBERTY VOLUNTEER FIREMEN'S RELIEF ASSOCIATION OF NEW HOLLAND, PENNSYLVANIA

#### **HEREIN REFERRED TO AS:**

#### LIBERTY VOLUNTEER FIREFIGHTERS' RELIEF ASSOCIATION

LANCASTER COUNTY

**COMPLIANCE AUDIT REPORT** 

FOR THE PERIOD

**JANUARY 1, 2007 TO DECEMBER 31, 2008** 



## **CONTENTS**

Background	1
Letter From the Auditor General	3
Findings and Recommendations:	
Finding No. 1 – Unauthorized Expenditure	5
Finding No. 2 – Overpayment of Equipment Purchased	6
Finding No. 3 – Related Party Situation	7
Accompanying Expenditure Information	8
Report Distribution List	9



#### **BACKGROUND**

Pursuant to Article VIII, Section 10 of the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, Section 403 of The Fiscal Code, Act of April 9, 1929, (P.L. 343, No. 176), and the Volunteer Firefighters' Relief Association Act, Act of June 11, 1968, (P.L. 149, No. 84), as amended, 53 P.S. § 8501 et seq. (commonly referred to as Act 84), the Department of the Auditor General's duty is to audit the accounts and records of every volunteer firefighters' relief association to determine that funds received under the Foreign Fire Insurance Tax Distribution Law, Act of December 18, 1984, (P.L. 1005, No. 205), as amended 53 P.S. § 895.701 et seq. (commonly referred to as Act 205), are properly expended.

The Liberty Volunteer Firefighters' Relief Association is a charitable organization that was formed primarily to afford financial protection to volunteer firefighters and to encourage individuals to participate in volunteer fire service.

Act 84 governs the overall operation of the volunteer firefighters' relief association. The relief association's bylaws define the specific operational procedures by which the volunteer firefighters' relief association conducts business. To fulfill its primary purpose, Act 84 authorizes specific types of expenditures and prescribes appropriate volunteer firefighters' relief association investment options. Within the parameters established by Act 84, it is the responsibility of the volunteer firefighters' relief association to choose investments in a proper and prudent manner.

Volunteer firefighters' relief associations receive public tax monies, and the association officers therefore have a responsibility to the public to conduct the association's financial affairs in a businesslike manner and to maintain sufficient financial records to support the propriety of all association transactions. Volunteer firefighters' relief association officers are also responsible for ensuring that the association operates in accordance with applicable state laws, contracts, bylaws and administrative procedures.

Act 205 sets forth the computation of the Foreign Fire Insurance Tax Distribution paid to each applicable municipality throughout the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania. The amount of the distribution is based upon the population of each municipality and the market value of real estate within the municipality. Upon receipt of this distribution, the municipality must allocate the funds to the volunteer firefighters' relief association of the fire service organization or fire service organizations, which is or are recognized as providing the service to the municipality. The Liberty Volunteer Firefighters' Relief Association was allocated state aid from the following municipalities:

Municipality	County	2007	2008
Earl Township	Lancaster	\$24,575	\$25,474
New Holland Borough	Lancaster	\$39,261	\$40,029

## BACKGROUND (Continued)

The volunteer firefighters' relief association and the affiliated fire service organization are separate, legal entities. The Liberty Volunteer Firefighters' Relief Association is affiliated with the following fire service organization:

The Liberty Fire Company of New Holland

Mr. Stefan Kuenzli, President LIBERTY VOLUNTEER FIREFIGHTERS' RELIEF ASSOCIATION Lancaster County

We have conducted a compliance audit of the Liberty Volunteer Firefighters' Relief Association pursuant to authority derived from Article VIII, Section 10 of the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, Section 403 of The Fiscal Code, Act of April 9, 1929, (P.L. 343, No. 176), and mandated by the Volunteer Firefighters' Relief Association Act, Act of June 11, 1968, (P.L. 149, No. 84), as amended, 53 P.S. § 8501 et seq. (commonly referred to as Act 84), for the period January 1, 2007 to December 31, 2008.

We conducted this compliance audit in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* applicable to performance audits, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain sufficient, appropriate evidence to provide a reasonable basis for our audit results and conclusions based on our audit objective. We believe that the evidence obtained provides a reasonable basis for our audit results and conclusions based on our audit objective.

The objective of the audit was to determine if the volunteer firefighters' relief association received and expended state aid and accumulated relief funds in compliance with applicable state laws, contracts, bylaws and administrative procedures.

Our audit was limited to the areas related to the objective identified above.

Volunteer firefighters' relief association officers are responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal controls to provide reasonable assurance that the Liberty Volunteer Firefighters' Relief Association's administration of state aid and accumulated funds complies with applicable state laws, contracts, bylaws and administrative procedures including the safeguarding of assets. In conducting our audit, we obtained an understanding of the volunteer firefighters' relief association's internal controls as they relate to the association's compliance with those requirements and that we considered to be significant within the context of the audit objective, and assessed whether those significant controls were properly designed and implemented. Our audit procedures also included tests of documentary evidence supporting the Liberty Volunteer Firefighters' Relief Association's recorded financial transactions, tests of the

physical existence of inventories, interviews of selected officials and direct confirmation of the Liberty Volunteer Firefighters' Relief Association's cash, investments, and certain other assets and liabilities as of December 31, 2008, with the custodians of the funds, debtors, creditors, and financial institutions to the extent necessary to satisfy the audit objective. Additionally, we performed procedures to provide a reasonable assurance of detecting instances of violations of legal and regulatory requirements or violations of provisions of contracts that are significant within the context of the audit objective.

The results of our audit for the period January 1, 2007 to December 31, 2008, found, in all significant respects, the Liberty Volunteer Firefighters' Relief Association received and expended funds in compliance with applicable state laws, contracts, bylaws and administrative procedures, except as noted in the findings listed below and discussed later in this report. The results of our tests also indicated the Liberty Volunteer Firefighters' Relief Association expended funds as presented in the accompanying information and as of December 31, 2008, had a cash balance of \$57,272 and no investments.

Finding No. 1 – Unauthorized Expenditure

Finding No. 2 – Overpayment of Equipment Purchased

Finding No. 3 – Related Party Situation

The contents of this report were discussed with the management of the Liberty Volunteer Firefighters' Relief Association and, where appropriate, their responses have been included in the report.

November 3, 2009

JACK WAGNER Auditor General

## LIBERTY VOLUNTEER FIREFIGHTERS' RELIEF ASSOCIATION FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

#### Finding No. 1 – Unauthorized Expenditure

<u>Condition</u>: On May 21, 2008, the relief association expended \$3,805 for lumber, roofing materials, and nails, which were used to construct a training building, which is not authorized by Act 84.

Criteria: Act 84 at 53 P.S. § 8506(e)(10) states:

The funds of any volunteer firefighters' relief association may be spent:

(10) To pay reasonable expenses actually and necessarily incurred for attending bona fide firefighters' training schools.

Because the Department of the Auditor General is legislatively prohibited from giving pre-audit advice, an interagency agreement with the Department of Community and Economic Development (DCED) has been established whereby the DCED provides interpretation of Act 84 of 1968, the "Volunteer Firefighters' Relief Association Act." The construction of a training building has been deemed by DCED to not qualify as an authorized expenditure; consequently, this disbursement for materials for the construction of a training building is not authorized under Act 84.

<u>Cause</u>: Relief association officials were unaware that the expenditure for the materials for the construction of a training building is not authorized by Act 84.

<u>Effect</u>: As a result of this improper expenditure, relief association funds were not available for investment purposes or to pay for expenditures authorized by Act 84.

Recommendation: We recommend the relief association be reimbursed \$3,805 for the unauthorized expenditure and that relief association officials become familiar with Act 84 at 53 P.S. § 8506(e) to aid them in determining the propriety of future expenditures. For further guidance, please refer to the Auditor General's publication, MANAGEMENT GUIDELINES FOR VOLUNTEER FIREFIGHTERS' RELIEF ASSOCIATIONS.

<u>Management's Response</u>: Relief association management agreed with the finding as presented at the audit exit conference and indicated they will take action to comply with the recommendation.

## LIBERTY VOLUNTEER FIREFIGHTERS' RELIEF ASSOCIATION FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

#### Finding No. 2 – Overpayment of Equipment Purchased

<u>Condition</u>: On August 26, 2008, the relief association purchased a fire police parka for a price of \$1,124, when the actual price was \$124. The vendor invoice listed the price of the parka as \$1,124, even though other parkas listed on the invoice did not exceed \$185. The vendor was contacted and they agreed the relief association was overcharged \$1,000.

<u>Criteria</u>: Adequate accounting and internal controls should include procedures to prevent the overpayments of expenses.

<u>Cause</u>: The volunteer firefighters' relief association failed to establish internal control procedures that would prevent overpayments of expenses.

<u>Effect</u>: As a result of the erroneous overpayment, the relief association was unable to use these funds for other general operating expenses or for investment purposes.

<u>Recommendation</u>: We recommend the relief association be reimbursed \$1,000 for the overpayment of the expenditure and that relief association officials develop policies and procedures to ensure vendor invoices are accurate prior to payment. For further guidance, please refer to the Auditor General's publication, MANAGEMENT GUIDELINES FOR VOLUNTEER FIREFIGHTERS' RELIEF ASSOCIATIONS.

<u>Management's Response</u>: Relief association management agreed with the finding as presented at the audit exit conference and indicated they will take action to comply with the recommendation.

# LIBERTY VOLUNTEER FIREFIGHTERS' RELIEF ASSOCIATION FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

#### Finding No. 3 – Related Party Situation

<u>Condition</u>: Relief association officials failed to disclose a related party situation to the relief association membership. A related party situation occurs when the relief association deals with a business that employs or is owned by a relief association officer or a member of an officer's immediate family. The relief association does business with a local bank that employs a relief association officer as branch manager. As of December 31, 2008, the bank holds 100 percent of the relief association's assets.

<u>Criteria</u>: All related party situations should be disclosed to the membership and recorded in the minutes of relief association meetings. In addition, the individual involved in the related party situation should abstain from all votes concerning his/her place of employment.

<u>Cause</u>: Relief association officials were unaware that related party situations should be disclosed to the membership.

<u>Effect</u>: Failure to properly disclose a related party situation may create a potential conflict of interest which could result in a financial benefit to the related party through a commission or a profit from a sale.

<u>Recommendation</u>: We recommend the relief association officials take the actions necessary to eliminate the appearance of a conflict of interest. Actions should include, but are not limited to, a written notification to the relief association membership of each related party situation, and the abstention of the relief association official from decisions and voting rights which involve his/her capacity as a bank branch manager. These actions should be documented in the relief association's minutes. Furthermore, the relief association should closely review all related party transactions to ensure that the cost of the services rendered by the firm is competitive.

<u>Management's Response</u>: Relief association management agreed with the finding as presented at the audit exit conference and indicated they will take action to comply with the recommendation.

### LIBERTY VOLUNTEER FIREFIGHTERS' RELIEF ASSOCIATION ACCOMPANYING EXPENDITURE INFORMATION FOR THE PERIOD JANUARY 1, 2007 TO DECEMBER 31, 2008

#### Act 84 at 53 P.S. § 8502(1) states, in part, that:

A volunteer firefighters' relief association is an organization formed primarily for the purpose of affording financial protection to volunteer firefighters against the consequences of misfortune suffered as a result of their participation in the fire service. Such an association may also serve other purposes, . . . provided only that adequate provisions be first made to serve its primary purpose. . . .

Act 84 at 53 P.S. § 8506, authorizes the investment of relief association funds and outlines the types of benefits and services that can be provided with volunteer firefighters' relief association funds. All expenditures must be properly authorized as prescribed in the volunteer firefighters' relief association bylaws and approved at an association meeting.

#### **USES OF FUNDS**:

Benefit Services:	
Insurance premiums	\$ 7,990
Relief benefits	862
Tokens of sympathy and goodwill	 653
Total Benefit Services	\$ 9,505
Fire Services:	
Equipment purchased	\$ 120,255
Equipment maintenance	13,858
Training expenses	 6,567
Total Fire Services	\$ 140,680
Administrative Services:	
Officer compensation	\$ 1,200
Other administrative expenses	107
Total Administrative Services	\$ 1,307

## LIBERTY VOLUNTEER FIREFIGHTERS' RELIEF ASSOCIATION REPORT DISTRIBUTION LIST

This report was initially distributed to the following:

### The Honorable Tom Corbett Governor Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

Liberty Volunteer Firefighters' Relief Association Governing Body:

Mr. Stefan Kuenzli, President Mr. Glenn Good, Trustee

Mr. Tom Curtis, Vice President Mr. Darryl Keiser, Trustee

Mr. Norman Brower, Jr., Secretary Mr. Irvin Martin, Trustee

Ms. Karen Buch, Treasurer Mr. Duane Reynolds, Trustee

Mr. Kirk Neidermyer, 2<sup>nd</sup> Vice President Mr. Jay Stauffer, Trustee

Mr. Jeff Sensenig, Trustee

Reports were also distributed to each municipality, which allocated foreign fire insurance tax monies to this relief association.

Ms. Brenda S. Becker, Secretary
Earl Township
Mr. J. Richard Fulcher, Secretary
New Holland Borough

This report is a matter of public record. Copies of this report may be obtained from the Pennsylvania Department of the Auditor General, Office of Communications, 318 Finance Building, Harrisburg, PA 17120. If you have any questions regarding this report or any other matter, you may contact the Department of the Auditor General by accessing our website at www.auditorgen.state.pa.us.