

# LYNNPORT FIREFIGHTER'S RELIEF ASSOCIATION HEREIN REFERRED TO AS:

#### LYNNPORT VOLUNTEER FIREFIGHTERS' RELIEF ASSOCIATION

#### LEHIGH COUNTY

**COMPLIANCE AUDIT REPORT** 

FOR THE PERIOD

**JANUARY 1, 2006 TO DECEMBER 31, 2008** 



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#### **BACKGROUND**

Pursuant to Article VIII, Section 10 of the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, Section 403 of The Fiscal Code, Act of April 9, 1929, (P.L. 343, No. 176), and the Volunteer Firefighters' Relief Association Act, Act of June 11, 1968, (P.L. 149, No. 84), as amended, 53 P.S. § 8501 et seq. (commonly referred to as Act 84), the Department of the Auditor General's duty is to audit the accounts and records of every volunteer firefighters' relief association to determine that funds received under the Foreign Fire Insurance Tax Distribution Law, Act of December 18, 1984, (P.L. 1005, No. 205), as amended 53 P.S. § 895.701 et seq. (commonly referred to as Act 205), are properly expended.

The Lynnport Volunteer Firefighters' Relief Association is a charitable organization that was formed primarily to afford financial protection to volunteer firefighters and to encourage individuals to participate in volunteer fire service.

Act 84 governs the overall operation of the volunteer firefighters' relief association. The relief association's bylaws define the specific operational procedures by which the volunteer firefighters' relief association conducts business. To fulfill its primary purpose, Act 84 authorizes specific types of expenditures and prescribes appropriate volunteer firefighters' relief association investment options. Within the parameters established by Act 84, it is the responsibility of the volunteer firefighters' relief association to choose investments in a proper and prudent manner.

Volunteer firefighters' relief associations receive public tax monies, and the association officers therefore have a responsibility to the public to conduct the association's financial affairs in a businesslike manner and to maintain sufficient financial records to support the propriety of all association transactions. Volunteer firefighters' relief association officers are also responsible for ensuring that the association operates in accordance with applicable state laws, contracts, bylaws and administrative procedures.

Act 205 sets forth the computation of the Foreign Fire Insurance Tax Distribution paid to each applicable municipality throughout the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania. The amount of the distribution is based upon the population of each municipality and the market value of real estate within the municipality. Upon receipt of this distribution, the municipality must allocate the funds to the volunteer firefighters' relief association of the fire service organization or fire service organizations, which is or are recognized as providing the service to the municipality. The Lynnport Volunteer Firefighters' Relief Association was allocated state aid from the following municipality:

Municipality	County	2006	2007	2008
Lynn Township	Lehigh	\$13,838	\$14,396	\$14,836

#### **BACKGROUND** (Continued)

The volunteer firefighters' relief association and the affiliated fire service organization are separate, legal entities. The Lynnport Volunteer Firefighters' Relief Association is affiliated with the following fire service organization:

Lynnport Community Fire Company No. 1

Mr. Edward Sawyer, President LYNNPORT VOLUNTEER FIREFIGHTERS' RELIEF ASSOCIATION Lehigh County

We have conducted a compliance audit of the Lynnport Volunteer Firefighters' Relief Association pursuant to authority derived from Article VIII, Section 10 of the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, Section 403 of The Fiscal Code, Act of April 9, 1929, (P.L. 343, No. 176), and mandated by the Volunteer Firefighters' Relief Association Act, Act of June 11, 1968, (P.L. 149, No. 84), as amended, 53 P.S. § 8501 et seq. (commonly referred to as Act 84), for the period January 1, 2006 to December 31, 2008.

We conducted this compliance audit in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* applicable to performance audits, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain sufficient, appropriate evidence to provide a reasonable basis for our audit results and conclusions based on our audit objectives. We believe that the evidence obtained provides a reasonable basis for our audit results and conclusions based on our audit objectives.

The objectives of the audit were:

- 1. To determine if the volunteer firefighters' relief association took appropriate corrective action to address the findings contained in our prior audit report; and
- 2. To determine if the volunteer firefighters' relief association received and expended state aid and accumulated relief funds in compliance with applicable state laws, contracts, bylaws and administrative procedures.

Our audit was limited to the areas related to the objectives identified above.

Volunteer firefighters' relief association officers are responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal controls to provide reasonable assurance that the Lynnport Volunteer

Firefighters' Relief Association's administration of state aid and accumulated funds complies with applicable state laws, contracts, bylaws and administrative procedures including the safeguarding of assets. In conducting our audit, we obtained an understanding of the volunteer firefighters' relief association's internal controls as they relate to the association's compliance with applicable state laws, contracts, bylaws and administrative procedures significant within the context of the audit objectives. We also tested transactions, confirmed the Lynnport Volunteer Firefighters' Relief Association's cash balance as of December 31, 2008, with the custodian of the funds, and interviewed selected officials to the extent necessary to satisfy the audit objectives.

The results of our audit for the period January 1, 2006 to December 31, 2008, found, in all significant respects, the Lynnport Volunteer Firefighters' Relief Association received and expended funds in compliance with applicable state laws, contracts, bylaws and administrative procedures, except as noted in the following findings discussed later in this report. The results of our tests indicated the Lynnport Volunteer Firefighters' Relief Association expended funds as presented in the accompanying information and as of December 31, 2008, had a cash balance of \$19,880 and no investments.

- Finding No. 1 Noncompliance With Prior Audit Recommendation Failure to Maintain Officer's Bond Coverage
- Finding No. 2 Noncompliance With Prior Audit Recommendation Inadequate Minutes of Meetings
- Finding No. 3 Noncompliance With Prior Audit Recommendation Failure to Maintain a Complete and Accurate Equipment Roster
- Finding No. 4 Noncompliance With Prior Audit Recommendation Inadequate Relief Association Bylaws

The contents of this report were discussed with the management of the Lynnport Volunteer Firefighters' Relief Association and, where appropriate, their responses have been included in the report.

March 9, 2009

JACK WAGNER Auditor General

### LYNNPORT VOLUNTEER FIREFIGHTERS' RELIEF ASSOCIATION STATUS OF PRIOR FINDINGS

#### COMPLIANCE WITH PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

The Lynnport Volunteer Firefighters' Relief Association has complied with the following prior audit findings and recommendations:

• Failure to Maintain a Complete and Accurate Membership Roster

By compiling and maintaining a listing of the relief association's membership.

• Inappropriate Presigning of Blank Checks

By ensuring that blank checks are not being presigned.

#### NONCOMPLIANCE WITH PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

The Lynnport Volunteer Firefighters' Relief Association has not complied with several prior audit findings. These issues are further discussed in the following findings noted in the Findings and Recommendations section of this report:

- Noncompliance With Prior Audit Recommendation –
   Failure to Maintain Officer's Bond Coverage
- Noncompliance With Prior Audit Recommendation Inadequate Minutes of Meetings
- Noncompliance With Prior Audit Recommendation –
   Failure to Maintain a Complete and Accurate Equipment Roster
- Noncompliance With Prior Audit Recommendation Inadequate Relief Association Bylaws

We are concerned with the volunteer firefighters' relief association's failure to correct the previously reported audit findings. The association management should strive to implement the recommendations and corrective actions noted in this audit report.

# <u>Finding No. 1 – Noncompliance With Prior Audit Recommendation – Failure to Maintain Officer's Bond Coverage</u>

<u>Condition</u>: As cited in the prior audit report, the relief association failed to maintain bond coverage on the disbursing officer as required by Act 84. The relief association officer's bond coverage lapsed on January 25, 2005, and has not been renewed.

Criteria: Act 84 at 53 P.S. § 8505(c) states, in part, that:

. . . the disbursing officer, whether designated treasurer, comptroller, financial secretary, or otherwise, shall be bonded by corporate surety for the faithful performance of his duties. The amount of such bond shall be at least as great as the maximum cash balance in current funds of the association at any time during the fiscal year, and the premium on such bond shall be a proper charge against the funds of the association.

<u>Cause</u>: While notified of this condition in the prior audit report, relief association officials neglected the Act 84 provisions regarding the maintenance of officer's bond coverage.

<u>Effect</u>: As a result of the disbursing officer of the relief association not being bonded, the relief association's cash assets are not adequately safeguarded.

However, subsequent to the audit period, effective February 4, 2010, the relief association obtained an officer's bond policy in the amount of \$30,000.

<u>Recommendation</u>: We again recommend the relief association continue to maintain officer's bond coverage in an amount greater than the maximum cash balance, as required by Act 84. For further guidance, please refer to the Auditor General's publication, MANAGEMENT GUIDELINES FOR VOLUNTEER FIREFIGHTERS' RELIEF ASSOCIATIONS.

<u>Management's Response</u>: Relief association management agreed with the finding as presented at the audit exit conference and indicated they will take action to comply with the recommendation.

# <u>Finding No. 2 – Noncompliance With Prior Audit Recommendation – Inadequate Minutes of Meetings</u>

<u>Condition</u>: As cited in the prior two audit reports, the relief association failed to maintain detailed minutes of meetings as required by Act 84. Specifically, the relief association's minutes did not address all of the financial-related transactions that occurred during the audit period.

Criteria: Act 84 at 53 P.S. § 8505(a) states, in part, that the relief association:

... must provide for the taking and preserving of minutes of all meetings, and the maintenance of such books of account as may be necessary and appropriate to afford a permanent record of its financial affairs.

<u>Cause</u>: While notified of this condition in the prior two audit reports, relief association officials neglected to maintain detailed minutes of meetings as required by Act 84.

<u>Effect</u>: The failure to maintain detailed minutes of meetings prevented the verification as to whether all relief association business was presented before the membership for approval.

<u>Recommendation</u>: We again recommend the relief association maintain detailed minutes of meetings, including all financial-related business conducted by the relief association. For further guidance, please refer to the Auditor General's publication, MANAGEMENT GUIDELINES FOR VOLUNTEER FIREFIGHTERS' RELIEF ASSOCIATIONS.

<u>Management's Response</u>: Relief association management agreed with the finding as presented at the audit exit conference and indicated they will take action to comply with the recommendation.

# <u>Finding No. 3 – Noncompliance With Prior Audit Recommendation –</u> Failure to Maintain a Complete and Accurate Equipment Roster

Condition: As cited in the prior two audit reports, the relief association officials did not maintain a complete and accurate roster of equipment owned by the relief association. While the relief association did provide a roster, it was incomplete and appeared to only list the equipment items contained on each piece of fire apparatus. Also, the listing did not contain dates of purchase, unit costs, or serial numbers, where applicable, to accurately identify the equipment owned. As such, it was impossible to determine if all items purchased during the audit period had been recorded. In addition, the equipment identified on the listing appears to be commingled with equipment owned by the fire company. Furthermore, there was no indication that an annual inventory of the equipment was performed to account for the relief association's fixed assets.

<u>Criteria</u>: The relief association should establish adequate internal control procedures to ensure the maintenance of a cumulative equipment roster of all items purchased by the relief association in order to provide an effective accounting control over the relief association's fixed assets. A cumulative roster of all relief association equipment should include the following:

- Type of equipment purchased.
- Date of purchase.
- Unit cost.
- Name of supplier.
- Serial number, if applicable.
- Current location of item.
- Final disposition of sold or damaged equipment.
- Notation of the annual inventory.

<u>Cause</u>: While notified of this condition in the prior two audit reports, relief association officials neglected to establish adequate internal control procedures over fixed assets to include the maintenance of a cumulative equipment roster and the performance of an annual equipment inventory.

<u>Effect</u>: The failure to properly record equipment purchases in a detailed equipment roster prevents officials from effectively monitoring the relief association's equipment purchases. In addition, the failure to maintain a detailed equipment roster and perform an annual equipment inventory prevents adequate accountability and safeguarding of relief association assets.

#### Finding No. 3 – (Continued)

Recommendation: We again recommend the relief association officials maintain a complete, cumulative roster of relief association equipment only. The roster should not include any equipment items purchased by the fire company. In addition, the relief association should ensure it performs an annual inventory of all operable equipment and that the inventory be sufficiently documented. For further guidance, please refer to the Auditor General's publication, MANAGEMENT GUIDELINES FOR VOLUNTEER FIREFIGHTERS' RELIEF ASSOCIATIONS.

<u>Management's Response</u>: Relief association management agreed with the finding as presented at the audit exit conference and indicated they will take action to comply with the recommendation.

# <u>Finding No. 4 – Noncompliance With Prior Audit Recommendation – Inadequate Relief Association Bylaws</u>

<u>Condition</u>: As cited in the prior audit report, the relief association's bylaws do not accurately describe the various classes of relief association members and appear to extend death benefits to social members which is not authorized by Act 84. While the relief association officials did take action by completely discontinuing the practice of paying death benefits and by revising their membership roster to only include those individuals who have participated in fire service, they did not amend their bylaws to eliminate the death benefit provision nor to identify the type of fire company members who are eligible to be members of the relief association.

<u>Criteria</u>: Act 84 at 53 P.S. § 8503(3) states the purpose of the Legislature in enacting this statute is to encourage individuals to take part in the fire service as volunteer firefighters, by establishing criteria and standards for the orderly administration and conduct of the affairs of firefighters' relief associations, so as to ensure, as far as circumstances will reasonably permit, that funds shall be available for the protection of volunteer firefighters and their heirs:

(3) To provide, either by insurance or by the operation of a beneficial fund, . . . and to establish criteria which members must meet in order to qualify as participants in such death benefit fund; . . . (emphasis added)

In addition, Act 84 at 53 P.S. § 8505(b) and (c) state, in part, that the relief association's bylaws shall include the following provisions:

- The constitution or charter shall state the name, the purposes and the form of the organization, shall designate the class or classes of persons eligible for membership, and the procedures to be followed in making amendments. (emphasis added)
- Specify the requirements for securing membership, the voting rights of different classes of members, if there are different classes, and the conditions under which membership may be terminated. . . .

Prudent business practice also dictates that the relief association should only be extending benefits to individuals who currently participate in or who have previously participated in the fire service. While the relief association's bylaws may contain more restrictive provisions than Act 84, its bylaws cannot provide benefits that are not authorized by Act 84.

#### Finding No. 4 – (Continued)

<u>Cause</u>: While the relief association officials were aware of the Act 84 requirement to specifically define the different classes of membership in the bylaws and that benefits may only be extended to members who currently or were previously involved in providing fire service, they neglected to amend their bylaws to adhere to the Act 84 provisions.

<u>Effect</u>: As a result of the membership classifications not being defined and the death benefit provision still being included in the bylaws, it appears the relief association still allows for the payment of death benefits on behalf of all members of the fire company

<u>Recommendation</u>: We again recommend that relief association officials review and update the bylaws governing their organization so that the bylaws meet the requirements set forth in Act 84 and are consistent with the current practices of the relief association. For further guidance, please refer to the Auditor General's publication, MANAGEMENT GUIDELINES FOR VOLUNTEER FIREFIGHTERS' RELIEF ASSOCIATIONS.

<u>Management's Response</u>: Relief association management agreed with the finding and indicated they will take action to comply with the recommendation.

# LYNNPORT VOLUNTEER FIREFIGHTERS' RELIEF ASSOCIATION ACCOMPANYING EXPENDITURE INFORMATION FOR THE PERIOD JANUARY 1, 2006 TO DECEMBER 31, 2008

#### Act 84 at 53 P.S. § 8502(1) states, in part, that:

A volunteer firefighters' relief association is an organization formed primarily for the purpose of affording financial protection to volunteer firefighters against the consequences of misfortune suffered as a result of their participation in the fire service. Such an association may also serve other purposes, . . . provided only that adequate provisions be first made to serve its primary purpose. . . .

Act 84 at 53 P.S. § 8506, authorizes the investment of relief association funds and outlines the types of benefits and services that can be provided with volunteer firefighters' relief association funds. All expenditures must be properly authorized as prescribed in the volunteer firefighters' relief association bylaws and approved at an association meeting.

#### **USES OF FUNDS:**

Benefit Services:		
Death benefits	\$	1,800
Total Benefit Services		1,800
Fire Services:		
Equipment purchased	\$	39,463
Equipment maintenance		6,860
Training expenses		225
Fire prevention materials		336
Total Fire Services		46,884

### LYNNPORT VOLUNTEER FIREFIGHTERS' RELIEF ASSOCIATION REPORT DISTRIBUTION LIST

This report was initially distributed to the following:

The Honorable Edward G. Rendell Governor Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

Lynnport Volunteer Firefighters' Relief Association Officers:

Mr. Edward Sawyer, President

Ms. Heather Utt, Secretary

Mr. Russell H. Wambold Jr., Treasurer

Reports were also distributed to each municipality, which allocated foreign fire insurance tax monies to this relief association.

Ms. Tammy M. White, Secretary Lynn Township

This report is a matter of public record. Copies of this report may be obtained from the Pennsylvania Department of the Auditor General, Office of Communications, 318 Finance Building, Harrisburg, PA 17120. If you have any questions regarding this report or any other matter, you may contact the Department of the Auditor General by accessing our website at www.auditorgen.state.pa.us.