

AMERICA HOSE, HOOK AND LADDER COMPANY FIREMEN'S RELIEF ASSOCIATION

HEREIN REFERRED TO AS:

AMERICA HOSE VOLUNTEER FIREFIGHTERS' RELIEF ASSOCIATION

BUCKS COUNTY

COMPLIANCE AUDIT REPORT

FOR THE PERIOD

JANUARY 1, 2006 TO DECEMBER 31, 2008



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BACKGROUND

Pursuant to Article VIII, Section 10 of the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, Section 403 of The Fiscal Code, Act of April 9, 1929, (P.L. 343, No. 176), and the Volunteer Firefighters' Relief Association Act, Act of June 11, 1968, (P.L. 149, No. 84), as amended, 53 P.S. § 8501 et seq. (commonly referred to as Act 84), the Department of the Auditor General's duty is to audit the accounts and records of every volunteer firefighters' relief association to determine that funds received under the Foreign Fire Insurance Tax Distribution Law, Act of December 18, 1984, (P.L. 1005, No. 205), as amended 53 P.S. § 895.701 et seq. (commonly referred to as Act 205), are properly expended.

The America Hose Volunteer Firefighters' Relief Association is a charitable organization that was formed primarily to afford financial protection to volunteer firefighters and to encourage individuals to participate in volunteer fire service.

Act 84 governs the overall operation of the volunteer firefighters' relief association. The relief association's bylaws define the specific operational procedures by which the volunteer firefighters' relief association conducts business. To fulfill its primary purpose, Act 84 authorizes specific types of expenditures and prescribes appropriate volunteer firefighters' relief association investment options. Within the parameters established by Act 84, it is the responsibility of the volunteer firefighters' relief association to choose investments in a proper and prudent manner.

Volunteer firefighters' relief associations receive public tax monies, and the association officers therefore have a responsibility to the public to conduct the association's financial affairs in a businesslike manner and to maintain sufficient financial records to support the propriety of all association transactions. Volunteer firefighters' relief association officers are also responsible for ensuring that the association operates in accordance with applicable state laws, contracts, bylaws and administrative procedures.

Act 205 sets forth the computation of the Foreign Fire Insurance Tax Distribution paid to each applicable municipality throughout the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania. The amount of the distribution is based upon the population of each municipality and the market value of real estate within the municipality. Upon receipt of this distribution, the municipality must allocate the funds to the volunteer firefighters' relief association of the fire service organization or fire service organizations, which is or are recognized as providing the service to the municipality. The America Hose Volunteer Firefighters' Relief Association was allocated state aid from the following municipality:

Municipality	County	2006	2007	2008
Bristol Borough	Bucks	\$12,000	\$12,839	\$13,248

BACKGROUND (Continued)

The volunteer firefighters' relief association and the affiliated fire service organization are separate, legal entities. The America Hose Volunteer Firefighters' Relief Association is affiliated with the following fire service organization:

America Hose, Hook and Ladder Company

Mr. Donald Crohe, President AMERICA HOSE VOLUNTEER FIREFIGHTERS' RELIEF ASSOCIATION Bucks County

We have conducted a compliance audit of the America Hose Volunteer Firefighters' Relief Association pursuant to authority derived from Article VIII, Section 10 of the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, Section 403 of The Fiscal Code, Act of April 9, 1929, (P.L. 343, No. 176), and mandated by the Volunteer Firefighters' Relief Association Act, Act of June 11, 1968, (P.L. 149, No. 84), as amended, 53 P.S. § 8501 et seq. (commonly referred to as Act 84), for the period January 1, 2006 to December 31, 2008.

We conducted this compliance audit in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* applicable to performance audits, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain sufficient, appropriate evidence to provide a reasonable basis for our audit results and conclusions based on our audit objective. We believe that the evidence obtained provides a reasonable basis for our audit results and conclusions based on our audit objective.

The objective of the audit was to determine if the volunteer firefighters' relief association received and expended state aid and accumulated relief funds in compliance with applicable state laws, contracts, bylaws and administrative procedures.

Our audit was limited to the areas related to the objective identified above.

Volunteer firefighters' relief association officers are responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal controls to provide reasonable assurance that the America Hose Volunteer Firefighters' Relief Association's administration of state aid and accumulated funds complies with applicable state laws, contracts, bylaws and administrative procedures including the safeguarding of assets. In conducting our audit, we obtained an understanding of the volunteer firefighters' relief association's internal controls as they relate to the association's compliance with those requirements and that we considered to be significant within the context of the audit objective, and assessed whether those significant controls were properly designed and implemented.

Our audit procedures also include tests of documentary evidence supporting the America Hose Volunteer Firefighters' Relief Association recorded financial transactions, tests of the physical existence of inventories, interviews of selected officials and direct confirmation of America Hose Volunteer Firefighters' Relief Association's cash, investments, and certain other assets and liabilities as of December 31, 2008, with the custodians of the funds, customers, creditors, and financial institutions to the extent necessary to satisfy the audit objective. Additionally, we performed procedures to provide a reasonable assurance of detecting instances of violations of legal and regulatory requirements or violations of provisions of contracts that are significant within the context of the audit objective.

The results of our audit for the period January 1, 2006 to December 31, 2008, found, in all significant respects, the America Hose Volunteer Firefighters' Relief Association received and expended funds in compliance with applicable state laws, contracts, bylaws and administrative procedures, except as noted in the following findings discussed later in this report. The results of our tests indicated the America Hose Volunteer Firefighters' Relief Association expended funds as presented in the accompanying information and as of December 31, 2008, had a cash balance of \$15,146 and an investment balance with a fair value of \$6,377.

Finding No. 1 – Undocumented Expenditures

Finding No. 2 – Unauthorized Expenditure

Finding No. 3 – Failure to Segregate Relief Association Officers' Duties

The contents of this report were discussed with the management of the America Hose Volunteer Firefighters' Relief Association and, where appropriate, their responses have been included in the report.

April 9, 2009

JACK WAGNER Auditor General

Finding No. 1 – Undocumented Expenditures

<u>Condition</u>: The relief association was unable to provide adequate supporting documentation for the following expenditures:

Date	Check No.	Description	A	mount
12/04/07	708	Disbursement to member	\$	1,474
12/28/07	710	Equipment maintenance vendor		1,904
10/09/08	723	Disbursement to member		1,867
		Total	\$	5,245

We were informed during the audit that the two disbursements noted above to a relief association member were for the member to attend several training conferences. However, at the time of the audit, the relief association did not have documentation available, such as training certificates and invoices for the travel expenses to determine the validity of the amounts disbursed and to verify that the member attended bona fide training. As such, the above two expenditures to a relief association member are being considered undocumented expenditures.

In addition, at the time of the audit, the relief association did not have an invoice to support the third expenditure to an equipment maintenance vendor. As such, this expenditure is being considered an undocumented expenditure.

Criteria: Act 84 at 53 P.S. § 8507(a) states, in part:

The Department of the Auditor General shall have the power, and its duty shall be, to audit the accounts and records of every volunteer firefighters' relief association receiving any money under Chapter 7 of the Act of December 18, 1984 (P.L. 1005, No 205), known as the "Municipal Pension Plan Funding Standard and Recovery Act," as amended, as far as may be necessary to satisfy the department that the money received was expended or is being expended for no purpose other than that authorized by this act.

Without adequate supporting documentation, such as invoices and training certificates, this department is unable to determine if the relief association funds were expended for purposes authorized by Act 84. Furthermore, good business practices would require that supporting documentation be maintained to verify the propriety of all financial transactions.

<u>Cause</u>: Relief association officials failed to establish adequate internal control procedures to ensure supporting documentation is maintained for all expenditures.

Finding No. 1 – (Continued)

<u>Effect</u>: Lack of supporting documentation, such as invoices and training certificates, made it impossible to determine if the expenditures were made in accordance with Act 84 at 53 P.S. § 8506(e).

Recommendation: We recommend the relief association provide this department with adequate supporting documentation, such as invoices, to determine the validity of the expenditures or that the relief association be reimbursed \$5,245 for the undocumented expenditures. We also recommend that the relief association officials maintain supporting documentation for all future expenditures. For further guidance, please refer to the Auditor General's publication, MANAGEMENT GUIDELINES FOR VOLUNTEER FIREFIGHTERS' RELIEF ASSOCIATIONS.

<u>Management's Response</u>: Relief association management agreed with the finding as presented at the audit exit conference and indicated they will take action to comply with the recommendation.

Finding No. 2 – Unauthorized Expenditure

<u>Condition</u>: On October 9, 2008, the relief association expended \$659 for maintenance expenses on a fire company owned boat, which is not authorized by Act 84. While repairs and maintenance of equipment are considered authorized by Act 84, the expenses are limited to equipment owned by the relief association. Here, the maintenance was related to a boat that was not owned by the relief association.

<u>Criteria</u>: Act 84 at 53 P.S. § 8506(e)(11) states:

The funds of any volunteer firefighters' relief association may be spent:

(11) To purchase safeguards for preserving life, health, and safety to volunteer firefighters, so as to ensure their availability to participate in the volunteer fire service.

Since the Department of the Auditor General is legislatively prohibited from giving pre-audit advice, an interagency agreement with the Department of Community and Economic Development (DCED) had been established whereby the DCED provided interpretation of Act 84 of 1968, the "Volunteer Firefighters' Relief Association Act." The DCED has determined that the relief association may expend funds for various types of safeguards and safeguard equipment, including maintenance of equipment, as long as the equipment is owned by the relief association. However, the maintenance of equipment not owned by the relief association has been deemed by DCED to not qualify as an allowable expenditure under Act 84.

<u>Cause</u>: Relief association officials were unaware that the expenditure for maintenance of equipment not owned by the relief association was not authorized by Act 84.

<u>Effect</u>: As a result of this improper expenditure, relief association funds were not available for investment purposes or to pay for expenditures authorized by Act 84.

<u>Recommendation</u>: We recommend the relief association be reimbursed \$659 for the unauthorized expenditure and that relief association officials become familiar with Act 84 at 53 P.S. § 8506(e) to aid them in determining the propriety of future expenditures. For further guidance, please refer to the Auditor General's publication, MANAGEMENT GUIDELINES FOR VOLUNTEER FIREFIGHTERS' RELIEF ASSOCIATIONS.

<u>Management's Response</u>: Relief association management agreed with the finding as presented at the audit exit conference and indicated they will take action to comply with the recommendation.

Finding No. 3 – Failure to Segregate Relief Association Officers' Duties

<u>Condition</u>: During the current audit, we detected that the same individual holds the position of both secretary and treasurer. As such, one individual is currently responsible for the recordkeeping that authorizes a financial transaction and the recordkeeping that records a financial transaction.

<u>Criteria</u>: Prudent business practice dictates that the duties of the secretary and treasurer be sufficiently segregated. Segregation of duties is the primary internal control intended to prevent or decrease the risk of errors or irregularities.

The minimum requirements of the secretary's position, pertaining to a relief association, are to maintain detailed minutes of meetings authorizing the relief association's financial operations. The secretary should review and coordinate the amending of the bylaws governing the relief association so that the bylaws meet the minimum requirements of Act 84.

The minimum requirements of the treasurer's position, pertaining to a relief association, are to maintain an account of all funds belonging to the relief association. The treasurer shall maintain a journal and ledger detailing all financial transactions of the relief association along with documentation supporting the receipts and disbursements. The treasurer should co-sign all negotiable instruments along with another relief association officer. Also, financial statements should be prepared at least on an annual basis by the treasurer.

<u>Cause</u>: Relief association officials were unaware that one person holding the position of both secretary and treasurer negates the internal controls associated with the segregation of duties. In addition, the relief association has had difficulty finding another secretary since the last individual holding that position quit.

<u>Effect</u>: An inadequate segregation of duties could prevent relief association officials and members from effectively monitoring the relief association's financial transactions. Additionally, it negates the checks and balances necessary to detect and correct financial errors or irregularities in the relief association's accounting system.

<u>Recommendation</u>: We recommend the relief association ensure that there is adequate segregation of duties between the relief association's secretary and treasurer. We also recommend that the relief association review its accounting and internal control procedures to ensure that the duties being performed by the secretary and treasurer are sufficiently segregated so that relief association assets are adequately safeguarded. For further guidance, please refer to the Auditor General's publication, MANAGEMENT GUIDELINES FOR VOLUNTEER FIREFIGHTERS' RELIEF ASSOCIATIONS.

<u>Management's Response</u>: Relief association management agreed with the finding as presented at the audit exit conference and indicated they will take action to comply with the recommendation.

AMERICA HOSE VOLUNTEER FIREFIGHTERS' RELIEF ASSOCIATION POTENTIAL WITHHOLD OF STATE AID

Conditions such as those reported in Finding Nos. 1 and 2 may lead to a total withholding of state aid in the future unless the findings are corrected. However, such action will not be considered if sufficient documentation is immediately provided to verify compliance with this department's recommendations. Such documentation should be submitted by the volunteer firefighters' relief association to: Department of the Auditor General, Bureau of Firefighters' Relief Association Audits, Finance Building, Harrisburg, PA 17120.

AMERICA HOSE VOLUNTEER FIREFIGHTERS' RELIEF ASSOCIATION ACCOMPANYING EXPENDITURE INFORMATION FOR THE PERIOD JANUARY 1, 2006 TO DECEMBER 31, 2008

Act 84 at 53 P.S. § 8502(1) states, in part, that:

A volunteer firefighters' relief association is an organization formed primarily for the purpose of affording financial protection to volunteer firefighters against the consequences of misfortune suffered as a result of their participation in the fire service. Such an association may also serve other purposes, . . . provided only that adequate provisions be first made to serve its primary purpose. . . .

Act 84 at 53 P.S. § 8506, authorizes the investment of relief association funds and outlines the types of benefits and services that can be provided with volunteer firefighters' relief association funds. All expenditures must be properly authorized as prescribed in the volunteer firefighters' relief association bylaws and approved at an association meeting.

USES OF FUNDS:

Benefit Services:	
Insurance premiums	\$ 13,975
Tokens of sympathy and goodwill	 438
Total Benefit Services	\$ 14,413
Fire Services:	
Equipment purchased	\$ 5,571
Equipment maintenance	4,086
Training expenses	1,860
Total Fire Services	\$ 11,517
Administrative Services:	
Miscellaneous administrative expenses	\$ 2,225
Total Administrative Services	\$ 2,225
Total Investments Purchased	\$ 9,000
Other Expenditures:	
Undocumented expenditures	\$ 5,245
Total Other Expenditures	\$ 5,245
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AMERICA HOSE VOLUNTEER FIREFIGHTERS' RELIEF ASSOCIATION REPORT DISTRIBUTION LIST

This report was initially distributed to the following:

The Honorable Edward G. Rendell Governor Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

America Hose Volunteer Firefighters' Relief Association Officers:

Mr. Donald Crohe, President

Mr. Harry Crohe, Vice President

Mr. William J. Frake, Secretary/Treasurer

Reports were also distributed to each municipality, which allocated foreign fire insurance tax monies to this relief association.

Mr. Louis Quattrocchi, Secretary Bristol Borough

This report is a matter of public record. Copies of this report may be obtained from the Pennsylvania Department of the Auditor General, Office of Communications, 318 Finance Building, Harrisburg, PA 17120. If you have any questions regarding this report or any other matter, you may contact the Department of the Auditor General by accessing our website at www.auditorgen.state.pa.us.