

# THE RELIEF ASSOCIATION OF THE MONTGOMERY VOLUNTEER FIRE COMPANY

# HEREIN REFERRED TO AS:

# MONTGOMERY VOLUNTEER FIREFIGHTERS' RELIEF ASSOCIATION

# LYCOMING COUNTY

# **COMPLIANCE AUDIT REPORT**

# FOR THE PERIOD

**JANUARY 1, 2006 TO DECEMBER 31, 2008** 



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## BACKGROUND

Pursuant to Article VIII, Section 10 of the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, Section 403 of The Fiscal Code, Act of April 9, 1929, (P.L. 343, No. 176), and the Volunteer Firefighters' Relief Association Act, Act of June 11, 1968, (P.L. 149, No. 84), as amended, 53 P.S. § 8501 <u>et seq</u>. (commonly referred to as Act 84), the Department of the Auditor General's duty is to audit the accounts and records of every volunteer firefighters' relief association to determine that funds received under the Foreign Fire Insurance Tax Distribution Law, Act of December 18, 1984, (P.L. 1005, No. 205), as amended 53 P.S. § 895.701 <u>et seq</u>. (commonly referred to as Act 205), are properly expended.

The Montgomery Volunteer Firefighters' Relief Association is a charitable organization that was formed primarily to afford financial protection to volunteer firefighters and to encourage individuals to participate in volunteer fire service.

Act 84 governs the overall operation of the volunteer firefighters' relief association. The relief association's bylaws define the specific operational procedures by which the volunteer firefighters' relief association conducts business. To fulfill its primary purpose, Act 84 authorizes specific types of expenditures and prescribes appropriate volunteer firefighters' relief association investment options. Within the parameters established by Act 84, it is the responsibility of the volunteer firefighters' relief association to choose investments in a proper and prudent manner.

Volunteer firefighters' relief associations receive public tax monies, and the association officers therefore have a responsibility to the public to conduct the association's financial affairs in a businesslike manner and to maintain sufficient financial records to support the propriety of all association transactions. Volunteer firefighters' relief association officers are also responsible for ensuring that the association operates in accordance with applicable state laws, contracts, bylaws and administrative procedures.

Act 205 sets forth the computation of the Foreign Fire Insurance Tax Distribution paid to each applicable municipality throughout the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania. The amount of the distribution is based upon the population of each municipality and the market value of real estate within the municipality. Upon receipt of this distribution, the municipality must allocate the funds to the volunteer firefighters' relief association of the fire service organization or fire service organizations, which is or are recognized as providing the service to the municipality. The Montgomery Volunteer Firefighters' Relief Association was allocated state aid from the following municipality:

Municipality	County	2006	2007	2008
Montgomery Borough	Lycoming	\$7,879	\$7,970	\$8,128

# BACKGROUND (Continued)

The volunteer firefighters' relief association and the affiliated fire service organization are separate, legal entities. The Montgomery Volunteer Firefighters' Relief Association is affiliated with the following fire service organization:

Montgomery Volunteer Fire Company

Mr. David M. McRae, President MONTGOMERY VOLUNTEER FIREFIGHTERS' RELIEF ASSOCIATION Lycoming County

We have conducted a compliance audit of the Montgomery Volunteer Firefighters' Relief Association pursuant to authority derived from Article VIII, Section 10 of the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, Section 403 of The Fiscal Code, Act of April 9, 1929, (P.L. 343, No. 176), and mandated by the Volunteer Firefighters' Relief Association Act, Act of June 11, 1968, (P.L. 149, No. 84), as amended, 53 P.S. § 8501 <u>et seq</u>. (commonly referred to as Act 84), for the period January 1, 2006 to December 31, 2008.

We conducted this compliance audit in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* applicable to performance audits, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain sufficient, appropriate evidence to provide a reasonable basis for our audit results and conclusions based on our audit objectives. We believe that the evidence obtained provides a reasonable basis for our audit results and conclusions based on our audit results and conclusions based on our audit objectives.

The objectives of the audit were:

- 1. To determine if the volunteer firefighters' relief association took appropriate corrective action to address the finding contained in our prior audit report; and
- 2. To determine if the volunteer firefighters' relief association received and expended state aid and accumulated relief funds in compliance with applicable state laws, contracts, bylaws and administrative procedures.

Our audit was limited to the areas related to the objectives identified above.

Volunteer firefighters' relief association officers are responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal controls to provide reasonable assurance that the Montgomery Volunteer Firefighters' Relief Association's administration of state aid and accumulated funds complies with applicable state laws, contracts, bylaws and administrative procedures including the safeguarding of assets. In conducting our audit, we obtained an understanding of the volunteer firefighters' relief association's internal controls as they relate to the association's compliance with those requirements and that we considered to be significant within the context of the audit objectives, and assessed whether those significant controls were properly designed and implemented. Our audit procedures also included tests of documentary evidence supporting the Montgomery Volunteer Firefighters' Relief Association's recorded financial transactions, tests of the physical existence of inventories, interviews of selected officials and direct confirmation of the Montgomery Volunteer Firefighters' Relief Association's cash, investments, and certain other assets and liabilities as of December 31, 2008, with the custodians of the funds, debtors, creditors, and financial institutions to the extent necessary to satisfy the audit objectives. Additionally, we performed procedures to provide a reasonable assurance of detecting instances of violations of legal and regulatory requirements or violations of provisions of contracts that are significant within the context of the audit objectives.

The results of our audit for the period January 1, 2006 to December 31, 2008, found, in all significant respects, the Montgomery Volunteer Firefighters' Relief Association received and expended funds in compliance with applicable state laws, contracts, bylaws and administrative procedures, except as noted in the following findings discussed later in this report. The results of our tests indicated the Montgomery Volunteer Firefighters' Relief Association expended funds as presented in the accompanying information and as of December 31, 2008, had a cash balance of \$14,783 and an investment balance with a fair value of \$56,648.

Finding No. 1 – Erroneous Withdrawal of Funds

Finding No. 2 – Undocumented Expenditures

Finding No. 3 – Inadequate Minutes of Meetings

We also noted another matter that has been included in the following observation discussed later in this report.

Observation – Diversification of Investments

The contents of this report were discussed with the management of the Montgomery Volunteer Firefighters' Relief Association and, where appropriate, their responses have been included in the report.

April 2, 2009

JACK WAGNER Auditor General

# MONTGOMERY VOLUNTEER FIREFIGHTERS' RELIEF ASSOCIATION STATUS OF PRIOR FINDING

# COMPLIANCE WITH PRIOR AUDIT FINDING AND RECOMMENDATION

The Montgomery Volunteer Firefighters' Relief Association has complied with the following prior audit finding and recommendation:

• <u>Unauthorized Expenditures</u>

By receiving reimbursement from the Montgomery Volunteer Fire Company, in the amount of \$6,987, for two computers and the installation of a network system that were considered unauthorized expenditures. In addition, the relief association did not make any unauthorized expenditures during the current audit period.

#### Finding No. 1 – Erroneous Withdrawal of Funds

<u>Condition</u>: During the audit period, the Montgomery Volunteer Fire Company erroneously withdrew funds from two relief association accounts. The relief association did not authorize either of these transactions. On February 1, 2007, the fire company withdrew \$50,000 from the relief association's investment account. More than 20 months later, on November 10, 2008, the fire company returned the \$50,000 to the relief association's investment account. In addition, subsequent to the audit period, on February 6, 2009, the fire company withdrew \$8,395 from the relief association's money market account. On March 20, 2009, the fire company returned the \$8,395 to the relief association's money market account.

<u>Criteria</u>: Adequate accounting and internal control procedures should be implemented to ensure improper withdrawals are not made from a relief association account. Only current officers of the relief association should be authorized to withdraw funds from relief association accounts.

<u>Cause</u>: There was a change in officers during the audit period and the signature cards were not updated at the respective financial organizations. In addition, the relief association did not effectively monitor the relief association's account statements to ensure all transactions were authorized.

<u>Effect</u>: The lack of effective internal control procedures places the relief association's funds at a greater risk for misappropriation. In addition, as a result of these improper withdrawals, relief association funds were not available for investment purposes or to pay for expenditures authorized by Act 84.

<u>Recommendation</u>: We recommend the relief association officials implement effective accounting and internal control procedures to ensure additional improper withdrawals are not made from a relief association account. The relief association also needs to seek reimbursement for the interest income lost due to the fire company's withdrawal of the relief association funds. For further guidance, please refer to the Auditor General's publication, MANAGEMENT GUIDELINES FOR VOLUNTEER FIREFIGHTERS' RELIEF ASSOCIATIONS.

<u>Management's Response</u>: Relief association management agreed with the finding presented at the audit exit conference and indicated they will take action to comply with the recommendation.

#### Finding No. 2 – Undocumented Expenditures

<u>Condition</u>: The relief association was unable to provide adequate supporting documentation for the following expenditures:

Date	Check No.	Description		An	nount
01/18/07	1029	Training provider		\$	260
03/29/07	1030	Training provider			420
05/17/07	1034	Training provider			205
08/19/07	1036	Training provider			225
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			Total	\$	1,110

Criteria: Act 84 at 53 P.S. § 8507(a) states, in part:

The Department of the Auditor General shall have the power, and its duty shall be, to audit the accounts and records of every volunteer firefighters' relief association receiving any money under Chapter 7 of the Act of December 18, 1984 (P.L. 1005, No 205), known as the "Municipal Pension Plan Funding Standard and Recovery Act," as amended, as far as may be necessary to satisfy the department that the money received was expended or is being expended for no purpose other than that authorized by this act.

Without adequate supporting documentation, such as invoices, training certificates, and meeting minutes, this department is unable to determine if the relief association funds were expended for purposes authorized by Act 84. Furthermore, good business practices would require that supporting documentation be maintained to verify the propriety of all financial transactions.

<u>Cause</u>: Relief association officials failed to establish adequate internal control procedures to ensure supporting documentation is maintained for all expenditures.

<u>Effect</u>: Lack of supporting documentation, such as invoices, training certificates, and meeting minutes, made it impossible to determine if the expenditures were made in accordance with Act 84 at 53 P.S. § 8506(e).

#### Finding No. 2 – (Continued)

<u>Recommendation</u>: We recommend the relief association provide this department with adequate supporting documentation, such as invoices and training certificates, to determine the validity of the expenditures or that the relief association be reimbursed \$1,110 for the undocumented expenditures. We also recommend that the relief association officials maintain supporting documentation for all future expenditures. For further guidance, please refer to the Auditor General's publication, MANAGEMENT GUIDELINES FOR VOLUNTEER FIREFIGHTERS' RELIEF ASSOCIATIONS.

<u>Management's Response</u>: Relief association management agreed with the finding as presented at the audit exit conference and indicated they will take action to comply with the recommendation.

#### Finding No. 3 – Inadequate Minutes of Meetings

<u>Condition</u>: The relief association failed to maintain detailed minutes of meetings as required by Act 84. Specifically, the relief association's minutes did not address all of the financial-related transactions that occurred during the audit period.

Criteria: Act 84 at 53 P.S. § 8505(a) states, in part, that the relief association:

... must provide for the taking and preserving of minutes of all meetings, and the maintenance of such books of account as may be necessary and appropriate to afford a permanent record of its financial affairs.

<u>Cause</u>: Relief association officials were unaware that maintaining detailed minutes of meetings was required by Act 84.

<u>Effect</u>: The failure to maintain detailed minutes of meetings prevented the verification as to whether all relief association business was presented before the membership for approval.

<u>Recommendation</u>: We recommend the relief association maintain detailed minutes of meetings, including all financial-related business conducted by the relief association. For further guidance, please refer to the Auditor General's publication, MANAGEMENT GUIDELINES FOR VOLUNTEER FIREFIGHTERS' RELIEF ASSOCIATIONS.

<u>Management's Response</u>: Relief association management agreed with the finding presented at the audit exit conference and indicated they will take action to comply with the recommendation.

# MONTGOMERY VOLUNTEER FIREFIGHTERS' RELIEF ASSOCIATION OBSERVATION

#### Observation – Diversification of Investments

Within the parameters established by the Volunteer Firefighters' Relief Association Act<sup>1</sup>, it is the responsibility of the volunteer firefighters' relief association to invest its funds in a proper and prudent manner.

As these investments typically provide an income stream to the relief association for annual operations, it is generally sensible not to invest all VFRA money in one asset or asset class that places the principal at risk. In fact, state law requires VFRA's to "reasonably diversify investments, unless the [VFRA] reasonably determines that it is in the interest of the beneficiaries not to diversify..."<sup>2</sup>.

By diversifying investments, the VFRA can help preserve capital, increase liquidity and decrease volatility. Diversification means spreading one's money among different investments; asset allocation diversifies total investments among different investment classes, such as stocks, bonds, government securities, and cash equivalents.

As of December 31, 2008, the VFRA had \$56,648 (fair value) or 79% of the VFRA's cash and investments in mutual funds.

The VFRA management should periodically review its specific cash needs and investment goals and ensure that its investments are allocated and diversified to prudently meet those needs and goals.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> 53 P.S. § 8506(c)(1997). This provision incorporates the "prudent investor rule" of the Probate, Estates, and Fiduciaries Code, 20 Pa. C.S.A. §7201 et seq.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> 20 Pa. C.S.A. § 7204(a) (Supp. 2005).

# MONTGOMERY VOLUNTEER FIREFIGHTERS' RELIEF ASSOCIATION ACCOMPANYING EXPENDITURE INFORMATION FOR THE PERIOD JANUARY 1, 2006 TO DECEMBER 31, 2008

#### Act 84 at 53 P.S. § 8502(1) states, in part, that:

A volunteer firefighters' relief association is an organization formed primarily for the purpose of affording financial protection to volunteer firefighters against the consequences of misfortune suffered as a result of their participation in the fire service. Such an association may also serve other purposes, . . . provided only that adequate provisions be first made to serve its primary purpose. . . .

Act 84 at 53 P.S. § 8506, authorizes the investment of relief association funds and outlines the types of benefits and services that can be provided with volunteer firefighters' relief association funds. All expenditures must be properly authorized as prescribed in the volunteer firefighters' relief association bylaws and approved at an association meeting.

#### **USES OF FUNDS**:

Benefit Services:	
Insurance premiums	\$ 6,246
Death benefits	2,000
Relief benefits	400
Total Benefit Services	\$ 8,646
Fire Services:	
Equipment purchased	\$ 20,057
Equipment maintenance	2,435
Training expenses	1,721
Total Fire Services	\$ 24,213
Administrative Services:	
Officer compensation	\$ 350
Total Administrative Services	\$ 350
Other Expenditures:	
Undocumented Expenditures	\$ 1,110
Total Other Expenditures	\$ 1,110



### MONTGOMERY VOLUNTEER FIREFIGHTERS' RELIEF ASSOCIATION REPORT DISTRIBUTION LIST

This report was initially distributed to the following:

## The Honorable Edward G. Rendell Governor Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

Montgomery Volunteer Firefighters' Relief Association Governing Body:

Mr. David M. McRae, President Mr. Dale S. Hill, Vice President Ms. Vickie Tupper, Secretary Mr. Neal L. Winder, Treasurer

Reports were also distributed to each municipality, which allocated foreign fire insurance tax monies to this relief association.

Ms. Sherry Young, Secretary Montgomery Borough

This report is a matter of public record. Copies of this report may be obtained from the Pennsylvania Department of the Auditor General, Office of Communications, 318 Finance Building, Harrisburg, PA 17120. If you have any questions regarding this report or any other matter, you may contact the Department of the Auditor General by accessing our website at www.auditorgen.state.pa.us.