WEST CALN TOWNSHIP NONUNIFORMED PENSION PLAN CHESTER COUNTY

COMPLIANCE AUDIT REPORT

FOR THE PERIOD

JANUARY 1, 2006, TO DECEMBER 31, 2008



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ABBREVIATION

PMRS - Pennsylvania Municipal Retirement System

BACKGROUND

On December 18, 1984, the Pennsylvania Legislature adopted the Municipal Pension Plan Funding Standard and Recovery Act (P.L. 1005, No. 205, as amended, 53 P.S. § 895.101 et seq.). The act established mandatory actuarial reporting and funding requirements and a uniform basis for the distribution of state aid to Pennsylvania's public pension plans. Section 402(j) of Act 205 specifically requires the Auditor General, as deemed necessary, to make an audit of every municipality which receives general municipal pension system State aid and of every municipal pension plan and fund in which general municipal pension system State aid is deposited.

Pension plan aid is provided from a 2 percent foreign casualty insurance premium tax, a portion of the foreign fire insurance tax designated for paid firefighters and any investment income earned on the collection of these taxes. Generally, municipal pension plans established prior to December 18, 1984, are eligible for state aid. For municipal pension plans established after that date, the sponsoring municipality must fund the plan for three plan years before it becomes eligible for state aid. In accordance with Act 205, a municipality's annual state aid allocation cannot exceed its actual pension costs.

In addition to Act 205, the West Caln Township Nonuniformed Pension Plan is also governed by implementing regulations adopted by the Public Employee Retirement Commission published at Title 16, Part IV of the Pennsylvania Code and applicable provisions of various other state statutes including, but not limited to, the following:

Act 15 - Pennsylvania Municipal Retirement Law, Act of February 1, 1974 (P.L. 34, No. 15), as amended, 53 P.S. § 881.101 et seq.

The West Caln Township Nonuniformed Pension Plan is a single-employer defined benefit pension plan locally controlled by the provisions of Ordinance No. 1-01, adopted pursuant to Act 15.



Board of Township Supervisors West Caln Township Chester County Wagontown, PA 19376

We have conducted a compliance audit of the West Caln Township Nonuniformed Pension Plan for the period January 1, 2006, to December 31, 2008. The audit was conducted pursuant to authority derived from Section 402(j) of Act 205 and in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* applicable to performance audits issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform our audit to obtain sufficient, appropriate evidence to provide a reasonable basis for our findings and conclusions based on our audit objectives. We believe that the evidence obtained provides a reasonable basis for our findings and conclusions based on our audit objectives.

The objectives of the audit were:

- 1. To determine if municipal officials took appropriate corrective action to address the finding contained in our prior audit report; and
- 2. To determine if the pension plan was administered in compliance with applicable state laws, regulations, contracts, administrative procedures, and local ordinances and policies.

Our audit was limited to the areas related to the objectives identified above. The West Caln Township Nonuniformed Pension Plan participates in the Pennsylvania Municipal Retirement System (PMRS), which is an agent multiple-employer public employee retirement system that acts as a common investment and administrative agent for participating municipal pension plans. PMRS issues a separate Comprehensive Annual Financial Report, copies of which are available from the PMRS accounting office. PMRS's financial statements were not audited by us and, accordingly, we express no opinion or other form of assurance on them.

Township officials are responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure to provide reasonable assurance that the West Caln Township Nonuniformed Pension Plan is administered in compliance with applicable state laws, regulations, contracts, administrative procedures, and local ordinances and policies. To assist us in planning and performing our audit, we obtained an understanding of the township's internal control structure as it relates to the township's compliance with those requirements. Additionally, we tested transactions, assessed official actions, performed analytical procedures and interviewed selected officials to the extent necessary to satisfy the audit objectives.

The results of our tests indicated that, in all significant respects, the West Caln Township Nonuniformed Pension Plan was administered in compliance with applicable state laws, regulations, contracts, administrative procedures, and local ordinances and policies, except as noted in the following findings further discussed later in this report:

- Finding No. 1 Noncompliance With Prior Audit Recommendation Incorrect Data Supplied To Actuary For Actuarial Valuation Report Preparation
- Finding No. 2 Incorrect Data On Certification Form AG 385 Resulting In An Overpayment Of State Aid
- Finding No. 3 Failure To Properly Determine The Minimum Municipal Obligation Of The Plan

The accompanying supplementary information is presented for purposes of additional analysis. We did not audit the information and, accordingly, express no form of assurance on it.

The contents of this report were discussed with officials of West Caln Township and, where appropriate, their responses have been included in the report.

May 29, 2009

JACK WAGNER Auditor General

WEST CALN TOWNSHIP NONUNIFORMED PENSION PLAN STATUS OF PRIOR FINDING

Noncompliance With Prior Audit Recommendation

West Caln Township has not complied with the prior audit recommendation concerning the following as further discussed in the Findings and Recommendations section of this report:

· Incorrect Data Supplied To Actuary For Actuarial Valuation Report Preparation

<u>Finding No. 1 – Noncompliance With Prior Audit Recommendation – Incorrect Data Supplied</u> To Actuary For Actuarial Valuation Report Preparation

Condition: As disclosed in the prior audit report, actuarial valuation report form PC-203C, with a valuation date of January 1, 2005, submitted to the Public Employee Retirement Commission (PERC), contained incorrect information. During the current audit period, actuarial valuation report form PC-203C, with a valuation date of January 1, 2007, submitted to the PERC, contained the same incorrect information. The information was based on data supplied by the municipality to the plan's actuary.

The municipality supplied the following incorrect information to the plan's actuary:

Normal Retirement is stated in form PC-203C, Section IV, Presentation of Benefit Plan Provisions as "Available upon attainment of age 65 with 5 years of credited service." However, the pension plan agreement signed with PMRS on February 26, 2001, Section 2, Superannuation Retirement states "Eligibility for a superannuation retirement shall occur upon the member's attainment of 65 years of age or older and the completion of at least ten (10) years of credited service."

Criteria: Section 201(d) of Act 205 states:

Responsibility for preparation and filing of reports and investigations. The actuarial valuation report or experience investigation required pursuant to subsection (a) shall be prepared under the supervision and at the discretion of the chief administrative officer of the municipality, who shall be responsible for the filing of the document. The actuarial valuation report or experience investigation shall be signed by the chief administrative officer, indicating that to the extent of the understanding and knowledge of the officer, the report or investigation represents a true and accurate portrayal of the actuarial, financial and demographic condition of the pension plan of the municipality.

<u>Cause</u>: Plan officials failed to establish adequate internal control procedures to ensure compliance with the prior audit recommendation.

<u>Effect</u>: Because the municipality's state aid allocation is determined, in part, by the information contained in the actuarial valuation report, the submission of incorrect data to the actuary may have resulted in the municipality receiving an incorrect allocation of state aid.

Finding No. 1 – (Continued)

In addition, since the information contained in the actuarial valuation report is used to determine the municipality's minimum municipal obligation (MMO), the incorrect data may have resulted in an erroneous MMO calculation.

<u>Recommendation</u>: We again recommend that, in the future, plan officials review and verify all information submitted to and received from the plan's actuary so that future actuarial valuation reports properly reflect the status of the pension plan.

Management's Response: Municipal officials agreed with the finding without exception.

<u>Finding No. 2 – Incorrect Data On Certification Form AG 385 Resulting In An Overpayment</u> Of State Aid

<u>Condition</u>: The township certified one ineligible nonuniformed employee and overstated payroll by \$26,771 in 2007, and certified one ineligible nonuniformed employee and overstated payroll by \$31,653 in 2008 on Certification Form AG 385.

<u>Criteria</u>: Pursuant to Act 205, at Section 402(e)(2), in order to be eligible for certification, an employee must have been employed on a full-time basis for at least six consecutive months and must have been participating in a pension plan during the certification year.

<u>Cause</u>: Plan officials were unaware of the applicable Act 205 guidelines for the certification of eligible employees.

Effect: The data submitted on these certification forms is used, in part, to calculate the state aid due to the municipality for distribution to its pension plan. In 2007, the township's state aid allocation was based on pension costs. The township received \$18,084 in state aid but should have received an allocation based on unit value in the amount of \$16,032, resulting in overpayment of \$2,052. In 2008, the township's state aid allocation was based on pension costs. The township received \$22,964 in state aid but should have received an allocation based on pension costs in the amount of \$20,653 resulting in overpayment of \$2,311. Therefore, the total overpayment of state aid for the years 2007 and 2008 was \$4,363.

In addition, because the township used the overpayments of state aid to pay the minimum municipal obligations due to the nonuniformed pension plan, if the reimbursement to the Commonwealth is made from the pension plan, the plan's MMOs will not be fully paid.

Finding No. 2 – (Continued)

Recommendation: We recommend that the total excess state aid, in the amount of \$4,363, be returned to the Commonwealth. A check in this amount, with interest compounded annually from date of receipt to date of repayment, at a rate earned by the pension plan, should be made payable to: Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and mailed to: Department of the Auditor General, Municipal Pension & Fire Relief Programs Unit, 1205 Pittsburgh State Office Building, 300 Liberty Avenue, Pittsburgh, PA 15222. A copy of the interest calculation must be submitted along with the check.

We also recommend that, in the future, plan officials comply with the instructions that accompany Certification Form AG 385 to assist them in accurately reporting the required pension data.

In addition, if the reimbursement to the Commonwealth is made from nonuniformed pension plan funds, we recommend that any resulting MMO deficiencies be paid to the pension plan with interest, at a rate earned by the pension plan.

Management's Response: Municipal officials agreed with the finding without exception.

<u>Finding No. 3 – Failure To Properly Determine The Minimum Municipal Obligation Of The Plan</u>

<u>Condition</u>: Plan officials did not properly determine the minimum municipal obligation (MMO) of the nonuniformed pension plan for the year 2009, as required by Act 205. The MMO determined by the municipality understated payroll by \$70,042. Based upon an estimate prepared by this department, the municipality underestimated the 2009 MMO by \$5,071.

Criteria: With regard to the MMO, Section 302(c) of Act 205 states, in part:

Annually, the chief administrative officer of the pension plan shall determine the minimum obligation of the municipality with respect to the pension plan for the following plan year.

Finding No. 3 – (Continued)

With regard to the payroll estimate used in the preparation of the MMO, the Pennsylvania Code, Title 16, Section 204.1(c)(1) states, in part:

The payroll used in determining the minimum municipal obligation of a pension plan under section 302(c) of the act shall be based on the payroll to be reported on the Internal Revenue Service Form W-2 and shall be calculated as the total payroll for active members of the plan as of the date of the determination, plus the payroll for the same active members of the plan projected to the year's end using the payroll rates in effect as of the date of the determination.

Section 302(d) of Act 205 states, in part:

The minimum obligation of the municipality shall be payable to the pension plan from the revenue of the municipality.

Furthermore, Section 302(e) of Act 205 states, in part:

Any amount of the minimum obligation of the municipality which remains unpaid as of December 31 of the year in which the minimum obligation is due shall be added to the minimum obligation of the municipality for the following year, with interest from January 1 of the year in which the minimum obligation was first due until the date the payment is paid. . . .

<u>Cause</u>: Plan officials failed to establish adequate internal control procedures to ensure the plan's MMO was properly determined.

<u>Effect</u>: The proper determination of the plan's MMO ensures plan officials can properly allocate the necessary resources to the pension plan for the upcoming year. The failure to fully pay the MMO could result in the plan not having adequate resources to meet current and future benefit obligations to its members.

<u>Recommendation</u>: We recommend that plan officials adjust the 2009 MMO determination and fund the plan in accordance with Act 205 requirements.

Furthermore, we recommend that, in the future, plan officials properly determine the amount of payroll to be used in the MMO calculation.

Management's Response: Municipal officials agreed with the finding without exception.

WEST CALN TOWNSHIP NONUNIFORMED PENSION PLAN SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (UNAUDITED)

SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS

Historical trend information about the plan is presented herewith as supplementary information. It is intended to help users assess the plan's funding status on a going-concern basis, assess progress made in accumulating assets to pay benefits when due, and make comparisons with other state and local government retirement systems.

The actuarial information is required by Act 205 biennially, except for distressed pension plans, for which annual reporting was required through January 1, 2003. The historical information, beginning as of January 1, 2003, is as follows:

	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
						Unfunded
			Unfunded			(Assets in
		Actuarial	(Assets in			Excess of)
		Accrued	Excess of)			Actuarial
	Actuarial	Liability	Actuarial			Accrued
Actuarial	Value of	(AAL) -	Accrued	Funded	Covered	Liability as a %
Valuation	Assets	Entry Age	Liability	Ratio	Payroll	of Payroll
Date	(a)	(b)	(b) - (a)	(a)/(b)	(c)	[(b-a)/(c)]
01-01-03	\$ 361,739	\$ 356,206	\$ (5,533)	101.6%	\$ 234,369	(2.4%)
01-01-05	439,785	450,953	11,168	97.5%	229,507	4.9%
01-01-07	513,028	508,121	(4,907)	101.0%	263,311	(1.9%)

WEST CALN TOWNSHIP NONUNIFORMED PENSION PLAN SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (UNAUDITED)

The comparability of trend information is affected by changes in actuarial assumptions, benefit provisions, actuarial funding methods, accounting policies, and other changes. Those changes usually affect trends in contribution requirements and in ratios that use the actuarial accrued liability as a factor.

Analysis of the dollar amount of the actuarial value of assets, actuarial accrued liability, and unfunded (assets in excess of) actuarial accrued liability in isolation can be misleading. Expressing the actuarial value of assets as a percentage of the actuarial accrued liability (Column 4) provides one indication of the plan's funding status on a going-concern basis. Analysis of this percentage, over time, indicates whether the system is becoming financially stronger or weaker. Generally, the greater this percentage, the stronger the plan.

Trends in unfunded (assets in excess of) actuarial accrued liability and annual covered payroll are both affected by inflation. Expressing the unfunded (assets in excess of) actuarial accrued liability as a percentage of annual covered payroll (Column 6) approximately adjusts for the effects of inflation and aids analysis of the plan's progress made in accumulating sufficient assets to pay benefits when due. Generally, where there is an unfunded actuarial accrued liability, the smaller this percentage, the stronger the plan. However, when assets are in excess of the actuarial accrued liability, the higher the bracketed percentage, the stronger the plan.

WEST CALN TOWNSHIP NONUNIFORMED PENSION PLAN SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (UNAUDITED)

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS FROM EMPLOYER AND OTHER CONTRIBUTING ENTITIES

Year Ended December 31	Annual Required Contribution	Percentage Contributed
2003	\$ 13,029	106.8%
2004	14,777	100.0%
2005	13,492	105.2%
2006	16,190	111.5%
2007	19,438	100.2%
2008	23,463	100.1%

WEST CALN TOWNSHIP NONUNIFORMED PENSION PLAN SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION NOTES TO SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULES (UNAUDITED)

The information presented in the required supplementary schedules was determined as part of the actuarial valuation at the date indicated. Additional information as of the latest actuarial valuation date follows:

Actuarial valuation date January 1, 2007

Actuarial cost method Entry age normal

Amortization method N/A

Remaining amortization period N/A

Asset valuation method Fair value

Actuarial assumptions:

Investment rate of return 6.0%, net of expenses

Projected salary increases * 4.5%

* Includes inflation at 3.0%

Cost-of-living adjustments 3.0%, where applicable



WEST CALN TOWNSHIP NONUNIFORMED PENSION PLAN REPORT DISTRIBUTION LIST

This report was initially distributed to the following:

The Honorable Edward G. Rendell Governor Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

West Caln Township Nonuniformed Pension Plan Chester County P. O. Box 175 Wagontown, PA 19376

Mr. Paul E. Pfitzenmeyer Chairman, Board of Township Supervisors

Mr. Gary L. Dunlap Township Manager

Mr. Benjamin F. Mader Pennsylvania Municipal Retirement System

This report is a matter of public record. Copies of this report may be obtained from the Pennsylvania Department of the Auditor General, Office of Communications, Room 318 Finance Building, Harrisburg, PA 17120. If you have any questions regarding this report or any other matter, you may contact the Department of the Auditor General by accessing our website at www.auditorgen.state.pa.us.