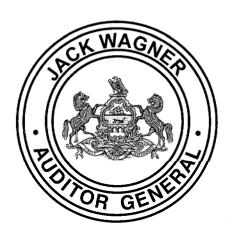
# WYOMING BOROUGH POLICE PENSION PLAN LUZERNE COUNTY

COMPLIANCE AUDIT REPORT

FOR THE PERIOD

JANUARY 1, 2004, TO DECEMBER 31, 2006



# WYOMING BOROUGH POLICE PENSION PLAN LUZERNE COUNTY

COMPLIANCE AUDIT REPORT
FOR THE PERIOD

**JANUARY 1, 2004, TO DECEMBER 31, 2006** 

#### CONTENTS

	<u>Page</u>
Background	1
Letter from the Auditor General	3
Status of Prior Findings	5
Findings and Recommendations:	
Finding No. 1 – Noncompliance With Prior Audit Recommendation – Failure To Provide An Intervening Military Service Credit Provision In Accordance With Act 600	6
Finding No. 2 – Noncompliance With Prior Audit Recommendation – Failure To Fully Pay The Minimum Municipal Obligation Of The Plan	6
Finding No. 3 – Incorrect Data On Certification Form AG 385 Resulting In An Overpayment Of State Aid	8
Supplementary Information	10
Report Distribution List	15

#### **BACKGROUND**

On December 18, 1984, the Pennsylvania Legislature adopted the Municipal Pension Plan Funding Standard and Recovery Act (P.L. 1005, No. 205, as amended, 53 P.S. § 895.101 et seq.). The act established mandatory actuarial reporting and funding requirements and a uniform basis for the distribution of state aid to Pennsylvania's public pension plans. Section 402(j) of Act 205 specifically requires the Auditor General, as deemed necessary, to make an audit of every municipality which receives general municipal pension system State aid and of every municipal pension plan and fund in which general municipal pension system State aid is deposited.

Pension plan aid is provided from a 2 percent foreign casualty insurance premium tax, a portion of the foreign fire insurance tax designated for paid firefighters and any investment income earned on the collection of these taxes. Generally, municipal pension plans established prior to December 18, 1984, are eligible for state aid. For municipal pension plans established after that date, the sponsoring municipality must fund the plan for three plan years before it becomes eligible for state aid. In accordance with Act 205, a municipality's annual state aid allocation cannot exceed its actual pension costs.

In addition to Act 205, the Wyoming Borough Police Pension Plan is also governed by implementing regulations adopted by the Public Employee Retirement Commission published at Title 16, Part IV of the Pennsylvania Code and applicable provisions of various other state statutes including, but not limited to, the following:

Act 600 - Police Pension Fund Act, Act of May 29, 1956 (P.L. 1804, No. 600), as amended, 53 P.S. § 761 et seq.

The Wyoming Borough Police Pension Plan is a single-employer defined benefit pension plan locally controlled by the provisions of an ordinance dated February 16, 2004, as amended, adopted pursuant to Act 600. The plan is also affected by the provisions of collective bargaining agreements between the borough and its police officers.



The Honorable Mayor and Borough Council Wyoming Borough Luzerne County Wyoming, PA 18644

We have conducted a compliance audit of the Wyoming Borough Police Pension Plan for the period January 1, 2004, to December 31, 2006. The audit was conducted pursuant to authority derived from Section 402(j) of Act 205 and in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

The objectives of the audit were:

- 1. To determine if municipal officials took appropriate corrective action to address the findings contained in our prior audit report; and
- 2. To determine if the pension plan was administered in compliance with applicable state laws, regulations, contracts, administrative procedures, and local ordinances and policies.

Our audit was limited to the areas related to the objectives identified above. Wyoming Borough contracted with an independent certified public accounting firm for annual audits of its primary government financial statements which are available at the borough's offices. Those financial statements were not audited by us and, accordingly, we express no opinion or other form of assurance on them.

The Department of the Auditor General (Department) is mandated by state statute to calculate state aid provided to municipal pension funds and to audit municipal pension funds having received such aid. State aid is calculated by an administrative unit that is not involved in the audit process. The Department's Comptroller Office then pre-audits the calculation and submits requests to the Commonwealth's Treasury Department for the disbursement of state aid to the municipality. The Department has implemented procedures to ensure that Department audit personnel are not directly involved in the calculation and disbursement processes. The Department's mandatory responsibilities are being disclosed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*.

Borough officials are responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure to provide reasonable assurance that the Wyoming Borough Police Pension Plan is administered in compliance with applicable state laws, regulations, contracts, administrative procedures, and local ordinances and policies. To assist us in planning and performing our audit, we obtained an understanding of the borough's internal control structure as it relates to the borough's compliance with those requirements. Additionally, we tested transactions, assessed official actions, performed analytical procedures and interviewed selected officials to the extent necessary to satisfy the audit objectives.

The results of our tests indicated that, in all significant respects, the Wyoming Borough Police Pension Plan was administered in compliance with applicable state laws, regulations, contracts, administrative procedures, and local ordinances and policies, except as noted in the following findings further discussed later in this report:

- Finding No. 1 Noncompliance With Prior Audit Recommendation Failure
  To Provide An Intervening Military Service Credit Provision
  In Accordance With Act 600
- Finding No. 2 Noncompliance With Prior Audit Recommendation Failure To Fully Pay The Minimum Municipal Obligation Of The Plan
- Finding No. 3 Incorrect Data On Certification Form AG 385 Resulting In An Overpayment Of State Aid

The accompanying supplementary information is presented for purposes of additional analysis. We did not audit the information and, accordingly, express no form of assurance on it.

The contents of this report were discussed with officials of Wyoming Borough and, where appropriate, their responses have been included in the report.

December 19, 2007

JACK WAGNER Auditor General

# WYOMING BOROUGH POLICE PENSION PLAN STATUS OF PRIOR FINDINGS

#### Noncompliance With Prior Audit Recommendations

Wyoming Borough has not complied with the prior audit recommendations concerning the following as further discussed in the Findings and Recommendations section of this report:

- · Failure To Provide An Intervening Military Service Credit Provision In Accordance With Act 600
- · Failure To Fully Pay The Minimum Municipal Obligation Of The Plan

<u>Finding No. 1 – Noncompliance With Prior Audit Recommendation – Failure To Provide An</u>
<u>Intervening Military Service Credit Provision In Accordance With Act 600</u>

<u>Condition</u>: As disclosed in our prior audit report, the pension plan's governing document, an ordinance dated February 16, 2004, as amended, fails to contain a provision to provide members with credit for intervening military service as mandated by Act 600.

Criteria: Section 4(a) of Act 600 states:

Any member of the police force employed by a borough, town, township or regional police department, who has been a regularly appointed employe of any such political subdivision or regional police department for a period of at least six months and who thereafter shall enter into the military service of the United States, shall have credited to his employment record for pension or retirement benefits all of the time spent by him in such military service, if such person returns or has heretofore returned to his employment within six months after his separation from the service.

<u>Cause</u>: Plan officials have failed to adopt adequate internal control procedures to ensure compliance with the prior audit recommendation.

<u>Effect</u>: Maintaining a benefit structure which is not in compliance with Act 600 could result in plan members or their beneficiaries receiving incorrect benefit amounts or being denied benefits to which they are statutorily entitled.

<u>Recommendation</u>: We again recommend that municipal officials, after consulting with their solicitor, take whatever action is necessary to bring the police pension plan's benefit structure into compliance with Act 600, as amended, at their earliest opportunity to do so.

Management's Response: Municipal officials agreed with the finding without exception.

# <u>Finding No. 2 – Noncompliance With Prior Audit Recommendation – Failure To Fully Pay The Minimum Municipal Obligation Of The Plan</u>

<u>Condition</u>: As disclosed in our prior audit report, the municipality did not fully pay the minimum municipal obligation (MMO) that was due to the police pension plan for the years 2004 and 2006, as required by Act 205. The municipality has a total unpaid MMO balance of \$3,924.

Finding No. 2 – (Continued)

<u>Criteria</u>: With regard to the MMO, Section 302(c) of Act 205 states, in part:

Annually, the chief administrative officer of the pension plan shall determine the minimum obligation of the municipality with respect to the pension plan for the following plan year.

Section 302(d) of Act 205 states, in part:

The minimum obligation of the municipality shall be payable to the pension plan from the revenue of the municipality.

Furthermore, Section 302(e) of Act 205 states, in part:

Any amount of the minimum obligation of the municipality which remains unpaid as of December 31 of the year in which the minimum obligation is due shall be added to the minimum obligation of the municipality for the following year, with interest from January 1 of the year in which the minimum obligation was first due until the date the payment is paid. . . .

<u>Cause</u>: Plan officials have failed to adopt adequate internal control procedures to ensure compliance with the prior audit recommendation.

<u>Effect</u>: The failure to fully pay the MMO could result in the plan not having adequate resources to meet current and future benefit obligations to its members.

Due to the municipality's failure to fully pay the 2004 and 2006 MMOs by the December 31, deadlines, the municipality must add the 2004 and 2006 MMO balances to the current year's MMO and include interest, as required by Act 205.

<u>Recommendation</u>: We again recommend that the municipality pay the MMO due to the police pension plan for the years 2004 and 2006, with interest, in accordance with Section 302(e) of Act 205. A copy of the interest calculation must be maintained by the borough for examination during our next audit of the plan.

Furthermore, we recommend that plan officials establish and implement adequate internal control procedures to ensure the plan's MMO is paid in accordance with Act 205 requirements.

Management's Response: Municipal officials agreed with the finding without exception.

## <u>Finding No. 3 – Incorrect Data On Certification Form AG 385 Resulting In An Overpayment Of State Aid</u>

<u>Condition</u>: The borough certified 1 ineligible police officer (2 units) and overstated payroll by \$7,461 in 2006 on Certification Form AG 385.

<u>Criteria</u>: Pursuant to Act 205, at Section 402(e)(2), in order to be eligible for certification, an employee must have been employed on a full-time basis for at least six consecutive months and must have been participating in a pension plan during the certification year.

<u>Cause</u>: Plan officials were unaware of the applicable Act 205 guidelines for the certification of eligible employees.

<u>Effect</u>: The data submitted on this certification form is used, in part, to calculate the state aid due to the municipality for distribution to its pension plan. Since the borough's state aid allocation was based on pension costs, the effect of the incorrect certification of pension data on the borough's state aid allocation is identified below:

Normal	Payroll	State Aid
Cost	Overstated	Overpayment
9.739%	\$7,461	\$727

In addition, since the borough used the overpayment of state aid to pay the minimum municipal obligation (MMO) due to the police pension plan, if the reimbursement to the Commonwealth is made from the pension plan, the plan's MMO will not be fully paid.

<u>Recommendation</u>: We recommend that the total excess state aid, in the amount of \$727, be returned to the Commonwealth. A check in this amount, with interest compounded annually from date of receipt to date of repayment, at a rate earned by the pension plan, should be made payable to: Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and mailed to: Department of the Auditor General, Municipal Pension & Fire Relief Programs Unit, 1205 Pittsburgh State Office Building, 300 Liberty Avenue, Pittsburgh, PA 15222. A copy of the interest calculation must be submitted along with the check.

#### Finding No. 3 – (Continued)

We also recommend that, in the future, plan officials comply with the instructions that accompany Certification Form AG 385 to assist them in accurately reporting the required pension data.

In addition, if the reimbursement to the Commonwealth is made from police pension plan funds, we recommend that any resulting MMO deficiency be paid to the pension plan with interest, at a rate earned by the pension plan.

Management's Response: Municipal officials agreed with the finding without exception.

#### WYOMING BOROUGH POLICE PENSION PLAN SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (UNAUDITED)

#### SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS

Historical trend information about the plan is presented herewith as supplementary information. It is intended to help users assess the plan's funding status on a going-concern basis, assess progress made in accumulating assets to pay benefits when due, and make comparisons with other state and local government retirement systems.

The actuarial information is required by Act 205 biennially, except for distressed pension plans, for which annual reporting was required through January 1, 2003. The historical information, beginning as of January 1, 2001, is as follows:

	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
						Unfunded
			Unfunded			(Assets in
		Actuarial	(Assets in			Excess of)
		Accrued	Excess of)			Actuarial
	Actuarial	Liability	Actuarial			Accrued
Actuarial	Value of	(AAL) -	Accrued	Funded	Covered	Liability as a %
Valuation	Assets	Entry Age	Liability	Ratio	Payroll	of Payroll
Date	(a)	(b)	(b) - (a)	(a)/(b)	(c)	[(b-a)/(c)]
01-01-01	\$ 802,646	\$ 591,148	\$ (211,498)	135.8%	\$ 208,770	(101.3%)
01-01-03	746,808	796,280	49,472	93.8%	217,657	22.7%
01-01-05	977,812	907,646	(70,166)	107.7%	218,038	(32.2%)

#### WYOMING BOROUGH POLICE PENSION PLAN SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (UNAUDITED)

The comparability of trend information is affected by changes in actuarial assumptions, benefit provisions, actuarial funding methods, accounting policies, and other changes. Those changes usually affect trends in contribution requirements and in ratios that use the actuarial accrued liability as a factor.

Analysis of the dollar amount of the actuarial value of assets, actuarial accrued liability, and unfunded (assets in excess of) actuarial accrued liability in isolation can be misleading. Expressing the actuarial value of assets as a percentage of the actuarial accrued liability (Column 4) provides one indication of the plan's funding status on a going-concern basis. Analysis of this percentage, over time, indicates whether the system is becoming financially stronger or weaker. Generally, the greater this percentage, the stronger the plan.

Trends in unfunded (assets in excess of) actuarial accrued liability and annual covered payroll are both affected by inflation. Expressing the unfunded (assets in excess of) actuarial accrued liability as a percentage of annual covered payroll (Column 6) approximately adjusts for the effects of inflation and aids analysis of the plan's progress made in accumulating sufficient assets to pay benefits when due. Generally, where there is an unfunded actuarial accrued liability, the smaller this percentage, the stronger the plan. However, when assets are in excess of the actuarial accrued liability, the higher the bracketed percentage, the stronger the plan.

#### WYOMING BOROUGH POLICE PENSION PLAN SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (UNAUDITED)

# SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS FROM EMPLOYER AND OTHER CONTRIBUTING ENTITIES

Year Ended December 31	Annual Required Contribution	Percentage Contributed
2001	None	N/A
2002	None	N/A
2003	\$ 534	211.4%
2004	23,063	87.7%
2005	23,129	111.5%
2006	12,972	91.6%

#### WYOMING BOROUGH POLICE PENSION PLAN SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION NOTES TO SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULES (UNAUDITED)

The information presented in the required supplementary schedules was determined as part of the actuarial valuation at the date indicated. Additional information as of the latest actuarial valuation date follows:

Actuarial valuation date January 1, 2005

Actuarial cost method Entry age normal

Amortization method N/A

Remaining amortization period N/A

Asset valuation method Fair value

Actuarial assumptions:

Investment rate of return 8.0%

Projected salary increases 5.0%



### WYOMING BOROUGH POLICE PENSION PLAN REPORT DISTRIBUTION LIST

This report was initially distributed to the following:

The Honorable Edward G. Rendell Governor Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

Wyoming Borough Police Pension Plan Luzerne County 277 Wyoming Avenue Wyoming, PA 18644

The Honorable Robert Boyer Mayor

Mr. Robert Guilford Council President

Ms. Patricia Carter Borough Manager

This report is a matter of public record. Copies of this report may be obtained from the Pennsylvania Department of the Auditor General, Office of Communications, Room 318 Finance Building, Harrisburg, PA 17120. If you have any questions regarding this report or any other matter, you may contact the Department of the Auditor General by accessing our website at www.auditorgen.state.pa.us.