

Compliance Audit
of the
Commonwealth of Pennsylvania
Department of Public Welfare
Medicaid Eligibility

Elk County Assistance Office

Audit Period
January 1, 2005 to December 1, 2006



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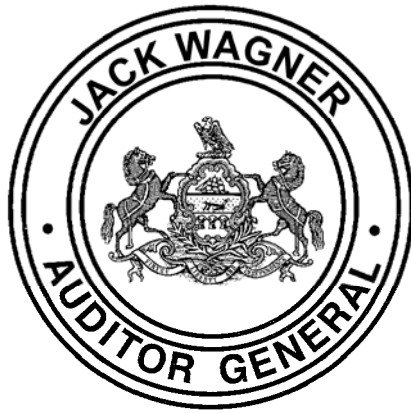
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Report of Independent Auditors on Compliance

The Honorable Edward G. Rendell
Governor
Commonwealth Of Pennsylvania
Harrisburg, Pennsylvania 17120

Dear Governor Rendell:

We have conducted a compliance audit of the Elk County Assistance Office (CAO) pursuant to the authority of Title 55, Chapter 109 of the Pennsylvania Code. The audit period was January 1, 2005 through December 1, 2006. The objectives of our audit were:

- 1) To determine whether the CAO made proper eligibility determinations for recipients of Medicaid based on Department of Public Welfare (DPW) policies and procedures, while evaluating the CAO's implementation of the Medicaid Eligibility Determination Automation (MEDA) system; and
- 2) To determine whether the CAO obtained and properly recorded all third-party liability in the Client Information System.

When recipients are not eligible for Medicaid, the cost to Pennsylvania taxpayers of the resulting improper payments could be significant. For individuals in a managed care organization (MCO), a set monthly capitation fee is paid to the MCO even if the recipient did not receive services during the period of ineligibility. For individuals not in a MCO, the amount of improper payments depends on the types of services, such as prescriptions, hospitalization, dental services, and other medical services received by individuals during periods of ineligibility.

A burden of improper Medicaid payments to taxpayers also occurs when CAOs do not obtain and record sources of existing Third Party Liability (TPL) insurance into the system. Medicaid law states that Medicaid funds should not be paid for services covered by TPL insurance - in other words, Medicaid funds should only be paid as a last resort when other sources are not

Report of Independent Auditors on Compliance (Continued)

available. When CAOs do not obtain and record sources of existing TPL insurance into the system, DPW's Medicaid payment system is unaware of the TPL insurance and pays for services or pays capitation fees that should not be paid with Medicaid funds.

Our audit resulted in the following finding.

Finding - Failure To Obtain And/Or Properly Record All Third Party Liability On The Client Information System

During the June 19, 2007 exit conference, we reviewed this finding and recommendations with the Elk CAO representatives. We have included the CAO and DPW comments, where applicable, in this report.

Sincerely,

JACK WAGNER
Auditor General

December 19, 2007

**Commonwealth of Pennsylvania
Department of Public Welfare
Elk County Assistance Office**

BACKGROUND INFORMATION

Background Information

The Department of Public Welfare (DPW) is responsible for the administration of public assistance benefits to needy recipients in Pennsylvania. Benefits include cash assistance, food stamps and Medicaid. Cash assistance is grant money which falls into two categories: Temporary Assistance to Needy Families (TANF), a federally-funded program which provides money to families with dependent children who are needy because financial support is not available from one or both parents, and General Assistance (GA), a state-funded program which provides money primarily to single individuals and childless couples who do not have enough income to meet their basic needs and who do not qualify for TANF. The Food Stamp program is designed to offer assistance to low-income households in order to raise their level of nutrition. It is federally funded and operated jointly by the U.S. Department of Agriculture, Food and Nutrition Service, and DPW. Medicaid is the federal health care program for families and individuals with low income and resources. It is funded jointly by both the state and the federal government. DPW administers the program while the federal Centers for Medicare and Medicaid establishes requirements for service delivery, quality and eligibility standards.

Eligibility determinations are based on federal and state regulations specifying which individuals qualify for a program and the amounts for which they qualify. The Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) contains the applicable federal regulations. The Pennsylvania Code, which includes DPW's Cash Assistance Handbook, Medicaid Eligibility Handbook and Supplemental Handbook contain the applicable state regulations.

Once an applicant is determined eligible for benefits, relevant information about the recipient is recorded and maintained in DPW's Client Information System (CIS), where benefit information is maintained based on eligibility status and category of aid. The CAO performs a "renewal", or annual review, to determine continued eligibility for benefits.

The CAO personnel utilize DPW's Income Eligibility Verification System (IEVS) to compare income and resource information on the application with income and resource information obtained from outside sources. IEVS is updated quarterly with information from several sources including wage information from the Social Security Administration, and tax and unearned income information from the Internal Revenue Service. This new information could affect a recipient's eligibility for benefits, however caseworkers are not always required to review it.

Background Information

Caseworkers are not required to review all new information until a recipient renews his/her application, which occurs annually. Caseworkers receive an alert when they are required to review new information. However, the only instance when caseworkers receive an alert is when wage information is sent from a new or additional employer. As a result, increases in income from ongoing employment are not required to be reviewed until the annual renewal date. Consequently, information that may affect eligibility is not considered in the majority of cases until the recipient's annual renewal is due.

DPW recently implemented the Medicaid Eligibility Determination Automation (MEDA) system which was designed to automatically determine the level of Medicaid coverage based on demographic, resource and income information entered by the caseworker. Prior to this implementation, the caseworker made manual calculations to determine Medicaid eligibility.



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OBJECTIVES, SCOPE AND METHODOLOGY

Objectives, Scope And Methodology

To achieve our audit objectives regarding eligibility we obtained a quarterly data file from the Department of Public Welfare of all recipients determined by the CAOs to be eligible for Medicaid benefits as of June 30, 2006. We selected a random sample of 176 cases from the 2,045 cases related to the Elk CAO represented in the data file. Our audit period was January 1, 2005 to December 1, 2006, however in cases where we determined an ineligible individual was receiving Medicaid benefits, we expanded our test work through the last date of his or her ineligibility.

For each case selected in our sample, we tested certain aspects of eligibility and evaluated the CAO's examination and recording of third party liability to determine compliance with DPW regulations, governing laws, and administrative policies. We also tested cases that changed category when they were converted to MEDA to evaluate whether MEDA made the proper category determination.

The criteria we used to test cases in our sample included the Medicaid Eligibility Handbook, the Income Eligibility Verification System (IEVS) Manual, and the Client Information System Manual.

Due to the Internal Revenue Code paragraph 6103 regarding safeguarding of certain tax information, we are not authorized to have access to all information that contains wage and unearned income from the IRS. This scope limitation prevents us from confirming that all resources were included in calculating recipients' eligibility for benefits.

**Commonwealth of Pennsylvania
Department of Public Welfare
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FINDING AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Finding and Recommendations

Our audit testing included 176 out of 2,045 Medicaid cases. Cases where a significant number of deficiencies occurred are discussed in the following finding:

Finding - Failure To Obtain And/Or Properly Record All Third Party Liability On The Client Information System

During our audit we determined that in 47 of the cases we tested, or 27% of our sample, the CAO failed to obtain and/or properly record all third party liability into the Client Information System. Specifically, in 44 of these cases, the recipient's case record included documentation of auto insurance which was not recorded in the Client Information System. In 3 of these cases, an auto was listed as a resource; however documentation of auto insurance was neither contained in the case record, nor listed on the Client Information System.

DPW's claims processing system makes payments to providers based on information found on the Client Information System. If no other insurance information is recorded, it is possible that medical claims will be paid with Medicaid funds, including medical claims and the cost of hospitalization resulting from auto accidents.

The Medicaid Eligibility Handbook, Chapter 338.2, and CFR 433.138 and 433.139 provide criteria to assist the CAO in properly identifying and recording all third party resources.

These deficiencies occurred because:

- The CAO management did not monitor to ensure that third party insurance information was entered into the Client Information System even though this information was contained in the case record.
- The CAO management did not monitor to ensure that third party insurance information was obtained during the application and renewal process.
- The CAO management did not monitor to ensure that auto insurance information was obtained and entered into the Client Information System, even though an auto was listed as a resource.

Finding and Recommendations

Failure to obtain and/or enter all third party liability resources into the Client Information System increases the likelihood that medical claims will be paid by Medicaid, which should be the payor of last resort.

Recommendations

We recommend that CAO Management follow the Medicaid Eligibility Handbook, Chapter 338.2 regarding third party liability to ensure that caseworkers request all third party resources during the application and renewal processes and enter this information into the Client Information System. Also, DPW should revise current policy to require recipients to show evidence of auto insurance when an auto is listed as a resource.

Management Response

CAO Management stated that they agree with the finding as presented at the exit conference; however, based on DPW policy clarification dated June 1, 2007, the CAO is no longer required to enter auto TPL into the system.

Auditors Conclusion

Office of Income Maintenance Policy Clarification PMA13745340 did not change our criteria, specifically the Medicaid Eligibility Handbook, Chapter 338.2. We continue to recommend that CAO management refer to the Medicaid Eligibility Handbook, Chapter 338.2, which states, in part, that management must ensure that personnel review third party liability resources at each application and renewal and record the third party resource on the third party liability file. Third party liability resources include auto insurance. Also, Section 42 CFR 433.138 and 433.139 states in part that the agency (DPW) “must take reasonable measures to determine the legal liability of the third parties who are liable. . . under the plan.” Also, that “obtaining health insurance information should be completed at application and renewal” and if eligibility is determined that it (the agency) “must, during the initial application and each renewal process, obtain from the applicant or recipient such health insurance information as would be useful in identifying legally liable third parties resources so that the agency may process claims under the third party liability payment procedures.” Furthermore, we continue to recommend that CAO management ensure that personnel are properly trained to request third party resources during application and renewal and enter third party liability information in the client information system.



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