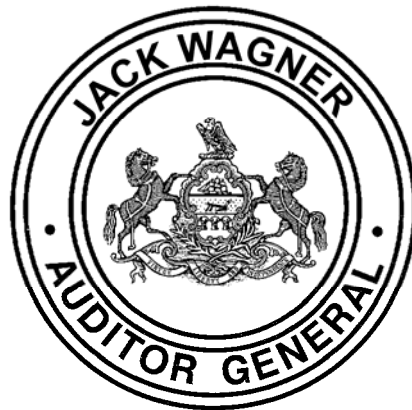


Commonwealth of Pennsylvania  
Department of Public Welfare's  
Medicaid Program

***Fulton County Assistance Office***

Audit Report for the Period  
November 18, 2006 to April 22, 2010





Commonwealth of Pennsylvania  
Department of Public Welfare's  
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## **Report of Independent Auditors**

The Honorable Tom Corbett  
Governor  
Commonwealth of Pennsylvania  
Harrisburg, Pennsylvania 17120

Dear Governor Corbett:

We have conducted an audit of the Fulton County Assistance Office (CAO) pursuant to Section 109.1 of Title 55 of the Pennsylvania Code and Sections 402 and 403 of the Fiscal Code. The audit period was November 18, 2006 through April 22, 2010. The objective of our audit was to determine whether the CAO made proper eligibility determinations for recipients of Medicaid.

When recipients are not eligible for Medicaid, the cost to Pennsylvania taxpayers of the resulting improper payments could be significant. For individuals receiving health care services through a managed care organization (MCO), a set monthly capitation fee is paid to the MCO even if the recipient did not receive services during the period of ineligibility. For individuals not in an MCO, the amount of improper payments depends on the cost of services received by individuals during periods of ineligibility.

Our audit resulted in the following finding.

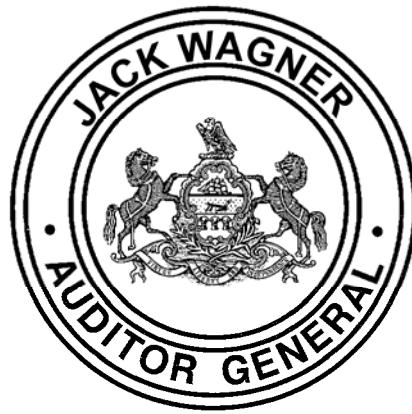
Finding - Failure To Make Proper Medicaid Eligibility Determinations

During the exit conference, we reviewed this finding and recommendations with the Fulton CAO management. We have included the CAO and DPW management comments, where applicable, in this report.

Sincerely,

JACK WAGNER  
Auditor General

July 2, 2012





**Commonwealth of Pennsylvania  
Department of Public Welfare  
Fulton County Assistance Office**

**BACKGROUND INFORMATION**

## ***Background Information***

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Medicaid, also known as DPW's medical assistance program is the federal health care program for families and individuals with low income and resources. It is funded jointly by the state and the federal governments. DPW administers the program while the federal Centers for Medicare and Medicaid (CMS) establishes requirements for service delivery, quality and eligibility standards.

Eligibility determinations are based on federal and state regulations specifying which individuals qualify for a program and the amounts for which they qualify. The Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) contains the applicable federal regulations. The Pennsylvania Code contains the applicable state regulations.

Relevant information about recipients is recorded and maintained in DPW's Client Information System (CIS). This information is used to determine eligibility status and category of aid. The CAO updates information on CIS when new information becomes available.

CAO personnel utilize DPW's Income Eligibility Verification System (IEVS) to compare income and resource information with income and resource information obtained from outside sources. IEVS is updated on a regular basis with information from several sources including wage information from the Department of Labor and Industry, benefit information from the Social Security Administration, and tax and unearned income information from the Internal Revenue Service (IRS). CAO caseworkers are required to review this information at the time of application, when the recipient submits his/her semi-annual reporting (SAR) form and at the annual renewal. Caseworkers receive alerts when they are required to review certain information between the application date, the SAR and at the time of the annual renewal.

**Commonwealth of Pennsylvania  
Department of Public Welfare  
Fulton County Assistance Office**

**OBJECTIVES, SCOPE, AND METHODOLOGY**

## ***Objectives, Scope, And Methodology***

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To achieve our audit objectives regarding eligibility, we obtained a quarterly data file from the Department of Public Welfare of all recipients determined by the CAO to be eligible for Medicaid benefits as of September 30, 2009. We selected a random sample of 131 cases from the 984 cases related to our audit objectives for the Fulton CAO represented in the data file. Our audit period was November 18, 2006 to April 22, 2010; however, in cases where we determined that an ineligible individual was receiving Medicaid benefits, we expanded our test work through the last date of his or her ineligibility.

For each case selected in our sample, we tested certain aspects of eligibility, including income, disability, citizenship and identity, and other non-financial eligibility requirements to determine compliance with DPW regulations and administrative policies.

The criteria we used to test cases in our sample include the Code of Federal Regulations and the Pennsylvania Code, Title 55.

It is DPW's position that current law does not allow DPW to provide all federal and state wage and unearned income information to the Department of the Auditor General. DPW provided us with most, but not all, federal and state wage and unearned income information. DPW did not give us access to IRS-reported wage and income data. This scope limitation prevents us from confirming that all available resources were included in calculating recipients' eligibility for benefits.

**Commonwealth of Pennsylvania  
Department of Public Welfare  
Fulton County Assistance Office**

**FINDING AND RECOMMENDATIONS**

## ***Finding and Recommendations***

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The random sample contained 131 out of 984 Medicaid cases. The following finding addresses areas where deficiencies occurred:

### **Finding - Failure To Make Proper Medicaid Eligibility Determinations**

During our audit we found that CAO management failed to ensure that eligibility requirements were met in 12 of the 131, or 9% of the cases we tested. Recipients in these cases may have been over the income limit. In 10 of these cases, recipients were not eligible for Medicaid benefits, and in 1 additional case the recipients had periods of ineligibility and periods where they were placed in the incorrect category of aid. In 11 of these 12 cases, benefits were paid while the recipients were ineligible. As a result, improper payments of \$35,916 were issued to both managed care organizations and individual providers on behalf of recipients,<sup>1</sup> as shown in Table 1, beginning on page 9 of this report. Specifically, improper payments of \$17,094 were issued to managed care organizations in the form of monthly capitation fees and \$18,822 was paid to providers for medical claims submitted on behalf of recipients. Payments made on behalf of ineligible recipients cannot be recouped by the Commonwealth from MCOs, due to contractual obligations, or from individual providers, who billed the Commonwealth in good faith. Therefore, it is important for DPW to monitor recipients' eligibility, immediately identify ineligible recipients, and stop payment of benefits on their behalf. The lack of proper monitoring increases the risk of payment to an ineligible recipient and creates an atmosphere that could result in potential fraud.

In 1 of the 12 cases, recipients were placed in the incorrect category of aid although they had no periods of ineligibility. Failure to place recipients in the proper category of aid could result in recipients receiving services for which they are not entitled, or being denied services for which they are entitled. Also, because capitation payment amounts vary depending on the category of aid, MCOs could be receiving erroneous capitation payments as a result of a recipient not being placed in the proper category of aid.

Because we do not have access to all wage and unearned income information as noted in our scope limitation described on page 6 of this report, we were not able to ascertain whether CAO personnel utilized all available wage and unearned income information to

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<sup>1</sup> In a fee-for-service environment providers are paid directly for services they provide to recipients. In a managed care environment, contracted managed care organizations are paid a set monthly capitation fee for all members of their organization whether or not members (recipients) received services. The managed care organization is then responsible to pay providers of services.

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## ***Finding and Recommendations***

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determine Medicaid eligibility. As a result, additional improper payments could have been made and not discovered during our audit.

The Medicaid Eligibility Handbook provides criteria to assist the CAO in making proper eligibility determinations.

These improper eligibility determinations occurred because:

- CAO management did not monitor to ensure that recipients applied for Social Security benefits and appealed unfavorable Social Security Administration (SSA) decisions.
- CAO management did not monitor to ensure that income from IEVS alerts was properly reconciled with reported income.
- CAO management did not monitor to ensure that income from IEVS history was properly reconciled with reported income at application and renewals.
- CAO management did not monitor to ensure that income amounts were properly entered on the Client Information System.
- At the time of our audit, DPW's policy did not require a review of income from ongoing employment when the information became available on IEVS. Instead, DPW's policy required that information regarding ongoing employment be reviewed only during a recipient's annual renewal.

**Table 1**

	<b>Audit Sample Number</b>	<b>Ineligibility Period</b>		<b>Benefits Paid</b>
		<b>From</b>	<b>To</b>	
1.	MA-12	11/01/08	04/16/09	\$735.34
2.	MA-18	02/05/07	07/09/07	65.34
3.	MA-23	07/01/08	10/31/08	340.28
		05/01/09	08/31/09	178.12

## ***Finding and Recommendations***

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**Table 1 (continued)**

	Audit Sample Number	Ineligibility Period		Benefits Paid
		From	To	
4.	MA-15	01/01/07	03/31/07	\$71.76
		06/01/07	07/31/07	285.70
		11/01/07	02/06/08	645.16
5.	MA-50	07/16/07	02/22/10	9,464.80
6.	MA-59	06/30/09	03/02/10	3,600.00
7.	MA-66	06/01/09	03/12/10	12,606.66
8.	MA-74	04/03/09	03/12/10	3,135.99
9.	MA-84	05/01/08	05/20/08	62.34
		11/01/08	11/30/08	165.79
		10/01/09	10/31/09	3,686.98
		12/01/09	12/31/09	435.53
10.	MA-94	02/03/10	03/24/10	104.70
11.	MA-108	03/29/10	04/06/10	331.76
	<b>Totals</b>			<b>\$35,916.25</b>

We recommend that:

- CAO management ensure that personnel understand the eligibility requirements pertaining to SSA requirements.
- CAO management ensure that caseworkers properly reconcile reported income with IEVS alerts.
- CAO management ensure that caseworkers properly reconcile reported income with IEVS history at application and renewals.
- CAO management ensure that personnel accurately enter income information into the Client Information System.

Subsequent to the period under review, effective December 14, 2009, DPW management implemented Data Exchange Targeting Logic enhancements to require a review of income from ongoing employment when the information becomes available on IEVS.



## ***Finding and Recommendations***

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During our next audit, we will examine the implementation of these additional procedures to determine whether or not it adequately addresses the deficiencies noted in this report.

### **DPW's Management Response**

DPW disagrees with this finding. DPW, along with the CAO, reviewed the cases that the auditor cited as deficiencies and does not agree with all the exceptions cited as deficiencies for the individual cases. When DPW evaluates for Medicaid, it also evaluates for state-funded General Assistance (GA)-related MA categories. Although the procedures in place during the audit period (which extends back to November 18, 2006) worked well and were effective, it should be noted that since that time additional procedures have been implemented to make the monitoring even better and to further ensure that recipients are meeting eligibility requirements. The following responses to the issues identified by the AG support DPW's position on this finding.

Caseworkers complete a referral to the Disability Advocacy Program (DAP) when a recipient is determined to be disabled for a year or more or if the recipient has applied for Social Security benefits. As part of the DAP process, the client must apply for Social Security benefits. The DAP advocate is a separate CAO caseworker assigned to assist the client in the Social Security Administration (SSA) application and appeal process. When the DAP advocate receives the DAP Form (PA731) from the client's regular caseworker, they enter the required data onto the DAP Client Tracking and Reporting System and schedule an interview with the client. During the interview, the client and advocate must complete an Appointment of Representation Form (SSA 1696-U4). If there are any issues during the application process (for example, the client fails to appear for the SSA application interview), the SSA notifies the DAP advocate. Within 10 days of the notification, the DAP advocate is responsible for scheduling an interview with the client. If the client fails to meet the SSA application requirements, the advocate closes the client's case (Supplemental Handbook Section 820.6 and 820.61).

## ***Finding and Recommendations***

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If the Disability Advocacy Program (DAP) advocate deems that the client does not have a reasonable chance of being determined eligible for Social Security benefits after the initial Social Security denial, the client does not have to continue the appeal process (Supplemental Handbook Section 820.64).

During September of 2008, with the implementation of Workload Dashboard, training was provided to caseworkers that included an extensive review of the IEVS processing procedures. CAO management has the ability to scrutinize the Workload Dashboard of all CAO staff to ensure that IEVS alerts are addressed timely.

Reconciliation of IEVS is reviewed by CAO management when individual cases are transferred, sent to the closed file, or selected for Targeted Supervisory Review (TSR). New caseworkers are required to complete an introduction to IEVS e-learning module which reviews how to view IEVS and when they should be reviewed. During September of 2008, with the implementation of Workload Dashboard, training was provided to caseworkers that included an extensive review of the IEVS processing procedures. With Workload Dashboard, CAO management is better able to screen IEVS reviews.

Caseworkers verify income and/or resources at application, renewal, or when a client reports a change of income and/or resources, and enters the appropriate amounts on CIS. CAO management performs at least three monthly Comprehensive Supervisory Reviews (CSRs) or Targeted Supervisory Review (TSRs) per worker to ensure that caseworkers properly entered the income and/or resource amounts into the system. In addition, new caseworkers, including trainees, are closely monitored to ensure that data entry of all income and/or resource amounts is accurate.

Daily Status D3306 (Data Exchange Targeting Enhancements) was put into effect on December 14, 2009. Under the new enhancements, more alerts or “hits” are received, specifically for MA only budgets. Combined income is reported on all active matched individuals in one budget level hit. Under the new rules, any wage data received for an applicant with 180 days of the application date or any new hire data received for an applicant within 180 days of the application date or any new hire data

## ***Finding and Recommendations***

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received for an applicant within 90 days of the application date will post a hit. Any Unemployment Compensation (UC) data received for an applicant will post a hit when the most recent UC check is within 90 days of the application date. Individual hits will post when the combined earned income of all active matched individuals increases by more than \$100 per month, or when UC income of all active matched individuals increases by more than \$50 per month.

Workload Dashboard was introduced during September of 2008, providing Income Maintenance Caseworkers (IMCWs) and CAO management with a system that more easily allows for tracking of applications and maintenance requirements on case records.

Supervisors are required to review three records per worker every month to ensure that all factors of eligibility are addressed. Management will ensure that reviews occur and areas of concern are addressed.

Supervisors hold monthly meetings to review findings from previous audits and to review policy with IMCWs to ensure that the audit findings are addressed. Supervisors also hold individual monthly conferences to review each worker's Comprehensive Supervisory Review (CSR) results and to offer additional individual training to ensure that compliance with policy is maintained.

The procedures for providing assistance to recipients when applying for and obtaining Social Security Administration (SSA) benefits as described in DPW's response to this finding will be reviewed with IMCWs to assure that DPW policy is followed.

CAO management has placed more emphasis on scanning/imaging of all documentation in an attempt to cut down on misplaced or repetitive verification. This also allows IMCWs at different CAOs to view verification that may have been previously been submitted in another county.

## ***Finding and Recommendations***

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Desk guides are available for caseworkers and OIM staff on the following:

- Reporting requirements (Semi-Annual Reporting) for all budgets
- Income and Eligibility Verification System (IEVS) desk guide
- U. S. Citizenship and Identity desk guide
- Medical Eligibility Determination Automation (MEDA) desk references

### **Auditor's Conclusion**

We acknowledge DPW's efforts to review and revise procedures to ensure proper eligibility determinations are made. During our next audit we will examine the implementation of DPW's additional procedures, including the Workload Dashboard and Data Exchange Targeting Enhancements, to determine whether or not those procedures address the deficiencies noted in this report.

It is clear that the procedures in place during the audit period and those referred to in management's response were not adequate to ensure proper eligibility determinations were consistently made. It is also clear that payments to managed care organizations or medical providers on behalf of recipients did not cease when some recipients were no longer eligible.

## ***Audit Report Distribution List***

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This report was originally distributed to the following:

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