# PROPEL CHARTER SCHOOL-EAST ALLEGHENY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA PERFORMANCE AUDIT REPORT

DECEMBER 2012



#### Commonwealth of Pennsylvania Department of the Auditor General Harrisburg, Pennsylvania 17120-0018

JACK WAGNER AUDITOR GENERAL

The Honorable Tom Corbett Governor Commonwealth of Pennsylvania Harrisburg, Pennsylvania 17120 Mr. Patrick Kenny, Board President Propel Charter School-East 3447 East Carson Street, Suite 200 Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania 15203

Dear Governor Corbett and Mr. Kenny:

We conducted a performance audit of the Propel Charter School-East (Charter School) to determine its compliance with applicable state laws, contracts, grant requirements, and administrative procedures. Our audit covered the period November 6, 2007 through December 23, 2010, except as otherwise indicated in the report. Additionally, compliance specific to state subsidy and reimbursements was determined for the school years ended June 30, 2010, 2009, 2008, and 2007. Our audit was conducted pursuant to 72 P.S. § 403 and in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Our audit found that the Charter School complied, in all significant respects, with applicable state laws, contracts, grant requirements, and administrative procedures.

We appreciate the Charter School's cooperation during the conduct of the audit.

Sincerely,

/s/ JACK WAGNER Auditor General

December 20, 2012

cc: PROPEL CHARTER SCHOOL-EAST Board of Trustees



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## **Executive Summary**

#### **Audit Work**

The Pennsylvania Department of the Auditor General conducted a performance audit of the Propel Charter School-East (Charter School). Our audit sought to answer certain questions regarding the Charter School's compliance with applicable state laws, contracts, grant requirements, and administrative procedures.

Our audit scope covered the period November 6, 2007 through December 23, 2010, except as otherwise indicated in the audit scope, objectives, and methodology section of the report. Compliance specific to state subsidy and reimbursements was determined for school years 2009-10, 2008-09, 2007-08, and 2006-07.

#### **Charter School Background**

The Charter School, located in Allegheny County, Pennsylvania opened in August 2005. It was originally chartered on August 2, 2005, for a period of five years by the Woodland Hills and Penn Hills school districts. The Charter School's mission states, "[The Charter School seeks] to develop academically young men and women who are poised, curious and disciplined; upstanding individuals who will be effective members of a community. Propel graduates will be great readers, writers and problem solvers, knowledgeable, confident in themselves, ready and eager to impact their communities; benefitting themselves, their neighborhoods, and our region." During the 2009-10 school year, the Charter School provided educational services to 342 pupils from 10 sending

school districts through the employment of 28 teachers, 14 full-time and part-time support personnel, and 2 administrators. The Charter School received approximately \$195,000 in tuition payments from school districts required to pay for their students attending the Charter School in school year 2009-10.

#### **Adequate Yearly Progress**

The Charter School made Adequate Yearly Progress (AYP) for the 2009-10 school year by meeting all AYP measures.

AYP is a key measure of school performance established by the federal No Child Left Behind Act (NCLB) of 2001 requiring that all students reach proficiency in Reading and Math by 2014. For a school to meet AYP measures, students in the school must meet goals or targets in three areas: (1) Attendance (for schools that do not have a graduating class) or Graduation (for schools that have a high school graduating class), (2) Academic Performance, which is based on tested students' performance on the Pennsylvania System of School Assessment (PSSA), and (3) Test Participation, which is based on the number of students that participate in the PSSA. Schools are evaluated for test performance and test participation for all students in the tested grades (3-8 and 11) in the school. AYP measures determine whether a school is making sufficient annual progress towards the goal of 100 percent proficiency by 2014.

## **Audit Conclusion and Results**

Our audit found that the Charter School complied, in all significant respects, with applicable state laws, contracts, grant requirements, and administrative procedures. We report no findings or observations in this report.

Status of Prior Audit Findings and Observations. There were no findings or observations included in our prior audit report.

## **Background Information on Pennsylvania Charter Schools**

Description of Pennsylvania Charter Schools:

Charter and cyber charter schools are taxpayer-funded public schools, just like traditional public schools. There is no additional cost to the student associated with attending a charter or cyber charter school. Charter and cyber charter schools operate free from many educational mandates, except for those concerning nondiscrimination, health and safety, and accountability.

Pennsylvania ranks high compared to other states in the number of charter schools:

According to the Center for Education Reform, Pennsylvania has the 7<sup>th</sup> highest charter school student enrollment, and the 10<sup>th</sup> largest number of operating charter schools, in the United States.

Source: "National Charter School and Enrollment Statistics 2010." October, 2010.

## Pennsylvania Charter School Law

Pennsylvania's charter schools were established by the Charter School Law (Law), enacted through Act 22 of 1997, as amended. In the preamble of the Law, the General Assembly stated its intent to provide teachers, parents, students, and community members with the opportunity to establish schools that were independent of the existing school district structure. In addition, the preamble provides that charter schools are intended to, among other things, improve student learning, encourage the use of different and innovative teaching methods, and offer parents and students expanded educational choices. 2

The Law permits the establishment of charter schools by a variety of persons and entities, including, among others, an individual; a parent or guardian of a student who will attend the school; any nonsectarian corporation not-for-profit; and any nonsectarian college, university or museum. Applications must be submitted to the local school board where the charter school will be located by November 15 of the school year preceding the school year in which the school will be established,<sup>4</sup> and that board must hold at least one public hearing before approving or rejecting the application.<sup>5</sup> If the local school board denies the application, the applicant can appeal the decision to the State Charter School Appeal Board, 6 which is comprised of the Secretary of Education and six members appointed by the Governor with the consent of a majority of all of the members of the Senate.<sup>7</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> 24 P.S. § 17-1702-A.

 $<sup>^{2}</sup>$  Id

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> 24 P.S. § 17-1717-A (a).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> *Id.* § 17-1717-A (c).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> *Id.* § 17-1717-A (d).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> *Id.* § 17-1717-A (f).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> 24 P.S. § 17-1721-A (a).

With certain exceptions for charter schools within the School District of Philadelphia, initial charters are valid for a period of no less than three years and no more than five years. After that, the local school board can choose to renew a school's charter every five years, based on a variety of information, such as the charter school's most recent annual report, financial audits and standardized test scores. The board can immediately revoke a charter if the school has endangered the health and welfare of its students and/or faculty. However, under those circumstances, the board must hold a public hearing on the issue before it makes its final decision.

Act 88 of 2002 amended the Law to distinguish cyber charter schools, which conduct a significant portion of their curriculum and instruction through the Internet or other electronic means, from brick-and-mortar charter schools that operate in buildings similar to school districts. 10 Unlike brick-and-mortar charter schools, cyber charter schools must submit their application to the Pennsylvania Department of Education (PDE), which determines whether the application for a charter should be granted or denied. 11 However, if PDE denies the application, the applicant can still appeal the decision to the State Charter School Appeal Board. 12 In addition, PDE is responsible for renewing and revoking the charters of cyber charter schools. 13 Cyber charter schools that had their charter initially approved by a local school district prior to August 15, 2002, must seek renewal of their charter from PDE.<sup>14</sup>

#### **Pennsylvania Charter School Funding**

The Commonwealth bases the funding for charter schools on the principle that the state's subsidies should follow the students, regardless of whether they choose to attend traditional public schools or charter schools. According to the Charter School Law, the sending school district must pay the charter/cyber charter school a per-pupil tuition rate based on its own budgeted costs, minus specified

Funding of Pennsylvania Charter Schools:

Brick-and mortar charter schools and cyber charter schools are funded in the same manner, which is primarily through tuition payments made by school districts for students who have transferred to a charter or cyber charter school.

The Charter School Law requires a school district to pay a per-pupil tuition rate for its students attending a charter or cyber charter school.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> 24 P.S. § 17-1720-A.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> Pennsylvania Department of Education, Basic Education Circular, "Charter Schools," Issued 10/1/2004.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> 24 P.S. §§ 17-1703-A, 17-1741-A et seq.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup> 24 P.S. § 17-1745-A(d).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>12</sup> *Id.* § 17-1745-A(f)(4).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>13</sup> 24 P.S. § 17-1741-A(a)(3).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>14</sup> 24 P.S. § 17-1750-A(e).

expenditures, for the prior school year. <sup>15</sup> For special education students, the same funding formula applies, plus an additional per-pupil amount based upon the sending district's special education expenditures divided by a state-determined percentage specific to the 1996-97 school year. <sup>16</sup> The Charter School Law also requires that charter schools bill each sending school district on a monthly basis for students attending the charter school. <sup>17</sup>

Typically, charter schools provide educational services to students from multiple school districts throughout the Commonwealth. For example, a charter school may receive students from ten neighboring, but different, sending school districts. Moreover, students from numerous districts across Pennsylvania attend cyber charter schools.

Under the Public School Code of 1949, as amended, the Commonwealth also pays a reimbursement to each sending school district with students attending a charter school that amounts to a mandatory percentage rate of total charter school costs. Commonwealth reimbursements for charter school costs are funded through an education appropriation in the state's annual budget. However, the enacted state budget for the 2011-12 fiscal year eliminated funding of the charter school reimbursement previously paid to sending school districts.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>15</sup> See 24 P.S. § 17-1725-A(a)(2).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>16</sup> See Id. §§ 17-1725-A(a)(3), 25-2509.5(k).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>17</sup> See 24 P.S. § 17-1725-A(a)(5).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>18</sup> See 24 P.S. § 25-2591.1. Please note that this provision is contained in the general funding provisions of the Public School Code and not in the Charter School Law.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>19</sup> Please note that the general funding provision referenced above (24 P.S. § 25-2591.1) has not been repealed from the Public School Code and states the following, "For the fiscal year 2003-2004 and each fiscal year thereafter, if insufficient funds are appropriated to make Commonwealth payments pursuant to this section, such payments shall be made on a pro rata basis." Therefore, it appears that state funding could be restored in future years.

## Audit Scope, Objectives, and Methodology

#### Scope

What is a school performance audit?

School performance audits allow the Department of the Auditor General to determine whether state funds, including school subsidies, are being used according to the purposes and guidelines that govern the use of those funds. Additionally, our audits examine the appropriateness of certain administrative and operational practices at each Local Education Agency (LEA). The results of these audits are shared with LEA management, the Governor, the Pennsylvania Department of Education, and other concerned entities.

#### **Objectives**

What is the difference between a finding and an observation?

Our performance audits may contain findings and/or observations related to our audit objectives. Findings describe noncompliance with a statute, regulation, policy, contract, grant requirement, or administrative procedure. Observations are reported when we believe corrective action should be taken to remedy a potential problem not rising to the level of noncompliance with specific criteria.

Our audit, conducted under the authority of 72 P.S. § 403, is not a substitute for the local annual audit required by the Public School Code of 1949, as amended. We conducted our audit in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Our audit covered the period November 6, 2007 through December 23, 2010, except for the verification of professional employee certification which was performed for the period July 1, 2007 through June 30, 2010.

Regarding state subsidy and reimbursements, our audit covered school years 2009-10, 2008-09, 2007-08, and 2006-07.

For the purposes of our audit work and to be consistent with Pennsylvania Department of Education (PDE) reporting guidelines, we use the term school year rather than fiscal year throughout this report. A school year covers the period July 1 to June 30.

Performance audits draw conclusions based on an evaluation of sufficient, appropriate evidence. Evidence is measured against criteria, such as laws and defined business practices. Our audit focused on assessing the Charter School's compliance with applicable state laws, contracts, grant requirements, and administrative procedures. However, as we conducted our audit procedures, we sought to determine answers to the following questions, which serve as our audit objectives:

- ✓ Was the Charter School in overall compliance with the Public School Code of 1949<sup>20</sup> (PSC) and the Charter School Law<sup>21</sup> (Law)?
- ✓ Did the Charter School have policies and procedures regarding the requirements to maintain student health records and perform required heath services, and keep accurate documentation supporting its annual health

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>20</sup> 24 P.S. § 1-101 et seq.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>21</sup> 24 P.S. § 17-1701-A et seq.

- services report filed with the Department of Health to receive state reimbursement?
- ✓ Did the Charter School receive state reimbursement for its building lease under the Charter School Lease Reimbursement Program, was its lease agreement approved by its board of trustees, and did its lease process comply with the provisions of the Public Official and Employee Ethics Act?<sup>22</sup>
- ✓ Did the Charter School comply with the open enrollment and lottery provisions of the Law?
- ✓ Does the Charter School provide the services required for its special education students through outside agencies and/or through properly certified professional staff with the required instructional hours and/or training?
- ✓ Did the Charter School board of trustees and administrators, and the chartering school board members comply with the PSC, the Public Official and Employee Ethics Act, and the Sunshine Act?
- ✓ Were at least 75 percent of the Charter School's teachers properly certified and did all of its noncertified teachers meet the "highly qualified teacher" requirements?
- ✓ Did the Charter School require its noncertified professional employees to provide evidence that they are at least 18 years of age, a U.S. citizen, and certified by a licensed Pennsylvania physician to be neither mentally nor physically disqualified from successful performance of the duties of a professional employee of the charter school?
- ✓ Did the Charter School accurately report its membership numbers to PDE and were its average daily membership and tuition billings accurate?
- Did the Charter School comply with the Law's compulsory attendance provisions and, if not, did the charter school remove days in excess of ten

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>22</sup> 65 Pa.C.S. § 1101 et seq.

- consecutive unexcused absences from the Charter School's reported membership totals pursuant to the regulations?<sup>23</sup>
- ✓ Did the Charter School take appropriate steps to ensure school safety?
- ✓ Did the Charter School require that all of its employees enroll in the Public School Employees' Retirement System at the time of filing its charter school application as required by the Law, unless the board of trustees had a retirement plan that covered the employees or the employees were already enrolled in another retirement program?
- ✓ Did the Charter School use an outside vendor to maintain its membership data and, if so, are internal controls in place related to vendor access?
- ✓ Were there any other areas of concern reported by local auditors, citizens, or other interested parties which warrant further attention during our audit?

Government Auditing Standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain sufficient, appropriate evidence to provide a reasonable basis for our findings, observations, and conclusions based on our audit objectives. We believe that the evidence obtained provides a reasonable basis for our findings, observations and conclusions based on our audit objectives.

Charter School management is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal controls to provide reasonable assurance that the Charter School is in compliance with applicable laws, contracts, grant requirements, and administrative procedures. Within the context of our audit objectives, we obtained an understanding of internal controls and assessed whether those controls were properly designed and implemented.

Any significant deficiencies found during the audit are included in this report.

## Methodology

What are internal controls?

Internal controls are processes designed by management to provide reasonable assurance of achieving objectives in areas such as:

- Effectiveness and efficiency of operations:
- Relevance and reliability of operational and financial information;
- Compliance with applicable laws, contracts, grant requirements, and administrative procedures.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>23</sup> 22 Pa. Code § 11.24.

#### Our audit examined the following:

- Records pertaining to professional employee certification, state ethics compliance, student health services, special education, lease agreements, open enrollment, vendor contracts, and student enrollment.
- Items such as board of trustees' meeting minutes, pupil membership records, IRS 990 forms, and reimbursement applications.
- Tuition receipts and deposited state funds.

Additionally, we interviewed selected administrators and support personnel associated with Charter School operations.

# **Findings and Observations**

For the audited period, our audit of the Propel Charter School-East resulted in no findings or observations.

# **Status of Prior Audit Findings and Observations**

Our prior audit of the Propel Charter School-East resulted in no findings or observations.



## **Distribution List**

This report was initially distributed to the chief executive officer of the charter school, the board of trustees, our website address at www.auditorgen.state.pa.us, and the following:

The Honorable Tom Corbett Governor Commonwealth of Pennsylvania Harrisburg, PA 17120

The Honorable Ronald J. Tomalis Secretary of Education 1010 Harristown Building #2 333 Market Street Harrisburg, PA 17126

The Honorable Robert M. McCord State Treasurer Room 129 - Finance Building Harrisburg, PA 17120

Ms. Nichole Duffy
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4th Floor, 333 Market Street
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Dr. David Wazeter Research Manager Pennsylvania State Education Association 400 North Third Street - Box 1724 Harrisburg, PA 17105

Mr. Tom Templeton Assistant Executive Director School Board and Management Services Pennsylvania School Boards Association P.O. Box 2042 Mechanicsburg, PA 17055 Ms. Marlene Kanuck Attention: Charter and Cyber Charter Schools Pennsylvania Department of Education 333 Market Street, 8th Floor Harrisburg, PA 17126

Dr. Walter Calinger, Superintendent Woodland Hills School District 2430 Greensburg Pike Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania 15221

Ms. Marilyn Messina, Board President Woodland Hills School District 2430 Greensburg Pike Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania 15221

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Mr. Carl Barbarino, Board President Penn Hills School District 260 Aster Street Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania 15235 This report is a matter of public record. Copies of this report may be obtained from the Pennsylvania Department of the Auditor General, Office of Communications, 318 Finance Building, Harrisburg, PA 17120. If you have any questions regarding this report or any other matter, you may contact the Department of the Auditor General by accessing our website at www.auditorgen.state.pa.us.

